

AN APPLIED MATERIALS COMPANY

NEMA| GFX Extensions

Vector Graphics

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1 Overview

NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions (VG Extensions) is a set of software extensions to accelerate vector graphics applications on NEMA| pico. It offers a minimal yet powerful set of API calls that work with NEMA| GFX as depicted in Figure 1. By taking advantage of NEMA| GFX, the VG extensions are able to perform the necessary vector graphics operations such as geometry tessellation, bezier curve rasterization, stencil and masking and many more, providing minimum memory footprint along with true hardware acceleration, as NEMA| pico is utilized for rendering the desired context.

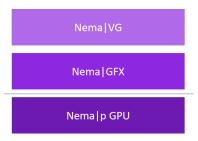


Figure 1: NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions

The following sections contain:

- fundamental concepts on vector graphics and how these concepts are embodied in NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions
- a simple example that can be considered as the "Hello World" of NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions
- some utilities that can simplify VG applications significantly

A detailed API documentation of NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions is included in the last section of this document.



2 Basic Concepts

This section contains fundamental concepts on vector graphics. These concepts are in the core of NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions and their basic understanding will help to better utilize NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions.

2.1 Vector vs Raster Graphics

Raster graphics elements are described by rectangular grids of pixels that have fixed resolution (width and height). In contrast to this concept, vector graphics elements consist of sets of points that are connected by lines and curves described by mathematical formulas. The connected points form a path. The main advantage of vector over raster graphics is in scaling up or down, where there is no aliasing (Figure 2).



Figure 2: Zoom-in, vector vs raster graphics

Furthermore, a raster element requires the storage of all its pixels, occupying a memory area with size: width x height x pixel_size. The higher the resolution of an image the more memory it requires in order to be stored. On the other hand, storing a vector element in memory requires always the same amount of memory regardless the resolution. Since a vector element is described by points and mathematical equations, storing it can frequently be more memory efficient than storing individual pixels, even for relatively small resolutions. However, this approach has the cost of computing the points based on their connecting curves for the rendering scene. This requires processing power as the necessary computations need to be performed either on the CPU or on a hardware accelerator.

2.2 Path

Vectors consist of one or more points (vertices). When the points of a vector element are connected, they form a path. The path could either be a fill path where the inside of the geometry will be drawn or a stroke path where the outline of the geometry will



be drawn. In NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions, the fill path needs always to be a closed geometry. The simplest way to connect two points is by connecting them using a straight line. NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions support path segments that are described by:

- A straight line
- A closed polygon (series of straight lines connected in closed geometry)
- An open polyline (series of straight lines connected in open geometry)
- A quadratic Bezier curve (one control point)
- A smooth quadratic Bezier curve (one control point)
- A cubic Bezier curve (two control points)
- A smooth cubic Bezier curve (two control points)
- An elliptical arc (three control points)

Bezier curves are parametric curves defined by the end points and the control points. The quadratic and cubic Bezier curves that are supported by NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions are depicted in Figure 3 and Figure 4 respectively.

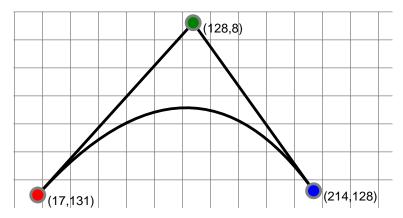


Figure 3: Quadratic Bezier curve (two end points and one control point)



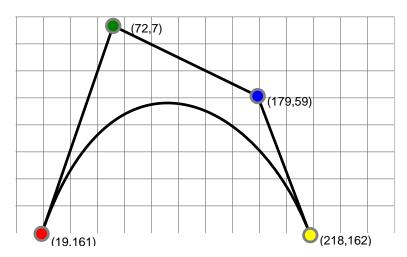


Figure 4: Cubic Bezier curve (two end points and two control points)

With Bezier curves, you can specify the end and control points. The curve that connects the two end points is derived based on them.

Smooth control points for cubic and quadratic Bezier are calculated with the following formulas:

1. When a Bezier segment follows a previous Bezier segment, the following equation is used:

$$x1 = 2 * ox - px$$

 $y1 = 2 * oy - py$

where x1,y1 is the new control point, ox,oy is the previous data point and px,py is the previous control point.

2. In any other case:

```
x1 = ox

y1 = oy
```

In NEMA| GFX VG, the shape that a path defines is stored inside a vertex buffer which is created implicitly using the function:

```
void nema_vg_path_set_shape(nema_vg_path_t* path, int seg_size, uint8_t* seg, int da►
ta_size, nema_vg_float_t* data);
```

Elliptical arc segments join a pair of points with a section of an ellipse with given horizontal and vertical axes and a rotation angle (in degrees). Given these control points, there are four possible arcs distinguished by their direction around the ellipse (clockwise or



counter-clockwise) and whether they take the smaller or larger path around the ellipse. Figure 5 shows the two possible ellipses.

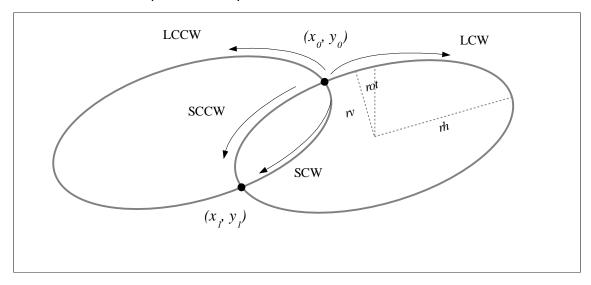


Figure 5: Elliptical Arcs

Note: All the above segments support also relative coordinates.

seg_size segments with respective data (eg. segment points) are added to path. NE-MA| GFX VG currently supports the following path segments:

- NEMA VG PRIM MOVE (start segment)
- NEMA VG PRIM CLOSE (end segment)
- NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE (straight line)
- NEMA VG PRIM HLINE (horizontal line)
- NEMA VG PRIM VLINE (vertical line)
- NEMA VG PRIM POLYGON (closed shape polygon)
- NEMA VG PRIM POLYGON REL (relative closed shape polygon)
- NEMA VG PRIM POLYLINE (open shape polyline)
- NEMA VG PRIM POLYLINE REL (relative open shape polyline)
- NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER QUAD (quadratic Bezier curve)
- NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER CUBIC (cubic Bezier curve)
- NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER SQUAD (smooth quadratic Bezier curve)
- NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER SCUBIC (smooth cubic Bezier curve)
- NEMA VG PRIM MOVE REL (relative start segment)
- NEMA VG PRIM LINE REL (relative straight line)
- NEMA VG PRIM HLINE REL (relative horizontal line)

^{*} OpenVG Specification version 1.1 document



- NEMA VG PRIM VLINE REL (relative vertical line)
- NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER QUAD REL (relative quadratic Bezier curve)
- NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER CUBIC REL (relative cubic Bezier curve)
- NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER SQUAD REL (relative smooth quadratic Bezier curve)
- NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER SCUBIC REL (relative smooth cubic Bezier curve)
- NEMA VG PRIM SCCWARC (small counter-clockwise arc)
- NEMA VG PRIM SCWARC (small clockwise arc)
- NEMA VG PRIM LCCWARC (large counter-clockwise arc)
- NEMA VG PRIM LCWARC (large clockwise arc)
- NEMA VG PRIM SCCWARC REL (relative small counter-clockwise arc)
- NEMA VG PRIM SCWARC REL (relative small clockwise arc)
- NEMA VG PRIM LCCWARC REL (relative large counter-clockwise arc)
- NEMA VG PRIM LCWARC REL (relative large clockwise arc)

The first segment of a path should be NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE which indicates the start of a path. If the first segment is not a NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE segment, the path will begin from point (0, 0). Similarly, the last segment should be NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE. If the last segment is not a NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE segment, the path will close implicitly using a straight line to the start point. Relative path segments imply that the data of the current segment (control and end point vertices), are relative to the previous path.

Each of the segments mention earlier is related to its data (eg. coordinate points (x, y)). The following table summarizes the data count that each segment needs to have in order to be valid.

Segment	Data count
NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE	0 (no data)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE	2 (x,y start point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE	2 (x,y end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE	1 (x end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE	1 (y end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD	4 (x,y end point - x,y control point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC	6 (x,y end point - x,y control point 0 - x,y control point 1)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD	2 (x,y end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC	4 (x,y end point - x,y control point 0)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC	5 (rx - ry - rotation - x,y end point)



NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON	variable (a number denoting the polygon points, followed by the x,y coordinates of the points)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE	variable (a number denoting the polyline points, followed by the x,y coordinates of the points)

Note: When defining polygon or polyline segments with the $me-ma_vg_path_set_shape()$ function, the provided data consist of the coordinate points of the segments (array of floats).

A path (consecutive segments that form a closed curve), can then be set to a path object using the function:

```
void nema_vg_path_set_shape(nema_vg_path_t* path, int seg_size, uint8_t* seg, int da-
ta_size, nema_vg_float_t* data);
```

Furthermore, a path can be transformed using a transformation matrix. Affine transformations (3x3 matrices) are currently supported. The following function is used to set the transformation matrix of a path (arguments are omitted):

```
void nema_vg_path_set_matrix();
```

