

In this problem you should submit a complete program with the main function, reading with functions such as `scanf` and printing with functions such as `printf`.

## [PI034] Evolving Words

### The Problem

Your task is to compute the evolution of a word (made up of just letters 'A' and 'B') showing consecutive generations of it according to the following rules:

- Any 'A' becomes 'AB'
- Any 'B' becomes 'A'

For instance, if we start with "A" and ask for 4 generations, the following happens:

n=0:

Ainitial

/ \

n=1:

A Bthe initial single A spawned into AB by rule (A → AB), rule (B → A) couldn't be applied

/ | \

n=2:

A B Aformer string AB with all rules applied, A spawned into AB again, former B turned into A

/ | | \

n=3:

A B A A Bnote all A's producing a copy of themselves in the first place, then a B, which turns ...

/ | | | \ / | |

n=4:

A B A A B A B A... into an A one generation later, starting to repeat then

### Input

The first line of input contain a string **S** representing the initial word to consider (made only of letters 'A' and/or 'B').  
The second line contains an integer **K** indicating the number of generations to compute.

### Output

The output should contain exactly **N+1** lines: the first line contains the initial word **S** and the following **N** lines contain the next **N** generations of that word.

### Constraints

The following limits are guaranteed in all the test cases that will be given to your program:

$1 \leq |W| < 10$

Length of the initial word

$1 \leq K \leq 10$

Number of generations

You can be assured that the final generation will not have more than 10&nbsp;000 letters.

Example Input 1	Example Output 1
A 4	A AB ABA ABAAB ABAABABA

Example Input 2	Example Output 2
ABBA 3	ABBA ABAAAB ABAABABABA ABAABABAABAAB

Programação Imperativa (CC1003)

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