

Problem G

ROUND AND ROUND MAZE

You have been blindfolded and brought to a strange complex of mazes. Each maze is divided in squares, each one with a strange circular plate with arrows on it. The start of each maze is on the upper left corner and the exit is always on the bottom right. The following figure shows an example maze:

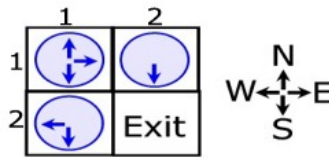


Figure 1: An example maze

During a single time unit you can go from a square to one of the four adjacent squares. But you can only follow the directions that the arrows on your current square point. Trying to do other thing will get you killed. Each time you pass from one square to another, all plates rotate 90 degrees in clockwise direction, changing the way the maze looks. Is it possible to get to the exit? And what is the best and fastest way to do that?

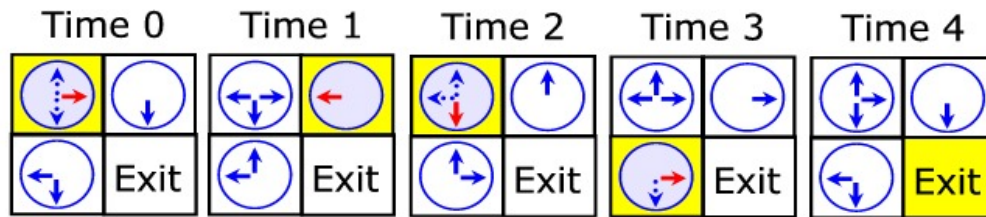


Figure 2: The quickest path to get out of the example maze

Problem

Given a particular maze in the conditions described above, your task is to discover how much time does it take the quickest path from the upper left corner to the bottom right corner (the exit). You must also discover if that is not possible.

Input

The input will start with a single line containing two numbers separated by a single space: R and C indicating respectively the number of rows and columns of the maze ($2 \leq R, C \leq 500$).

Then there are exactly $(R \cdot C) - 1$ lines indicating in which directions are the arrows of each square pointing. These lines are given in a specific order, starting from the north to the south, and from the west to the east. This is, if we use the notation (row,column), the lines are given in the order (1,1),(1,2),..., (1,C),(2,1),..., (2,N),..., (R,1),..., (R,C-1). The bottom right corner (R,C) is not given, since it is always the exit.

Each of these lines contains a single string of length one to four chars, indicating the arrows of the plate on time 0. The chars belong to the set N,S,W,E and represent respectively an arrow pointing

to North, South, West and East. See example input 1 for a representation of the example maze given in figure 1. There will not be repeated chars on the same line and the chars can appear in any order.

Output

The output should contain a single line with an integer that represents the time taken by the quickest path from the start (always square (1,1)) to the exit (always (R,C)). Remember that the plates always rotate when you change your current square (therefore it does not help to stay on the same place waiting for a rotation - it won't happen!) and you can only follow the directions that the arrows point on the present time you are on that square.

If there is no path from the start to the exit you should print "no path to exit".

Sample Input 1

```
2 2
NES
S
WS
```

Sample Output 1

```
4
```

Sample Input 2

```
3 2
NSWE
SW
SEW
NEW
SN
```

Sample Output 2

```
no path to exit
```

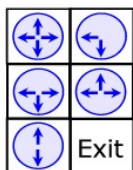


Figure 3: The maze of the sample input 2