2.2.1 Stroke

When stroking a path some additional features can be set such as join style, cap style, stroke width, miter limit, dash pattern and dash phase. NEMA| GFX VG provides the following functions for setting the stroke features.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_width(float width);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_cap_style(uint8_t start_cap_style, uint8_t end_cap_style);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_join_style(uint8_t join_style);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_miter_limit(float miter_limit);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_pattern(float* dash_pattern, size_t dash_pattern_size);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_phase(float dash_phase);
void nema_vg_stroke_reset_dash_phase(uint8_t enable);
```

Figure 6 contains stroked paths with various join/cap styles and stroke width set to 20 and Figure 7 contains stroked paths with dash features



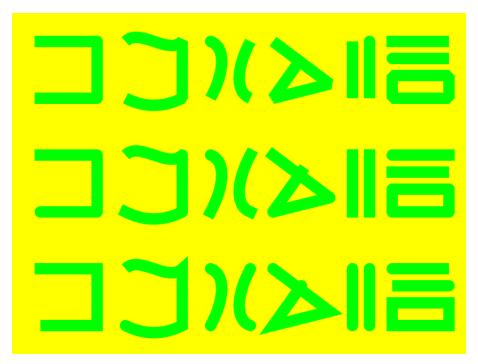


Figure 6: Examples of stroked paths

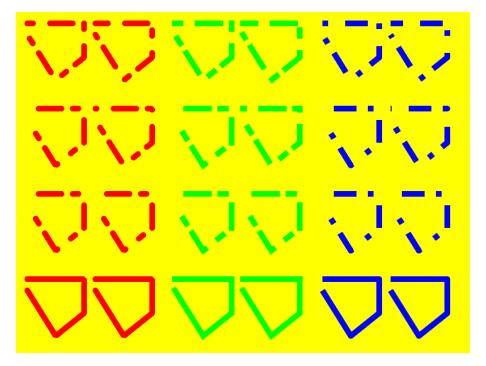


Figure 7: Examples of stroked dashed paths



2.2.1.1 Caps

The caps are applied at the beggining and end of a path. A path can have different end cap and start cap. The cap styles currently supported by NEMA| GFX VG are:

NEMA VG CAP BUTT

appends nothing to the path end/start

NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND

appends a semicircle to the path end/start with radius equal to half the stroke length

NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE

appends a rectangle to the path end/start with width equal to stroke length and height equal to half the stroke length

The default value of the end/start cap style is NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT. Figure 8 highlights the caps of the geometry of the fifth column of Figure 6



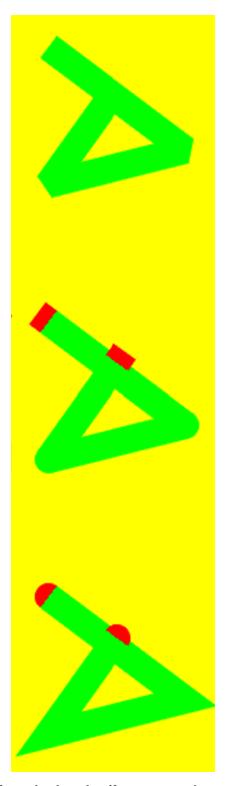


Figure 8: Examples of caps of stroked paths (from top to bottom Butt, Square, Round caps)



2.2.1.2 Joins

The joins are applied between a pair of segments. The join styles currently supported by NEMA| GFX VG are:

NEMA VG JOIN BEVEL

appends a triangle with two vertices at the outer endpoints of the segments and a third vertex at the intersection of the two segments.

NEMA VG JOIN MITER

appends a quadrilateral with one vertex at the intersection of the two segments, two adjacent vertices at the outer endpoints and a fourth vertex at the extrapolated intersection point of the outer endpoints

NEMA VG JOIN ROUND

appends a wedge-shaped portion of a circle with radius equal to half the stroke width and centered at the intersection of the two segments

Miter join has an additional feature called miter limit. When the miter limit is set, the miter length of the two segments (the length between the two intersection points of the two segments) is compared to the product of the user-set miter limit and the stroke width. If the miter length exceeds this product the Miter join is not drawn but it is substituted by a Bevel join. The default value of the miter limit is 4.

The default value of the join style is NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL. Figure 9 highlights the joins of the geometry of the fifth column of Figure 6



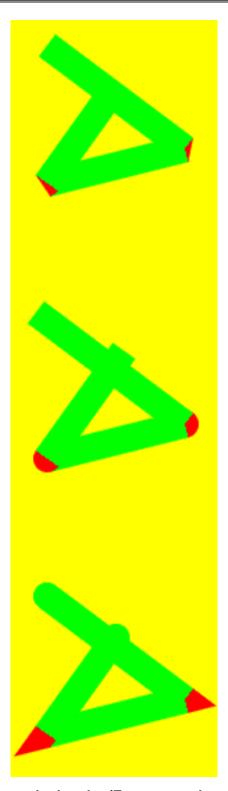


Figure 9: Examples of joins in stroked paths (From top to bottom Bevel, Round, Miter joins)



2.2.2 Predefined Shapes

It is possible with the use of primitive path drawing functions to draw any shape at all, however complicated. In addition, NEMA| GFX VG provides functions for drawing some common predefined shapes. These shape drawing functions are optimized for speed.

The supported predefined shapes include rectangles, ellipses, circles and rings. The following are the functions used for creating these shapes:

Figure 10 contains shapes drawn with these functions. Beginning from top to bottom, there are examples with solid fill, gradient fill, conical fill, radial gradient fill, and texture fill.



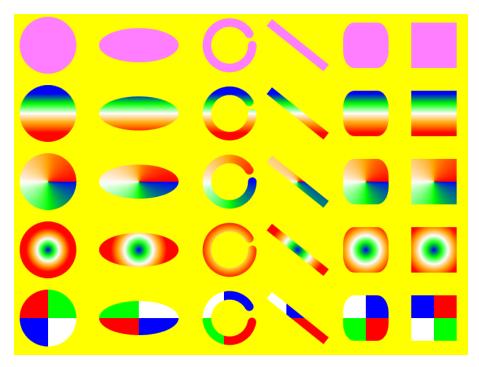


Figure 10: Examples of drawn predefined shapes

2.2.3 Fonts

NEMA| GFX VG supports text rendering using vector fonts. A vector font asset can be created using the off-line tool $nema_vg_font_convert$. This tool takes as input a True-Type (TTF) file and converts it to structs that can be used in NEMA| GFX VG. By converting a TTF file using $nema_vg_font_convert$ tool, two files will be created; a header file (.h) which contains the declaration of the font struct, while the source file (.c) contains the definition of the font structs and its sub-components. The source file contains information regarding each character that is included in the font. Characters in vector fonts are described by closed paths, therefore the NEMA| GFX VG font structs keep the path information (segments and data) of all the included characters.

Prior to drawing text, NEMA| GFX VG library needs to have a valid bound font. A font can be bound using the following function:

```
void nema vg bind font(nema vg font t *font);
```

The desired font size can be set afterwards using:

```
void nema_vg_set_font_size(float size);
  void nema_vg_bind_font(nema_vg_font_t *font);
```



After the font is bound in the library and its size has been set, text can be rendered using nema_vg_print() function:

```
void nema_vg_print(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, const char *str, float x, float y,
  float w, float h, uint32_t align, nema_matrix3x3_t m);
```

The above function takes as arguments the paint object (more details in Paint) that contains information about how the text should be rendered (eg. fill with a single color, fill with gradient, outlines etc.), the text to be rendered, the position and maximum allowed width and height, alignment flag and a transformation matrix. For more information please refer to the documentation of nema_vg_font.h file as described in Vector Graphics API. Figure 11 depicts an example of text drawing using a vector font. The same font is used for drawing all three texts, however different font size and transformation matrix is set to each one.



Figure 11: Text drawing using vector font

In Figure 11, text is rendered as vector paths filled with a singe color. Nevertheless, depending on the setup of the paint object, text can be rendered in many ways as depicted in Figure 12. In this figure, text is rendered using linear gradient on filled paths as well as on stroked paths (letter outlines). Such rendering, requires that the gradient and/or the stroked width respectively, have been setup by the user prior to executing nema_vg_print function.



Gradient on fill Gradient on stroke

Gradient on fill Gradient on stroke

Figure 12: Text drawing using vector font

NEMA| GFX VG has also the option to generate raster fonts from vector fonts at runtime by calling

```
nema_vg_generate_raster_font
```

With this functionality the user can benefit from choosing at runtime different font sizes with one vector font and using faster raster fonts when rendering.

2.2.4 Large Coordinates

As mentioned earlier, the data of a path contain coordinate points. In some configurations, due to hardware limitations, the coordinates of the geometry (path) need to be inside a certain range. Function nema_vg_get_coord_limits() returns the minimum and maximum values of the available range. Paths with coordinates outside of the given range can be handled in the following two ways. The first one is to discard them and do not draw them at all (default option). In this case, calling nema_vg_draw_path() function will return the respective error code (NEMA VG ERR COORDS OUT OF RANGE). The second option, is to clip these paths in order to fit within the available range and then draw the clipped paths. Clipping such paths, requires to create new paths with new segments and vertices and this needs to allocate memory in order to store them. Therefore, the user needs to allocate memory buffers (one for the segments and one for the data). Once these buffers are created, they need to be bound to NEMA GFX VG library. This can be done using nema_vg_bind_clip_coords_buffer(), so that the library can use them internally. Besides, allocating the buffers needed for storing the clipped path, the option for handling large coordinates must be set as well (using nema_vg_handle_large_coords() function). The following code snippet depicts a scenario where a path with large coordinated is clipped:

```
//Allocate memory using nema_host_malloc()
size_t data_size = 1000;
size_t seg_size = 250;
uint8_t* segs = (uint8_t*)(nema_host_malloc(seg_size*sizeof(uint8_t)));
nema_vg_float_t* data = (nema_vg_float_t*)(nema_host_malloc(data_size*sizeof(ne>ma_vg_float_t)));
```



```
uint32_t err = nema_vg_bind_clip_coords_buffer((void*)segs, seg_size, (void*)data,
data_size);

nema_vg_handle_large_coords(1U, 1U); // enable large coordinates handling and in
ternal memory allocation

(void) nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);

nema_vg_unbind_clip_coords_buf();

nema_host_free((void*)segs);
nema_host_free((void*)data);
```

Handling large coordinates is controlled using <code>nema_vg_handle_large_coords()</code> function. Its first argument controls if the large coordinates should be handled. In case this argument is '0', large coordinates will not be handled and respective paths will be discarded and not drawn at all. If this is set to be '1', NEMA| GFX VG will attempt to make use of the bound *clipped coordinates buffers* (allocated by the user). If the clipped path (segments and data) fits inside these buffers, they will be used for storing the clipped path. If however the clipped path does not fit inside these buffers, then the second argument (<code>allow_internal_alloc</code>) is used to control the rendering flow. In this case, if this argument is '0' a path with large coordinates will be discarded. Otherwise, NEMA| GFX VG library will allocate memory internally in order to store the clipped path, draw it and then free the the allocated memory.

Note: The previous snippet uses $nema_host_malloc()$ for memory allocation. It is up to the application level (user) to decide how memory allocations (and deallocations) should be performed (eg. using stack allocated arrays or other memory allocators). The rest of of the drawing functions ($nema_vg_print()$, $nema_vg_draw_tsvg()$ and predefined shapes) behave similarly.

2.3 Paint

Another important concept of vector graphics is the paint object. This is responsible for drawing a path. On each path, the paint object can be applied with certain fill rules in order to determine how the path outline and interior areas will be handled. A paint object in NEMA| GFX VG can be created using the following function:

```
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE nema_vg_paint_create();
```

Once a paint object is created, its type needs to be set. The types that are currently supported by NEMA| GFX VG are:

NEMA VG PAINT COLOR

fills the path's interior with a specific color



NEMA VG PAINT GRAD LINEAR

given two points p0, p1 it fills the interior path from p0 to p1 with linear gradient form p0's color to p1's color

NEMA VG PAINT TEXTURE

fills the path's interior with a texture or a LUT texture. A texture is set with $nema_vg_paint_set_tex()$, and a LUT texture is set with $nema_vg_pain_set_lut_tex()$. The texture orientation can be handled by providing a transformation matrix

NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL

fills the path's interior with radial gradient, based on values of center point, radius, stops, and stops color values

NEMA VG PAINT GRAD CONICAL

fills the path's interior with conical gradient, based on values of center point, stops, and stops color values

Note: The radial gradient feature is available only if the GPU (NEMA| pico) has also this feature enabled.

The type of the paint object can be set using the following function (the arguments are omitted):

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_type();
```

Depending on the paint type set, you may need to set additional parameters. For instance, when the paint object's type is set as NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR, the desired color for the paint object is also required. You can set this by calling nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color(). If this function is not called, the default color (black) will be used.

When using gradient, first you need to create the gradient buffer, by calling nema_vg_grad_create(). Then you need to set the gradient buffer to the desired gradient by calling nema_vg_grad_set(). The values stops color and stops denote the colors to be used in the gradient and where they stop respectively. stops can take float values in the range [0, 1]. By adjusting their value, you can manipulate how the colors are displayed within the gradient. The value 0 is the start (p0 point for linear gradient) or the center (radial or conical gradient) and value 1 is the end (p1 point for linear gradient), the radius point (radial gradient) or 360 degree angle (conical gradient). In case stops values are out of range or in incoherent order, they are omitted and a gradient starting from 0 with black color and ending at 1 with white color will be set. In case stops values exceed NEMA VG PAINT MAX GRAD STOPS, the exceeding values will be ignored.

You also need to set the sampling mode, as it defines how the paint object should behave when the path is outside of the end (linear gradient), radius point (radial) or angle(conical gradient). The above parameters can be set by using the following functions (arguments are omitted):



```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear();
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial();
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_conical();
void nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color();
void nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix();
void nema_vg_paint_set_tex();
void nema_vg_paint_set_lut_tex();
```

2.4 Context

Performing a drawing operation requires various information to be available at drawing time. Such pieces of information are the drawing surface, the stencil buffer, the mask operation (if enabled), the blending mode, a look-up table, the fill rule and the quality level. These are grouped in the context object which is an opaque object to the user. Although that the user can not access this object directly, it is affected by using specific functions described in this section.

Note: Before attempting to perform a draw operation, you need to initialize the NE-MA| GFX VG library first. Initialization takes place using one of the functions void nema_vg_init(int width, int height), void nema_vg_init_stencil_pool(int width, int height, int pool) **or** void nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc(int width, int height, nema_buffer_t stencil_bo). When using nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc, the stencil buffer must have a size of the first multiple of 4 that is equal or bigger than RESX*RESY, where RESX and RESY are the framebuffer dimensions. The stencil buffer can be altered after initialization by calling one of the following functions: nema_vg_bind_stencil, nema_vg_bind_stencil_pool **or** nema_vg_bind_stencil_prealloc. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library it will be deallocated when calling one of the above functions.

You can also provide a global matrix to apply a transformation to the entire geometry. This is done by calling nema_vg_set_global_matrix() with the desired transformation matrix. The feature is deactivated by calling nema_vg_reset_global_matrix().

2.4.1 Error Handling

When an error occurs at runtime, it is recorded in the context object. All possible error codes can be found in Vector Graphics API. The error code can be retrieved using the following function:

```
uint32_t nema_vg_get_error(void);
```

2.4.2 Fill Rules

Path drawing requires the use of a fill rule. The fill rule determines how *paint* is applied to the interior areas of the *path*. NEMA| GFX VG supports the following fill rules:

• NEMA VG STROKE



- NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD
- NEMA VG FILL NON ZERO (default)

The fill rule can be set be running the following function:

```
void nema_vg_set_fill_rule(uint8_t fill_rule);
```

The *stroke* fill rule specifies that only the outline of the path will be drawn. Figure 13 illustrates the difference between the even-odd and the non-zero fill rules:

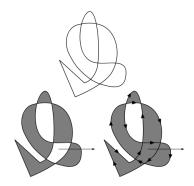


Figure 13: Upper part: path, lower part: even-odd (left), non-zero (right)

Outlines also support variable width, different end/start cap style and join style. Refer to Stroke for further information.



Figure 14: Stroking with width greater than 1 and a bevel join

2.4.3 Rendering Quality and Blending

You can control the rendering quality with the quality modes. These quality modes favor performance over quality or vice versa. The quality modes that are currently supported in NEMA| GFX VG are the following:

NEMA VG QUALITY BETTER

Better rendering quality (default option, balances rendering quality and performance)

[†] Source Wikipedia



NEMA VG QUALITY FASTER

Faster rendering quality (favors performance over rendering quality)

NEMA VG QUALITY MAXIMUM

Maximum rendering quality (favors rendering quality over performance)

NEMA VG QUALITY NON AA

Rendering quality without anti-aliasing

The quality level is controlled by running this function before starting a rendering operation (draw a path):

```
void nema_vg_set_quality(uint8_t quality);
```

Another parameter that affects a rendering operation is the blending mode, which configures the way rendering is done. For example, a path can be blended in the framebuffer or drawn over it. The default blending mode is: NEMA_BL_SRC_OVER. For more information regarding the blending modes, please refer to NEMA | GFX API User Manual. The blending mode can be set using the following function:

```
void nema vg set blend(uint32 t blend);
```

2.4.4 Masking

Masking is an important feature supported in NEMA| GFX VG. A mask object contains the alpha channel (opacity) that will be used for blending a vector object (for example, a path). This is depicted in Figure 15 where the mask object (upper right picture) is applied to the paths (upper left picture) that need to be drawn. The result can be viewed in the bottom part of the figure.

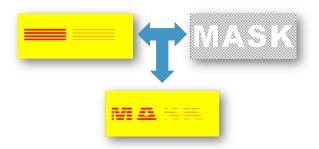


Figure 15: Example of applying a mask object

The mask object is an image object with a color format A1, A2, A4 or A8. When setting a mask object of a different color format, an error code is returned by the $ma_vg_set_mask$ function. This function is used to set the mask object.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_set_mask(nema_img_obj_t *mask_obj);
```



Prior to setting the mask object, the masking parameter of the context needs to be enabled as well. This is performed using the following function:

```
void nema_vg_masking(uint8_t masking);
```

Running this function using 1U value in the masking argument, will enable masking, while using 0U value will dissable it.

Moreover, it is also possible to move the mask object to the area of interest with the following function:

```
void nema_vg_set_mask_translation(float x, float y);
```

2.4.5 Global Transformation

You can provide a global matrix to apply an affine transformation to the entire geometry. This is done by calling: nema_vg_set_global_matrix() with the desired transformation matrix.

By doing so, all subsequent drawing operations will use this matrix. The feature is deactivated by calling nema_vg_reset_global_matrix().

2.5 Memory Allocations

Apart from the functionality of each component (path, paint and object) found in NE-MA| GFX VG that is presented in previous chapters, it is necessary to clarify any implicit memory allocation, so you can easily estimate the necessary memory for a NEMA| GFX VG application and perform any optimizations, if needed.

The NEMA| GFX VG library is initialized by calling one of the following functions:

```
void nema_vg_init(int width, int height);
void nema_vg_init_stencil_pool(int width, int height, int pool)
```

Calling these functions implies some memory allocations. The first one is for the stencil buffer. This buffer is used internally by the library in order to render the specified path. Provided that the biggest possible path that may be encountered in an NEMA| GFX VG application could occupy the full resolution of the framebuffer, the stencil buffer occupies width x height bytes, where width, height is the resolution of the framebuffer.

The second one is for a look-up table. This look-up table is part of the context and is necessary internally, when drawing anti-aliased paths using the non-zero fill rule; it occupies 256 bytes.

NEMA| GFX VG contains a special module used for rendering TSVG formated files (for more information regarding TSVG format, please check *Pixpresso Starting Guide* and



NemaVG TSVG Elements). Calling the initialization functions, the TSVG renderer gets initialized as well. Its initialization implies three memory allocations; for the paint, path and gradient objects that are used internally.

It must be noted that the memory allocations mentioned above, take place at library initialization time and all the occupied memory gets deallocated by deinitializing the library (calling nema_vg_deinit() function).

In addition, large coordinate handling (see Large Coordinates for more information) may allocate memory internally for handling paths with large coordinates, depending on the user preference. This is controlled via $nema_vg_handle_large_coords()$ function. In this case, memory will be deallocated also internally.

Any object created explicitly by the user, using the create functions, (such as nema_vg_path_create, nema_vg_paint_create, or nema_vg_grad_create) need also to be explicitly destroyed using the respective destroy function (for instance nema_vg_path_destroy, nema_vg_paint_destroy, or nema_vg_grad_destroy).



3 Hello NEMA | GFX VG

This section provides a simple application that demonstrates how NEMA| GFX VG Extensions is used in practice. A star-path is created and painted using various configurations (fill rules and paint type) as seen in Figure 16.

The full code for this example can be found under NemaGFX_SDK/examples/NemaVG/paint_example folder. The following chapters provide snippets of this code with relative explanations.

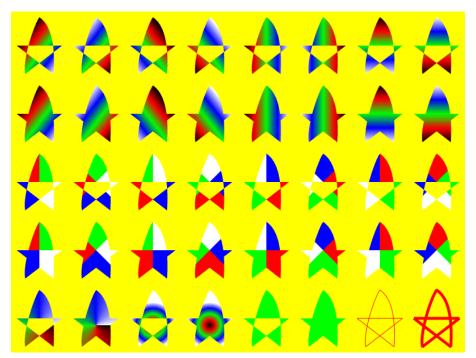


Figure 16: Various paint configurations applied to a star path. Fist row: even-odd fill rule with linear gradient paint, Second row: non-zero fill rule, with linear gradient paint, Third row: even-odd fill rule with a texture paint and different orientation matrices, Fourth row: non-zero fill rule with a texture paint and different orientation matrices, Fifth row: even-odd and non-zero fill rules with conical and radial gradient paint, fill paint and stroke.

3.1 Library Initialization

The program starts by initializing the graphics system (NEMA| GFX library) and display controller. After the NEMA| GFX library is initialized, the memory needed for the frame-buffer is allocated and initialized (function load_objects()). In this example, the frame-buffer is the variable fb. Then a command list is created and bound as the current com-



mand list. The framebuffer is cleared with yellow color, and the clipping rectangle is set. Finally, the VG library is initialized by calling nema_vg_init().

```
//Initialize NemaGFX
if ( nema_init() != 0 ) {
    return -1;
//Initialize NemaDC
if ( nemadc_init() != 0 ) {
    return -2;
load_objects();
                | Pixclock | RESX | FP | SYNC | BP | RESY | FP | SYNC | BP
//Format
//800x600, 60Hz | 40.000
                           | 800 | 40 | 128 | 88 | 600 | 1 | 4
nemadc_timing(800, 40, 128, 88, 600, 1, 4, 23);
nemadc_set_layer(0, &dc_layer);
nema_cmdlist_t cl = nema_cl_create();
nema_cl_bind(&cl);
//clear fb
nema_bind_dst_tex(fb.bo.base_phys, fb.w, fb.h, fb.format, fb.stride);
nema_set_clip(0, 0, RESX, RESY);
nema_clear(nema_rgba(0xff,0xff,0x00,0xff)); //yellow
nema vg init(RESX, RESY);
```

3.2 Application Initialization

After the library initialization, the next step is to create the NEMA| GFX VG objects and configure them properly. The first object is the paint object. After paint is created, its type is set along with the context's fill rule and quality parameters. Then a path object is created with the function nema_vg_path_create(). Path shape is set by nema_vg_path_set_shape(). The matrices that will be used afterwards for transforming the path are defined here as well. Also the gradient buffer is created by calling nema_vg_grad_create().

```
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint = nema_vg_paint_create();
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);

NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path = nema_vg_path_create();
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE gradient = nema_vg_grad_create();
nema_matrix3x3_t m_path;
nema_matrix3x3_t m_paint;
nema_vg_path_set_shape(path, 6, cmds_star, 12, data_star_small);
```



3.3 Draw Operation

Once the NEMA| GFX VG objects are ready, they can be used to perform draw operations. The first step is to draw the triangles as seen in the first row (even-odd fill rule) of Figure 16. The position of each triangle needs to be calculated which means that the path will be translated to the calculated position using a matrix-based transformation. Furthermore, the linear gradient is set. The fill rule needs to be set once, thus it is set outside of the loop. Inside the loop, the position of each triangle is calculated (x_pos and y_pos) and respective matrix is applied to the path. The following snippet summarizes these operations:

```
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
for ( int i = 0; i < 8 ; i++) {
    x_pos= star_dist_x*i;
    y_pos = 0;

    nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
    nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
    nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
    nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear(paint, gradient, grad[i][0] + x_pos, grad[i][1] +
    y_pos, grad[i][2] + x_pos, grad[i][3] + y_pos);
    nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
}</pre>
```

Similarly, the drawing operations for the stars of the second raw (non-zero fill rule) would be as in the next snippet. The same settings, except the vertical position (y_pos) and fill rule (non_zero in this case).

```
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_NON_ZER0);
for ( int i = 0; i < 8 ; i++) {
    x_pos= star_dist_x*i;
    y_pos = star_dist_y;
    nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
    nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
    nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
    nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear(paint, gradient, grad[i][0] + x_pos, grad[i][1] +
    y_pos, grad[i][2] + x_pos, grad[i][3] + y_pos);
    nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
}</pre>
```

Drawing a texture in a path, requires that the paint type as well as the texture will be set accordingly. The next snippet contains the code for drawing the first triangle of the third row. This is a textured path, with even-odd fill rule. The rest of the textured triangles (third and fourth rows) are also drawn in a similar manner.

```
int star_x_off = 10, star_y_off = 50;
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE);
```



```
nema_vg_paint_set_tex(paint, &ref_img);

x_pos = 0;
y_pos = star_dist_y*2;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_paint);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_paint, x_pos + star_x_off, y_pos + star_y_off);
nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix(paint, m_paint);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

Drawing the same path using conical gradient requires that the gradient's parameters are configured accordingly, as depicted in the following snippet:

```
float x_star_center;
float y_star_center;
x_pos = 0.f;
x_star_center = x_pos + star_length/2 + star_x_off;
y_star_center = y_pos + star_height/2 + star_y_off + 12.f;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_CONICAL);
nema_vg_paint_set_grad_conical(paint, gradient, x_star_center, y_star_center, NE►
MA_TEX_CLAMP | NEMA_FILTER_BL);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

The drawing operation for the radial gradient is also performed in a similar manner:

```
x_pos = STAR_DIST_X*2;
x_star_center = x_pos + star_length/2 + star_x_off;
y_star_center = y_pos + star_height/2 + star_y_off + 12.f;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL);
nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial(paint, gradient, x_star_center, y_star_center, star_length/2, NEMA_TEX_CLAMP | NEMA_FILTER_BL);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```



The stops and colors used in the previous cases with gradient (linear, conical and radial) can be configured in the gradient buffer by calling $nema_vg_grad_set()$, as in the following snippet:

A colorized path as it can be seen in the last row of Figure 16, can be drawn similarly, by setting the paint color instead of the texture.

```
int star_x_off = 10, star_y_off = 50;
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE);
nema_vg_paint_set_tex(paint, &ref_img);

x_pos = 0;
y_pos = star_dist_y*2;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_paint);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_paint, x_pos + star_x_off, y_pos + star_y_off);
nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix(paint, m_paint);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

Finally, the outline of a shape can be drawn using two different ways; the first one would be to simply draw the outline using 1 pixel width for the border:

```
x_pos = STAR_DIST_X*6;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_STROKE);
nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color(paint, nema_rgba(0xff, 0x00, 0x000, 0xff)); // red
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```



The second one would be to draw the outline using stroke:

```
x_pos = STAR_DIST_X*7;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_vg_stroke_set_width(paint, 5.f);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

The drawing operations that have been presented in this section are added to the bound command list (for more information about the command lists, please refer to NEMA| GFX Manual). Therefore you must submit the bound command list to the GPU for execution. Otherwise, the framebuffer will not be updated.

3.4 Memory Deallocation

The last part of a NEMA| GFX VG application is to free the occupied memory. The overall flow of a NEMA| GFX VG application requires the creation of the necessary objects (path and paint) and their configuration so that they can perform drawing operations. Subsequently, these objects must be destroyed after they are not necessary anymore for the needs of the application. The following function calls destroy these objects.

```
nema_vg_paint_destroy(paint);
nema_vg_path_destroy(path);
nema_vg_grad_destroy(gradient);
nema_vg_deinit();
```

These will free the memory occupied by the paint object, the path object, the gradient object, and the stencil buffer and look up table (function nema_vg_deinit()) that were created (see Memory Allocations).



4 Vector Graphics API

4.1 Files

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

4.1.1 nema_vg.h File

Core NemaVG API drawing and initialization functions.

```
#include "nema_core.h"
#include "nema_sys_defs.h"
#include "nema_vg_path.h"
#include "nema_vg_paint.h"
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
```

Functions

void nema_vg_init(int width, int height)

Initializes NemaVG library and allocates the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB) Call either this or nema_vg_init_stencil_pool to allocate the stencil buffer to a different memory pool or nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc to provide the stencil buffer.

```
void nema vg init stencil pool(int width, int height, int pool)
```

Initializes NemaVG library and allocate the stencil buffer in a specific memory pool. Call either this or nema_vg_init to allocate the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (NEMA MEM POOL FB) or nema vg init stencil prealloc to provide the stencil buffer.

```
void nema vg init stencil prealloc(int width, int height, nema buffer t stencil bo)
```

Initializes NemaVG library without allocating the stencil buffer which is provided by the user. Call either this or nema_vg_init to allocate the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB) or nema_vg_init_stencil_pool to allocate the stencil buffer to a different memory pool.

void nema vg reinit(void)

Reinitialize NemaVG library after a gpu powerofff.

```
void nema vg deinit(void)
```

Deinitialize NemaVG library. Free memory from implicitly allocated objects (stencil buffer if created inside the library, lut buffer and tsvgs' path, paint and gradient buffers)

void nema vg thread init(void)



Initialize NemaVG library for a new thread. Must be called for every new thread that is used

void nema_vg_bind_stencil(int width, int height)

Binds and allocate the stencil buffer in the default memory pool (NEMA_MEM_POOL_F-B). Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling nema_vg_init or nema_vg_init stencil pool it will be destroyed at this call.

void nema_vg_bind_stencil_pool(int width, int height, int pool)

Binds and allocate the stencil buffer in a specific memory pool. Use this if the frame-buffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling nema_vg_init or nema_vg_init_stencil pool it will be destroyed at this call.

void nema vg bind stencil prealloc(int width, int height, nema buffer t stencil bo)

Binds the stencil buffer which is provided by the user. Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling nema_vg_init or nema_vg_init_stencil_pool it will be destroyed at this call.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_path(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a path using a specified paint object.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_line(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA VG PAINT HANDLE paint)

Draw a line shape.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rect(float x, float y, float width, float height, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a rectangle shape.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rounded_rect(float x, float y, float width, float height, float rx, float ry, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a rounded rectangle shape.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_ellipse(float cx, float cy, float rx, float ry, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a ellipse shape.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_circle(float cx, float cy, float r, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NE-MA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a circle shape.



uint32_t nema_vg_draw_ring(float cx, float cy, float ring_radius, float angle_start, float angle end, NEMA VG PAINT HANDLE paint)

Draw a filled ring shape. The caps follow what cap style is set in nema_vg_set_cap_style. In case of a conical gradient paint type, the conical gradient center should be at the center of the ring(cx, cy). In other case, where the two centers do not match, the ring should be drawn with NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM. The ring width can be set with the paint's stroke width.

void nema_vg_get_coord_limits(float *min_coord, float *max_coord)

Returns the minimum and maximum values for the coordinates after applying the transformation(if any) that can be handled by the underlying hardware. Note that the values before transformation must be within range (-32,767, 32.676) for the hardware to be able to process them.

void nema_vg_tsvg_disable_feature(uint32_t feature)

Disables tsvg features from rendering. Should be set before nema_vg_draw_tsvg()

uint32 t nema vg verify path(NEMA VG PATH HANDLE path)

Verify if path's coordinates contain NaN coordinates. It uses the property of NaN numbers that f!=f. Note that when compiling with optimization flags such as -ffast-math, the compiler might optimize the above condition and thus this function will not report NaN coordinates.

Detailed Description

Core NemaVG API drawing and initialization functions.

Function Documentation

void nema vg bind stencil (int width, int height)

Binds and allocate the stencil buffer in the default memory pool (NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB). Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling nema_vg_init or nema_vg_init_stencil_pool it will be destroyed at this call.

Parameters

Parameter	description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 othat is equal to or greater than framebuffer width



Parameter	description
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 othat is equal to or greater than framebuffer height

void nema_vg_bind_stencil_pool (int width, int height, int pool)

Binds and allocate the stencil buffer in a specific memory pool. Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling nema_vg_init or nema_vg_init_stencil_pool it will be destroyed at this call.

Parameters

Parameter	description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 othat is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 othat is equal to or greater than framebuffer height
pool	Memory pool for allocating the stencil buffer (memory pools are platform specific and defined in nema_sys_defs.h file)

void nema_vg_bind_stencil_prealloc (int width, int height, nema_buffer_t stencil bo)

Binds the stencil buffer which is provided by the user. Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling nema_vg_init or nema_vg_init_stencil_pool it will be destroyed at this call.

Parameters

Parameter	description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 othat is equal to or greater than framebuffer width



Parameter	description
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 othat is equal to or greater than framebuffer height
stencil_bo	stencil buffer

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_circle (float cx, float cy, float r,
nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a circle shape.

Parameters

Parameter	description
сх	The x center of the circle
су	The y center of the circle
r	Radius of the circle
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See NEMA_VG_ERR_* defines in "nema_vg_context.h" header file for the error codes.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_ellipse (float cx, float cy, float rx, float ry, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a ellipse shape.

Parameter	description
сх	The x position of the ellipse



Parameter	description
су	The y position of the ellipse
rx	Radius on the x axis
ry	Radius on the y axis
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See NEMA_VG_ERR_* defines in "nema_vg_context.h" header file for the error codes.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_line (float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a line shape.

Parameters

Parameter	description
x1	Upper left x coordinate
y1	Upper left y coordinate
x2	The width
у2	The height
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See NEMA_VG_ERR_* defines in "nema_vg_context.h" header file for the error codes.



uint32_t nema_vg_draw_path (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a path using a specified paint object.

Parameters

Parameter	description
path	Pointer (handle) to the path that will be drawn
paint	Pointer (handle) to the paint object that wil be used for drawing

Return

Error code. See NEMA_VG_ERR_* defines in "nema_vg_context.h" header file for the error codes.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rect (float x, float y, float width, float height, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a rectangle shape.

Parameters

Parameter	description
х	Upper left x coordinate
У	Upper left y coordinate
width	The width
height	The height
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code



uint32_t nema_vg_draw_ring (float cx, float cy, float ring_radius, float angle_start, float angle_end, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a filled ring shape. The caps follow what cap style is set in nema_vg_set_cap_style. In case of a conical gradient paint type, the conical gradient center should be at the center of the ring(cx, cy). In other case, where the two centers do not match, the ring should be drawn with NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM. The ring width can be set with the paint's stroke width.

Parameters

Parameter	description
сх	The center x coordinate of the ring
су	The center y coordinate of the ring
ring_radius	The radius of the ring
angle_start	The angle in degrees of the ring
angle_end	The angle in degrees that ends this ring
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See NEMA_VG_ERR_* defines in "nema_vg_context.h" header file for the error codes.

uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rounded_rect (float x, float y, float width, float height, float rx, float ry, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Draw a rounded rectangle shape.

Parameter	description
X	Upper left x coordinate
У	Upper left y coordinate



Parameter	description
width	The width
height	The height
rx	Horizontal cornel radius
ry	Vertical cornel radius
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See NEMA_VG_ERR_* defines in "nema_vg_context.h" header file for the error codes.

void nema_vg_get_coord_limits (float * min_coord, float * max_coord)

Returns the minimum and maximum values for the coordinates after applying the transformation(if any) that can be handled by the underlying hardware. Note that the values before transformation must be within range (-32,767, 32.676) for the hardware to be able to process them.

Parameters

Parameter	description
min_coord	Minimum coordinate (x or y) value (pointer)
max_coord	Maximum coordinate (x or y) value (pointer)

void nema vg init (int width, int height)

Initializes NemaVG library and allocates the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB) Call either this or nema_vg_init_stencil_pool to allocate the stencil buffer to a different memory pool or nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc to provide the stencil buffer.



Parameters

Parameter	description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first mupliple of 4 that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first mupliple of 4 that is equal to or greater than framebuffer height

void nema vg init stencil pool (int width, int height, int pool)

Initializes NemaVG library and allocate the stencil buffer in a specific memory pool. Call either this or nema_vg_init to allocate the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB) or nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc to provide the stencil buffer.

Parameters

Parameter	description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first mupliple of 4 that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 othat is equal to or greater than framebuffer height
pool	Memory pool for allocating the stencil buffer (memory pools are platform specific and defined in nema_sys_defs.h file)

void nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc (int width, int height, nema_buffer_t stencil bo)

Initializes NemaVG library without allocating the stencil buffer which is provided by the user. Call either this or nema_vg_init to allocate the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB) or nema_vg_init_stencil_pool to allocate the stencil buffer to a different memory pool.



Parameters

Parameter	description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first mupliple of 4 that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 othat is equal to or greater than framebuffer height
stencil_bo	stencil buffer

void nema_vg_tsvg_disable_feature (uint32_t feature)

Disables tsvg features from rendering. Should be set before nema vg draw tsvg()

Parameters

Parameter	description
feature	feature to be disabled

uint32_t nema_vg_verify_path (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)

Verify if path's coordinates contain NaN coordinates. It uses the property of NaN numbers that f!= f. Note that when compiling with optimization flags such as -ffast-math, the compiler might optimize the above condition and thus this function will not report NaN coordinates.

Parameters

Parameter	description
path	Pointer (handle) to the path

Return

NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_ARGUMENTS if any of the coordinates is NaN otherwise returns NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_ERROR.



4.1.2 nema_vg_context.h File

NemaVG Context interface.

```
#include "nema_graphics.h"
#include "nema_matrix3x3.h"
```

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_HANDLE void*
#define NEMA VG PATH HANDLE NEMA VG HANDLE
#define NEMA VG PAINT HANDLE NEMA VG HANDLE
#define NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE NEMA_VG_HANDLE
#define NEMA VG ERR NO ERROR (0x0000000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_BAD_HANDLE (0x0000001U)
#define NEMA VG ERR BAD BUFFER (0x00000002U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID FILL RULE (0x0000004U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_PAINT_TYPE (0x00000008U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID VERTEX DATA (0x00000010U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_RADIAL_ENABLED (0x00000020U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_BOUND_CL (0x00000040U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID ARGUMENTS (0x00000080U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_ARC_DATA (0x00000100U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_CL_FULL (0x00000200U)
#define NEMA VG ERR DRAW OUT OF BOUNDS (0x00000400U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID MASKING OBJ (0x00000800U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_MASKING_FORMAT (0x00001000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID LUT IDX FORMAT (0x00002000U)
```



```
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_COORDS_OUT_OF_RANGE (0x00004000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR EMPTY TSVG (0x00008000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_BOUND_FONT (0x00010000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR UNSUPPORTED FONT (0x00020000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR NON INVERTIBLE MATRIX (0x00040000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_GRAD_STOPS (0x00080000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR NO INIT (0x00100000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID STROKE WIDTH (0x00200000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID OPACITY (0x00400000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID CAP STYLE (0x00800000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_JOIN_STYLE (0x01000000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID STENCIL SIZE (0x02000000U)
#define NEMA VG ERR DEPRECATED FONT (0x04000000U)
#define NEMA VG FILL DRAW (0x00U)
#define NEMA VG STROKE (0x00U)
#define NEMA VG FILL EVEN ODD (0x01U)
#define NEMA VG FILL NON ZERO (0x02U)
#define NEMA VG QUALITY BETTER (0x00U)
#define NEMA VG QUALITY FASTER (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM (0x02U)
#define NEMA VG QUALITY NON AA (0x10U)
#define NEMA VG CAP BUTT (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND (0x01U)
```



```
#define NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_CAP_MAX (0x03U)
#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL (0x00U)
#define NEMA VG JOIN MITER (0x01U)
#define NEMA VG JOIN ROUND (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_MAX (0x03U)
#define NEMA VG TSVG DISABLE NONE (0x00000000U)
#define NEMA VG TSVG DISABLE CAPS (0x0000001U)
#define NEMA VG TSVG DISABLE JOINS (0x0000002U)
#define NEMA VG TSVG DISABLE DASHING (0x0000003U)
Typedefs
typedef float nema_vg_float_t typedef float nema_vg_float_t
More...
Functions
uint32 t nema vg set global matrix(nema matrix3x3 t m)
  Set the global transformation matrix. Global matrix will be applied in all NemaVG ren-
  dering operations that will follow.
void nema_vg_reset_global_matrix(void)
  Disable the global transformation matrix.
void nema_vg_set_fill_rule(uint8_t fill_rule)
  Set the fill rule that will be applied when rendering a path.
void nema_vg_stroke_set_width(float width)
  Set the stroke width that will be applied when stroking a path.
void nema_vg_stroke_set_cap_style(uint8_t start_cap_style, uint8_t end_cap_style)
  Set stroke cap style.
```

void nema_vg_stroke_set_join_style(uint8_t join_style)



Set stroke join style.

void nema vg stroke set miter limit(float miter limit)

Set stroke miter limit If miter join is chosen and miter length is bigger than the product of miter limit and stroke width a bevel join will be added instead.

void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_pattern(const float *dash_pattern, size_t dash_pattern_size)

Set dash patern. Dashing is enabled when dash size array is bigger than zero. Dash pattern consists of an array of floats that alternate the on and off phase of the dash segments. The first value indicates the first on segment, the second value indicates the first off segment and each subsequent pair indicates the next on-off pair. The dash array size should always be an even number. If odd dash array size is provided, the last element is ignored by the library. Segments of zero length are allowed and only the caps will be drawn on those segments if they are either NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND or NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE. If NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT cap is selected nothing will be drawn.

void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_phase(float dash_phase)

Set dash phase. Indicates the length of the dash pattern that is discarded the first time a subpath is processed. After the dash phase is reached the subsequent path is stroked according to the dash pattern. A negative dash phase is equivalent to the positive dash phase calculated by adding a suitable multiple of the dash pattern length.

void nema_vg_stroke_reset_dash_phase(uint8_t enable)

Enable/Disable dash phase reseting.

void nema vg masking(uint8 t masking)

Enable/Disable Masking.

uint32 t nema vg set mask(nema img obj t *mask obj)

Set the mask object (texture)

void nema_vg_set_mask_translation(float x, float y)

Translate the mask object (texture) with respect to origin point (0, 0). Sets the position of the mask object.

void nema vg set quality(uint8 t quality)

Set the rendering quality.

void nema vg set blend(uint32 t blend)

Set the blending mode for VG operations (see nema_blender.h documentation in NemaGFX API Manual) Additional Blending Operations: only NEMA_BLOP_SRC_PRE-MULT is supported.

uint32_t nema_vg_get_error(void)



Get the current error code. Clears the error afterwards.

void nema vg handle large coords(uint8 t enable, uint8 t allow internal alloc)

Enable/disable large coordinates handling when rendering a TSVG, a path or a predefined shape.

uint32_t nema_vg_bind_clip_coords_buffer(void *segs, uint32_t segs_size, void *data, uint32_t data size)

Bind segment and data buffers to be used for handling large coordinates.

void nema vg unbind clip coords buf(void)

Unbind segment and data buffers to be used for handling large coordinates.

Detailed Description

NemaVG Context interface.

Contains NemaVG error codes, fill rules, rendering quality defines and functions for updating various rendering parameters. The functions defined here can be used to access the context parameters. The Context is an internal (opaque) struct of NemaVG.

Macro Definition Documentation

#define NEMA VG CAP BUTT

Butt cap

#define NEMA VG CAP MAX

Max value for cap

#define NEMA VG CAP ROUND

Round cap

#define NEMA VG CAP SQUARE

Square cap

#define NEMA VG ERR BAD BUFFER

Bad buffer



#define NEMA_VG_ERR_BAD_HANDLE

Bad handle

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_CL_FULL

reserved

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_COORDS_OUT_OF_RANGE

Path coordinates out of supported range

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_DEPRECATED_FONT

The font version is an old one, but it is still compatible with NemaVG API

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_DRAW_OUT_OF_BOUNDS

Path is out of the drawing area

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_EMPTY_TSVG

Tsvg has no geometries

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_ARC_DATA

reserved

#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID ARGUMENTS

Invalid arguments

#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID CAP STYLE

Invalid cap style

#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID FILL RULE

Invalid fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_GRAD_STOPS

Gradient stops exceed maximum available stops



#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_JOIN_STYLE

Invalid join style

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_LUT_IDX_FORMAT

Invalid LUT indices object Format

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_MASKING_FORMAT

Invalid Masking object Format

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_MASKING_OBJ

Masking object was not set

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_OPACITY

Invalid opacity

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_PAINT_TYPE

Invalid paint type

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_STENCIL_SIZE

Invalid stencil buffer size

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_STROKE_WIDTH

Invalid stroke width

#define NEMA VG ERR INVALID VERTEX DATA

Invalid vertex data

#define NEMA VG ERR NON INVERTIBLE MATRIX

A matrix that needs to be inverted, is not invertible

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_BOUND_CL

No bound CL



#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_BOUND_FONT

There is no bound font

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_ERROR

No Error

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_INIT

VG uninitialized

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_RADIAL_ENABLED

Radial not present in HW

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_UNSUPPORTED_FONT

The font is not supported (eg. older version) by NemaVG API

#define NEMA_VG_FILL_DRAW

DEPRECATED Stroke fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD

Evenodd fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_FILL_NON_ZERO

Non zero fill rule

#define NEMA VG GRAD HANDLE

NemaVG gradient handle (pointer to gradient object)

#define NEMA_VG_HANDLE

NemaVG handle object (void pointer)

#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL

Bevel join



#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_MAX

Max for join

#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_MITER

Mitter join

#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_ROUND

Round join

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE

NemaVG paint handle (pointer to paint object)

#define NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE

NemaVG path handle (pointer to path object)

#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_BETTER

Better rendering quality (default option, balances rendering quality and performance)

#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_FASTER

Faster rendering quality (favors performance over rendering quality)

#define NEMA VG QUALITY MAXIMUM

Maximum rendering quality (favors rendering quality over performance)

#define NEMA VG QUALITY NON AA

Rendering quality without AA

#define NEMA VG STROKE

Stroke fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_CAPS

Disable caps



#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_DASHING

Disable dashing

#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_JOINS

Disable joins

#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_NONE

Disable none

Typedef Documentation

typedef float nema_vg_float_t

Floating point data type (default is 'float')

Function Documentation

uint32_t nema_vg_bind_clip_coords_buffer (void * segs, uint32_t segs_size, void * data, uint32_t data_size)

Bind segment and data buffers to be used for handling large coordinates.

Parameters

Parameter	description
segs	Pointer to segment array(uint8_t) for large coordinates
segs_size	Segment array size
data	Pointer to data array(float) for large coordinates
data_size	Data array size

uint32_t nema_vg_get_error (void)

Get the current error code. Clears the error afterwards.



Return

Error code. See NEMA_VG_ERR_* defines for all the possible error codes.

void nema_vg_handle_large_coords (uint8_t enable, uint8_t allow internal alloc)

Enable/disable large coordinates handling when rendering a TSVG, a path or a predefined shape.

Parameters

Parameter	description
enable	0 to disable, 1 to enable
allow_internal_alloc	0 to not allow internal allocation, 1 to allow

void nema_vg_masking (uint8_t masking)

Enable/Disable Masking.

Parameters

Parameter	description
masking	1 to enable, 0 to disable

void nema_vg_set_blend (uint32_t blend)

Set the blending mode for VG operations (see nema_blender.h documentation in NemaGFX API Manual) Additional Blending Operations: only NEMA_BLOP_SRC_PREMULT is supported.

Parameter	description
blend	Blending mode



See also

nema_blending_mode()

void nema_vg_set_fill_rule (uint8_t fill_rule)

Set the fill rule that will be applied when rendering a path.

Parameters

Parameter	description
fill_rule	fill rule (NEMA_VG_STROKE, NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD, NEMA_VG_FILL_NON_ZERO)

uint32_t nema_vg_set_global_matrix (nema_matrix3x3_t m)

Set the global transformation matrix. Global matrix will be applied in all NemaVG rendering operations that will follow.

Parameters

Parameter	description
m	transformation matrix

Return

Error code

uint32_t nema_vg_set_mask (nema_img_obj_t * mask_obj)

Set the mask object (texture)

Parameter	description
	Texture to be used as mask. Its format must be NEMA_A1, NEMA_A2, NEMA_A4 or Nema_A8, otherwise it will return an error.



Return

Error code. If no error occurs, NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_ERROR otherwise NEMA_VG_ERR_IN-VALID_MASKING_FORMAT.

void nema vg set mask translation (float x, float y)

Translate the mask object (texture) with respect to origin point (0, 0). Sets the position of the mask object.

Parameters

Parameter	description
Х	Horizontal position to place the mask object
У	Horizontal position to place the mask object

void nema vg set quality (uint8 t quality)

Set the rendering quality.

Parameters

Parameter	description
	level (NEMA_VG_QUALITY_BETTER, NEMA_VG_QUALI- TY_FASTER, NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM, NE- MA_VG_QUALITY_NON_AA)

void nema_vg_stroke_reset_dash_phase (uint8_t enable)

Enable/Disable dash phase reseting.



Parameters

Parameter	description
enable	boolean parameter to enable/disable the resetting of the dash phase. When this feature is enabled the dash phase specified is used at the beggining of each subpath of the original path otherwise what is left of the dash phase at the end of the subpath is used for the next subpath. Default value is false.

void nema_vg_stroke_set_cap_style (uint8_t start_cap_style, uint8_t end_cap_style)

Set stroke cap style.

Parameters

Parameter	description
	Cap style (NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND)

void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_pattern (const float * dash_pattern, size_t dash_pattern_size)

Set dash patern. Dashing is enabled when dash size array is bigger than zero. Dash pattern consists of an array of floats that alternate the on and off phase of the dash segments. The first value indicates the first on segment, the second value indicates the first off segment and each subsequent pair indicates the next on-off pair. The dash array size should always be an even number. If odd dash array size is provided, the last element is ignored by the library. Segments of zero length are allowed and only the caps will be drawn on those segments if they are either NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND or NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE. If NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT cap is selected nothing will be drawn.

Parameter	description
dash_pattern	pointer to dash pattern array



Parameter	description
dash_pattern_size	dash phase array size

void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_phase (float dash_phase)

Set dash phase. Indicates the length of the dash pattern that is discarded the first time a subpath is processed. After the dash phase is reached the subsequent path is stroked according to the dash pattern. A negative dash phase is equivalent to the positive dash phase calculated by adding a suitable multiple of the dash pattern length.

Parameters

Parameter	description
dash_phase	dash phase

void nema_vg_stroke_set_join_style (uint8_t join_style)

Set stroke join style.

Parameters

Parameter	description
join_style	Join style (NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL NEMA_VG_JOIN_MITER NEMA_VG_JOIN_ROUND)

void nema_vg_stroke_set_miter_limit (float miter_limit)

Set stroke miter limit If miter join is chosen and miter length is bigger than the product of miter limit and stroke width a bevel join will be added instead.

Parameter	description
miter_limit	miter join limit to be set



void nema vg stroke set width (float width)

Set the stroke width that will be applied when stroking a path.

Parameters

Parameter	description
width	Stroke width to be set

4.1.3 nema_vg_font.h File

Vector font rendering.

```
#include "nema_matrix3x3.h"
#include "nema_vg.h"
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
#include "nema_font.h"
```

Data Structures

```
struct nema_vg_kern_pair_t

More...
struct nema_vg_glyph_t

More...
struct nema_vg_font_range_t

More...
struct nema_vg_font_t

More...
```

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_LEFT (0x00U)

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_RIGHT (0x01U)

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_CENTER (0x02U)

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_JUSTIFY (0x03U)
```



```
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_MASK (0x03U)

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_TOP (0x00U)

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_BOTTOM (0x04U)

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_CENTER (0x08U)

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_JUSTIFY (0x0cU)

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_MASK (0x0cU)

#define NEMA_VG_TEXT_WRAP (0x10U)

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_LTR (0x00U)

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_RTL (0x01U)

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_TTB (0x00U)

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_BTT (0x02U)
```

Functions

void nema vg bind font(nema vg font t *font)

Bind the font to use in future nema_vg_print() calls. Sets error code if font is not supported.

```
void nema_vg_set_font_size(float size)
```

Sets the size of the bound font. Future nema_vg_print() and nema_vg_print_char() calls will print using the last set size.

void nema_vg_print(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, const char *str, float x, float y, float w, float h, uint32_t align, nema_matrix3x3_t m)

Print pre-formatted text.

int nema_vg_string_get_bbox(const char *str, float *w, float *h, float max_w, uint32_t wrap)

Get the bounding box's width and height of a vector string. Prior to calling this function, "nema_vg_set_font_size" must be called first.

```
int nema_vg_get_ascender_pt(void)
```

Get the text ascender value in point units. Font size must be set pror to calling this function.



float nema_vg_print_char(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, char ch, float x, float y, nema matrix3x3 t m, uint32 t orientation)

Print a single character.

nema_font_t* nema_vg_generate_raster_font(int size, int pool)

Generates a raster font from a vector font.

void nema vg destroy raster font(nema font t *font)

Frees the memory that was allocated for a font data struct.

Detailed Description

Vector font rendering.

This file includes the necessary structs and functions that are used for rendering text (strings and single characters), using vector fonts. The accompanying vector font converter utility, converts truetype fonts (ttf files) to instances of the structs defined here. A use case of this module is included in the respective examples (examples/NemaVG/render_vg_font).

Macro Definition Documentation

#define NEMA VG ALIGNX CENTER

Align horizontally centered

#define NEMA VG ALIGNX JUSTIFY

Justify horizontally

#define NEMA VG ALIGNX LEFT

Align horizontally to the left

#define NEMA VG ALIGNX MASK

Horizontal alignment mask

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_RIGHT

Align horizontally to the right



#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_BOTTOM

Align vertically to the bottom

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_CENTER

Align vertically centered

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_JUSTIFY

Justify vertically

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_MASK

Vertical alignment mask

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_TOP

Align vertically to the top

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_BTT

Character follows bottom to top orientation

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_LTR

Character follows left to right orientation

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_RTL

Character follows right to left orientation

#define NEMA VG CHAR TTB

Character follows top to bottom orientation

#define NEMA_VG_TEXT_WRAP

Use text wrapping



Function Documentation

void nema vg bind font (nema vg font t * font)

Bind the font to use in future nema_vg_print() calls. Sets error code if font is not supported.

Parameters

Parameter	description
font	Pointer to the vector font

void nema vg destroy raster font (nema font t * font)

Frees the memory that was allocated for a font data struct.

This function frees memory that was allocated at runtime. Input must be a font data struct that was generated by the "nema vg generate raster font" function.

Parameters

Parameter	description
	Pointer to the raster font data struct that will be erased from the memory

nema_font_t * nema_vg_generate_raster_font (int size, int pool)

Generates a raster font from a vector font.

Creates an 8-bpp raster version of the bound vector font. Performs dynamic memory allocation in the graphics memory (for the font bitmaps) and in the heap (for the data structs accessed by the CPU). When the font is no longer needed, function "nema_vg_destroy_raster_font()" can be used to free the allocated memory. The font generation may fail when there is not enough memory to generate the font or when the font size is greater than the height of the framebuffer.



Parameters

Parameter	description
size	The size of the font that will be generated
pool	Memory pool to store the font bitmaps

Return

Pointer to the data struct of generated raster font. If the font was not generated (due to insufficient memory) it returns NULL.

int nema_vg_get_ascender_pt (void)

Get the text ascender value in point units. Font size must be set pror to calling this function.

Return

Ascender pt

void nema_vg_print (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, const char * str, float
x, float y, float w, float h, uint32_t align, nema_matrix3x3_t m)

Print pre-formatted text.

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer to the current paint object (contains the text color)
str	Pointer to string
Х	X coordinate of text-area's top-left corner
У	Y coordinate of text-area's top-left corner
W	Max allowed width
h	Max allowed height



Parameter	description
align	Alignment and wrapping mode
m	Transformation matrix

float nema_vg_print_char (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, char ch, float x, float y, nema_matrix3x3_t m, uint32_t orientation)

Print a single character.

The position of the character is determined by the 'orientation' argument. x and y arguments define a point on the baseline. If the orientation is left to right (LTR), the character will be placed to the right of the (x, y) point. Right to left (RTL) will place the character to the left of the (x, y) point. Top to bottom (TTB) will have the same effect as RTL and bottom to top (BTT) will place the character higher than the (x, y) point by an offset equal to the font height.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer to the current paint object (contains the text color)
ch	Character to be printed
X	X coordinate of character's top-left or top-right corner (controlled by the 'orientation' parameter)
У	Y coordinate of character's top-left or bottom-left corner (controlled by the 'orientation' parameter)
m	Transformation matrix
orientation	Character orientation (see NEMA_VG_CHAR_* defines)

Return

Character width in pixels



void nema_vg_set_font_size (float size)

Sets the size of the bound font. Future nema_vg_print() and nema_vg_print_char() calls will print using the last set size.

Parameters

Parameter	description
font	Pointer to the vector font

int nema_vg_string_get_bbox (const char * str, float * w, float * h, float max w, uint32 t wrap)

Get the bounding box's width and height of a vector string. Prior to calling this function, "nema_vg_set_font_size" must be called first.

Parameters

Parameter	description
str	Pointer to string
W	Pointer to variable where width should be written
h	Pointer to variable where height should be written
max_w	Max allowed width
size	font size
wrap	enable text wraping

Return

Number of carriage returns



4.1.4 nema_vg_paint.h File

Paint operation related fuctions. Paint is an internal (opaque) struct of NemaVG. The functions defined here can be used access its parameters.

```
#include "nema_interpolators.h"
#include "nema_matrix3x3.h"
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
#include "nema_graphics.h"
```

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR (0x00U)

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_FILL (0x00U)

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR (0x01U)

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE (0x02U)

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL (0x03U)

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_CONICAL (0x04U)

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_MAX_GRAD_STOPS (32)
```

Functions

```
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE nema_vg_paint_create()

Create a paint object.

void nema_vg_paint_destroy(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Destroy a paint object.

void nema_vg_paint_clear(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Clear the parameters of a paint object.

void nema_vg_paint_set_type(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, uint8_t type)

Set the paint type.

void nema_vg_paint_lock_tran_to_path(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, int locked)

Lock paint transformation to path. If locked, path and paint transformation will be in
```

sync.



void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, NE-MA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float x1, float y1, nema_tex_mode_t sampling mode)

Set linear gradient to a paint object.

void nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, uint32_t rgba)

Set the paint color.

void nema_vg_paint_set_opacity(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, float opacity)

Set the paint opacity.

void nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, nema_matrix3x3_t
m)

Set transformation matrix for texture.

void nema_vg_paint_set_tex(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, nema_img_obj_t *tex)
Set texture to paint object.

void nema_vg_paint_set_lut_tex(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, nema_img_obj_t
*lut palette, nema img obj t *lut indices)

Set Lut-based (look-up-table) texture to paint object. See Nema Pixpresso User Manual regarding Lut formats.

void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_conical(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, NE-MA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float cx, float cy, nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode)

Set Conical gradient to paint object.

void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, NE-MA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float r, nema_tex_mode_t sampling mode)

Set radial gradient to paint object.

void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial2(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, NE-MA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float rx, float ry, nema_tex_mode_t sampling mode)

Set radial gradient to paint object, with different horizontal and vertical radius.

NEMA VG GRAD HANDLE nema vg grad create(void)

Create gradient object.

void nema vg grad destroy(NEMA VG GRAD HANDLE grad)

Destroy gradient object.

void nema_vg_grad_set(NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, int stops_count, float *stops, color var t *colors)



Set gradient parameters to a gradient object.

Detailed Description

Paint operation related fuctions. Paint is an internal (opaque) struct of NemaVG. The functions defined here can be used access its parameters.

Macro Definition Documentation

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR

Fill with color

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_FILL

Deprecated - Fill with color (same as NEMA VG PAINT COLOR)

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_CONICAL

Fill with conical gradient

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR

Fill with linear gradient

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL

Fill with radial gradient

#define NEMA VG PAINT MAX GRAD STOPS

Maximum gradient stops

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE

Fill with texture

Function Documentation

NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE nema_vg_grad_create (void)

Create gradient object.



Return

Handle (pointer) to the created gradient object

void nema_vg_grad_destroy (NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad)

Destroy gradient object.

Parameters

Parameter	description
grad	Pointer to the gradient object

void nema_vg_grad_set (NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, int stops_count,
float * stops, color_var_t * colors)

Set gradient parameters to a gradient object.

Parameters

Parameter	description
grad	Pointer (handle) to gradient object
stops_count	Number of stop colors
stops	Pointer to stop colors coordinates
colors	Pointer to stop color values

void nema_vg_paint_clear (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Clear the parameters of a paint object.



Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint object

NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE nema_vg_paint_create

Create a paint object.

Return

Handle to the created paint object

void nema_vg_paint_destroy (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)

Destroy a paint object.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Handle to paint object that should be destroyed

void nema_vg_paint_lock_tran_to_path (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, int locked)

Lock paint transformation to path. If locked, path and paint transformation will be in sync.

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer to paint object
locked	1 if locked (default), 0 if not locked



void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_conical (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float cx, float cy, nema_tex_mode_t
sampling_mode)

Set Conical gradient to paint object.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
grad	Pointer (handle) to gradient
сх	Conical gradient center point x coordinate
су	Conical gradient center point y coordinate
sampling_mode	Sampling mode

void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float x1, float y1,
nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode)

Set linear gradient to a paint object.

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer to paint object
grad	Pointer to gradient object
x0	Linear gradient start point x coordinate
у0	Linear gradient start point y coordinate
x1	Linear gradient end point x coordinate
y1	Linear gradient end point y coordinate



Parameter	description	
sampling_mode	Sampling mode. NEMA_TEX_BORDER defaults to MA_TEX_CLAMP	NE-

void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float r, nema_tex_mode_t
sampling_mode)

Set radial gradient to paint object.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
grad	Pointer (handle) to gradient
x0	Radial gradient center point x coordinate
у0	Radial gradient center point y coordinate
r	Radial gradient radius
sampling_mode	Sampling mode

void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial2 (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float rx, float ry, nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode)

Set radial gradient to paint object, with different horizontal and vertical radius.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
grad	Pointer (handle) to gradient



Parameter	description
x0	Radial gradient center point x coordinate
у0	Radial gradient center point y coordinate
rx	Radial gradient radius on x axis
ry	Radial gradient radius on y axis
sampling_mode	Sampling mode

void nema_vg_paint_set_lut_tex (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, nema_img_obj_t * lut_palette, nema_img_obj_t * lut_indices)

Set Lut-based (look-up-table) texture to paint object. See Nema Pixpresso User Manual regarding Lut formats.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint object
lut_palette	Pointer to the Palette of the Lut image object
lut_indices	Pointer to the indices of the Lut image object

void nema_vg_paint_set_opacity (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, float opacity)

Set the paint opacity.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (pointer) to paint object



Parameter	description
opacity	Opacity to be set, 1 is fully opaque and 0 is fully transparent

void nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, uint32_t rgba)

Set the paint color.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint object
rgba	Color to be set, in rgba (hex 0xAABBGGRR) format

void nema_vg_paint_set_tex (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, nema_img_obj_t * tex)

Set texture to paint object.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
text	Pointer to texture image object

void nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
nema matrix3x3 t m)

Set transformation matrix for texture.



Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint object
m	3x3 transformation matrix

void nema_vg_paint_set_type (NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, uint8_t type)
Set the paint type.

Parameters

Parameter	description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
type	Paint type (NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR, NE-MA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR, NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEX-TURE, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL, NEMA_VG_PAIN-T_GRAD_CONICAL)

4.1.5 nema_vg_path.h File

Path operation related fuctions.

```
#include "nema_interpolators.h"
#include "nema_matrix3x3.h"
#include "nema_sys_defs.h"
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
```

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE (0x03U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE (0x04U)
```



```
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD (0x05U)
#define NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER CUBIC (0x06U)
#define NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER SQUAD (0x07U)
#define NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER SCUBIC (0x08U)
#define NEMA VG PRIM ARC (0x09U)
#define NEMA VG PRIM POLYGON (0x0AU)
#define NEMA VG PRIM POLYLINE (0x0BU)
#define NEMA VG PRIM MASK (0x0FU)
#define NEMA_VG_REL (0x10U)
#define NEMA VG ARC LARGE (0x20U)
#define NEMA VG ARC CW (0x40U)
#define NEMA VG PRIM SCCWARC (NEMA VG PRIM ARC )
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC (NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC | NEMA_VG_ARC_CW )
#define NEMA VG PRIM LCCWARC (NEMA VG PRIM ARC | NEMA VG ARC LARGE)
#define NEMA VG PRIM LCWARC (NEMA VG PRIM ARC | NEMA VG ARC CW |NE-
MA_VG_ARC_LARGE)
#define NEMA VG PRIM MOVE REL (NEMA VG PRIM MOVE | NEMA VG REL)
#define NEMA VG PRIM LINE REL (NEMA VG PRIM LINE | NEMA VG REL)
#define NEMA VG PRIM HLINE REL (NEMA VG PRIM HLINE | NEMA VG REL)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE | NEMA_VG_REL)
#define NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER QUAD REL (NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER QUAD | NE-
MA_VG_REL)
#define NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER CUBIC REL (NEMA VG PRIM BEZIER CUBIC | NE-
MA VG REL)
```



```
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD | NE-
MA VG REL)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC | NE-
MA VG REL)
#define NEMA VG PRIM SCCWARC REL (NEMA VG PRIM SCCWARC | NEMA VG REL)
#define NEMA VG PRIM SCWARC REL (NEMA VG PRIM SCWARC | NEMA VG REL)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC | NEMA_VG_REL)
#define NEMA VG PRIM LCWARC REL (NEMA VG PRIM LCWARC | NEMA VG REL)
#define NEMA VG PRIM POLYGON REL (NEMA VG PRIM POLYGON | NEMA VG REL)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE | NEMA_VG_REL)
Functions
NEMA VG PATH HANDLE nema vg path create()
 Create path.
```

void nema_vg_path_destroy(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)

Destroy path.

void nema_vg_path_clear(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)

Clear path.

void nema vg path set shape(NEMA VG PATH HANDLE path, const size t seg size, const uint8_t *seg, const size_t data_size, const nema_vg_float_t *data)

Set path shape (vertex buffer)

void nema_vg_path_set_shape_and_bbox(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path, const size_t seg size, const uint8 t *seg, const size t data size, const nema vg float t *data, const nema vg float t *bbox)

Set path shape (vertex buffer) and bounding box. Same functionality as nema vg path set shape() but bbox is given by user (reduces CPU utilization)

void nema vg path set matrix(NEMA VG PATH HANDLE path, nema matrix3x3 t m)

Set affine transformation matrix.



Detailed Description

Path operation related fuctions.

Macro Definition Documentation

#define NEMA VG ARC CW

Clockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_ARC_LARGE

Large arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC

Arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC

Cubic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC_REL

Relative cubic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD

Quadratic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD_REL

Relative quadratic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC

Smooth cubic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC_REL

Relative smooth cubic bezier segment



#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD

Smooth quadratic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD_REL

Relative smooth quadratic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE

Close segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE

Horizontal line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE_REL

Relative horizontal line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC

Large counterclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC_REL

Relative lareg counterclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCWARC

Large clockwise arc segment

#define NEMA VG PRIM LCWARC REL

Relative lareg rclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE

Line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE_REL

Relative line segment



#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MASK

Mask for all segments

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE

Move segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE_REL

Relative move segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON

Polygon segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON_REL

Relative polygon segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE

Polyline segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE_REL

Relative polyline segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCCWARC

Small counterclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA VG PRIM SCCWARC REL

Relative small counterclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC

Small clockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC_REL

Relative small clockwise arc segment



#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE

Vertical line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE_REL

Relative vertical line segment

#define NEMA_VG_REL

Rel segment

Function Documentation

void nema_vg_path_clear (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)

Clear path.

Parameters

Parameter	description
path	Pointer to Path

Return

void

NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE nema_vg_path_create

Create path.

Return

Created path

void nema_vg_path_destroy (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)

Destroy path.



Parameters

Parameter	description
path	Pointer to Path

Return

void

void nema_vg_path_set_matrix (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path,
nema_matrix3x3_t m)

Set affine transformation matrix.

Parameters

Parameter	description
path	Pointer to path
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix

void nema_vg_path_set_shape (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path, const size_t
seg_size, const uint8_t * seg, const size_t data_size, const nema_vg_float_t *
data)

Set path shape (vertex buffer)

Parameters

Parameter	description
path	Pointer to path
seg_size	Number of segments to be added
seg	Pointer to segments
data_size	Number of data to be added



Parameter	description
data	Pointer to coordinates

void nema_vg_path_set_shape_and_bbox (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path,
const size_t seg_size, const uint8_t * seg, const size_t data_size, const
nema_vg_float_t * data, const nema_vg_float_t * bbox)

Set path shape (vertex buffer) and bounding box. Same functionality as nema_vg_path_set_shape() but bbox is given by user (reduces CPU utilization)

Parameters

Parameter	description
path	Pointer to path
seg_size	Number of segments to be added
seg	Pointer to segments
data_size	Number of data to be added
data	Pointer to coordinates
bbox	Pointer to shape bound box coordinates {min_x, min_y, max_x, max_y}

4.1.6 nema_vg_tsvg.h File

API for rendering .tsvg images.

#include "nema_vg_context.h"

Functions

void nema_vg_draw_tsvg(const void *buffer)

Draws a TSVG buffer.

void nema_vg_get_tsvg_resolution(const void *buffer, uint32_t *width, uint32_t *height)
Get the width and height of tsvg.



Detailed Description

API for rendering .tsvg images.

Function Documentation

void nema_vg_draw_tsvg (const void * buffer)

Draws a TSVG buffer.

Parameters

Parameter	description
buffer	Pointer to the TSVG buffer that will be drawn

void nema_vg_get_tsvg_resolution (const void * buffer, uint32_t * width, uint32_t * height)

Get the width and height of tsvg.

Parameters

Parameter	description
buffer	Tsvg buffer
width	return Tsvg width
height	return Tsvg height

4.1.7 nema_vg_version.h File

Contains version numbers for NemaVG API and the currently supported font version.

Macros

#define NEMA_VG_MAJOR_VERSION 0x01U

#define NEMA_VG_MINOR_VERSION 0x01U



#define NEMA_VG_REVISION_VERSION 0x09U

#define NEMA VG IMP VERSION 0x00241001U

#define NEMA_VG_API_VERSION ((NEMA_VG_MAJOR_VERSION << 16) + (NEMA_VG_MINOR_VERSION << 8) + (NEMA_VG_REVISION_VERSION))</pre>

#define NEMA VG FONT VERSION 0x02U

Detailed Description

Contains version numbers for NemaVG API and the currently supported font version.

Macro Definition Documentation

#define NEMA_VG_API_VERSION

NemaVG API version in format 0x00MMmmrr (M:major, m:minor, r:revision if any)

#define NEMA_VG_FONT_VERSION

Current font version

#define NEMA_VG_IMP_VERSION

NemaVG API version, implementation in format 0x00YYMM00 (Y: year, M: month)

#define NEMA VG MAJOR VERSION

NemaVG API version, major number

#define NEMA VG MINOR VERSION

NemaVG API version, minor number

#define NEMA_VG_REVISION_VERSION

NemaVG API version, revision number

4.2 Directories

Here is a list of all directories with brief descriptions:



4.2.1 File List

NemaVG

nema_vg.h

Core NemaVG API drawing and initialization functions.

nema vg context.h

NemaVG Context interface.

nema_vg_font.h

Vector font rendering.

nema_vg_paint.h

Paint operation related fuctions. Paint is an internal (opaque) struct of NemaVG. The functions defined here can be used access its parameters.

nema_vg_path.h

Path operation related fuctions.

nema_vg_tsvg.h

API for rendering .tsvg images.

nema_vg_version.h

Contains version numbers for NemaVG API and the currently supported font version.

4.3 Data Structures

Here is a list of all data structures with brief descriptions:

4.3.1 nema vg font range t Data Structure

```
#include <nema_vg_font.h>
```

Data Fields

const uint32 t first

Unicode value of the first value of the range

const uint32_t last

Unicode value of the last value of the range

const nema_vg_glyph_t * glyphs

Pointer to the array of glyphs



NemaVG vector font range data struct

Detailed Description

NemaVG vector font range data struct

4.3.2 nema vg font t Data Structure

```
#include <nema_vg_font.h>
```

Data Fields

const uint32 t version

Font version

const nema_vg_font_range_t * ranges

Pointer to the array of ranges

const nema_vg_float_t * data

Pointer to the data of the vector font

const size t data length

Length of the vector font data

const uint8 t * segment

Pointer to the segments of the vector font

const size_t segment_length

Length of the vector font segments

const float size

Default font size (height)

const float xAdvance

Default advance width. If the space character is included in the ranges, then its advance width is set

const float ascender

Vertical distance from the baseline to the highest point of the font

const float descender

Vertical distance from the baseline to the lowest point of the font

const nema_vg_kern_pair_t * kern_pairs

Pointer to the array of the font's kerning pairs



uint32_t flags

Bit field, reserved for future use

const uint32_t units_per_em

Font units (points) per EM square

NemaVG vector font data struct

Detailed Description

NemaVG vector font data struct

4.3.3 nema_vg_glyph_t Data Structure

#include <nema_vg_font.h>

Data Fields

const uint32_t data_offset

Offset value for the data of the glyph in the respective data array

const size_t data_length

Length of the data in the respective data array

const uint32 t segment offset

Offset value for the segments of the glyph in the respective segment array

const size_t segment_length

Length of the segments in the respective segment array

const float xAdvance

Advance width

const uint32_t kern_offset

Kerning offset of the glyph in the respective kerning array

const uint8_t kern_length

Length of the kerning information of the glyph

const int16_t bbox_xmin

Minimum x of the glyph's bounding box

const int16_t bbox_ymin

Minimum y of the glyph's bounding box



const int16_t bbox_xmax

Maximum x of the glyph's bounding box

const int16_t bbox_ymax

Maximum y of the glyph's bounding box

NemaVG data struct of a glyph in vector format

Detailed Description

NemaVG data struct of a glyph in vector format

4.3.4 nema_vg_kern_pair_t Data Structure

#include <nema_vg_font.h>

Data Fields

const uint32_t left

Neighbor character to the left of the current one (Unicode value)

const float x_offset

Kerning offset value (horizontally)

NemaVG Kerning pair information data struct

Detailed Description

NemaVG Kerning pair information data struct



5 Utilities

Besides the core NEMA| GFX VG API discussed in the previous sections, a set of utilities (under development) for rendering Vector Graphics is also provided. These are an SVG parser and a TTF parser.

5.1 NEMA|TSVG Converter

TSVG is a proprietary binary format used in NemaVG, to encode SVG information for faster rendering of SVG images.

SVG images need to be converted to this format, in order to be used. The conversion is performed with the use of NEMA| pix-presso. For more information, refer to the NE-MA| pix-presso Starting Guide document.



Figure 17: Ghostscript Tiger rendered from a tsvg file

5.2 Vector Font Converter

Nema vector font converter is a utility application, that works in a similar manner as the Nema font converter. More specifically, it converts a TrueType font (.ttf files) to vector font structs compatible with NemaVG API. The generated files (.c and .h files) can then



be used along with other source files in NemaVG applications. When running this tool without any argument, the following information is printed:

```
NAME
        nema_vg_font_convert - convert TTF fonts to .bin, .c and .h vector fonts, com►
patible with NEMA|VG API
SYNOPSIS
        nema_vg_font_convert [OPTION]... [FILE]...
DESCRIPTION
        Convert TTF fonts to .c and .h, compatible with NEMA|gfx graphics API
        -r, --range
                add range of characters (start-end), e.g.: -r 0x20-0x7e, -r 32-127
        -h, --help
                display this help and exit
        -a, --ascii
                add ascii range. Equivalent to -r 0x20-0x7e
        -g, --greek
                add greek range. Equivalent to -r 0x370-0x3ff
        -k, --kerning
                add kerning
```

Using vector fonts is enabled by using the respective NemaVG module (which can be found in nema_vg_font.h header file). This module defines the structs and functions that are used for processing (at application run time) the generated files that are produced by the vector font converter (offline process). The following figure illustrates a frame where japanese characters are drawn in the display using this module.





Figure 18: Japanese characters drawn using NemaVG API