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TensorFlow Lite : a comprehensive guide to cross compilation and building python bindings of TensorFlow Lite for Raspberry Pi Zero W

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README.md

Tensorflow lite on Raspberry Pi Zero armv6 - a comprehensive guide

Released on Nov 3, 2020

 **libtensorflow-lite.a** Latest

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This guide is written to help with crosscompilation and building Piwheels for tensorflow lite on Raspberry Pi Zero. The official tensorflow documentation seem to be out of date and also dosen't document how to build a working crosscompilation toolchain. While libtensorflow-lite.a is available for armv6, the python wrapper to it, i.e. tflite_runtime existed to our knowlege only for armv7 architectures. This guide shows therefore how to build libtensorflow-lite.a and the python wrapper for for armv6 achitecture.

One warning: the whole process is quite time intensive. It was tested on **Ubuntu 18.04.5 LTS** and **Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster)**. This repository also contains the precompiled *libtensorflow-lite.a* and *minimal* and the precompiled piwheel. If you are lucky the piwheel might work out of the box. (jump to step 4)

Therefore this guide is seperated in four parts:

0. Preparation: Building the arm-linux-gnueabi-hf-g++ toolchain
1. Compiling libtensorflow-lite.a and minimal
2. Building bindings for tensorflow lite
3. Installing Wheels or using the precompiled Wheels
4. Loading a model and testing tflite_runtime

If you want to skip the compilation:

The precompiled whl: [tflite_runtime-2.5.0-cp37-cp37m-linux_armv6l.whl](#)

The precompiled lib: [libtensorflow-lite.a](#)

The precompiled minimalexample: [minimal](#)

Preparation: Building arm-linux-gnueabi-hf-g++

This part of the guide is completely taken from [here](#). Give it a star if you use this.

Sources:

<http://preshing.com/20141119/how-to-build-a-gcc-cross-compiler/>
<https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/linux/kernel/building.md>



https://wiki.osdev.org/Why_do_I_need_a_Cross_Compiler%3F
https://wiki.osdev.org/GCC_Cross-Compiler
https://wiki.osdev.org/Building_GCC
<http://www.ifp.illinois.edu/~nakazato/tips/xgcc.html>

1. Update system

```
sudo apt update  
sudo apt upgrade
```



2. Install prereq:

```
sudo apt install build-essential gawk git texinfo bison
```



3. Download software:

```
wget https://ftpmirror.gnu.org/binutils/binutils-2.30.tar.bz2  
wget https://ftpmirror.gnu.org/gcc/gcc-8.1.0/gcc-8.1.0.tar.gz  
wget https://ftpmirror.gnu.org/glibc/glibc-2.27.tar.bz2  
git clone --depth=1 https://github.com/raspberrypi/linux
```



4. Extract archives and remove them

```
tar xf binutils-2.30.tar.bz2  
tar xf glibc-2.27.tar.bz2  
tar xf gcc-8.1.0.tar.gz  
rm *.tar.*
```



5. Get GCC prereq

```
cd gcc-*  
contrib/download_prerequisites  
rm *.tar.*  
cd ..
```



6. Create the folder in which we'll put the cross compiler and add it to the PATH

```
sudo mkdir -p /opt/cross-pi-gcc  
sudo chown $USER /opt/cross-pi-gcc  
export PATH=/opt/cross-pi-gcc/bin:$PATH
```



7. Build binutils

```
mkdir build-binutils && cd build-binutils  
../binutils-2.30/configure --prefix=/opt/cross-pi-gcc --target=arm-  
linux-gnueabi --with-arch=armv6 --with-fpu=vfp --with-float=hard  
--disable-multilib  
make -j 8  
make install
```



8. Install kernel headers

```
# See also https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/linux/kernel  
/building.md
```



```
cd linux  
KERNEL=kernel7  
make ARCH=arm INSTALL_HDR_PATH=/opt/cross-pi-gcc/arm-linux-gnueabi  
headers_install
```

9. Build compilers

```
cd ..  
mkdir build-gcc && cd build-gcc  
../gcc-8.1.0/configure --prefix=/opt/cross-pi-gcc --target=arm-linux-  
gnueabi --enable-languages=c,c++,fortran --with-arch=armv6 --with-  
fpu=vfp --with-float=hard --disable-multilib  
make -j8 all-gcc  
make install-gcc
```



10. Partially build glibc

```
cd ..  
mkdir build-glibc && cd build-glibc  
../glibc-2.27/configure --prefix=/opt/cross-pi-gcc/arm-linux-  
gnueabihf --build=$MACHINE --host=arm-linux-gnueabihf --target=arm-  
linux-gnueabihf --with-arch=armv6 --with-fpu=vfp --with-float=hard  
--with-headers=/opt/cross-pi-gcc/arm-linux-gnueabihf/include  
--disable-multilib libc_cv_forced_unwind=yes  
make install-bootstrap-headers=yes install-headers  
make -j8 csu/subdir_lib  
install csu/crt1.o csu/crti.o csu/crtn.o /opt/cross-pi-gcc/arm-linux-  
gnueabihf/lib  
arm-linux-gnueabihf-gcc -nostdlib -nostartfiles -shared -x c  
/dev/null -o /opt/cross-pi-gcc/arm-linux-gnueabihf/lib/libc.so  
touch /opt/cross-pi-gcc/arm-linux-gnueabihf/include/gnu/stubs.h
```



11. Build compiler support library

```
cd ..  
cd build-gcc  
make -j8 all-target-libgcc  
make install-target-libgcc
```



12. Finish building Glibc

```
cd ..  
cd build-glibc  
make -j8  
make install
```



13. Finish building GCC

```
cd ..  
cd build-gcc  
make -j8  
make install  
cd ..
```



Additional Note: If input now into your shell:

```
arm-linux-gnueabihf-g++
```



it should say something like:

```
arm-linux-gnueabi-g++: fatal error: no input files
compilation terminated.
```



That means that arm-linux-gnueabi-g++ is in path as it should be.

1. Compiling libtensorflow-lite.a and minimal

1. Clone tensorflow:

```
git clone https://github.com/tensorflow/tensorflow.git tensorflow_src
```



2. Download dependencies tensorflow lite:

```
cd tensorflow_src && ./tensorflow/lite/tools
/make/download_dependencies.sh
```



3. Use the makefile through the build script provided by tensorflow to compile libtensorflow-lite.a and minimal:

```
./tensorflow/lite/tools/make/build_rpi_lib.sh TARGET_ARCH=armv6
TARGET_TOOLCHAIN_PREFIX=arm-linux-gnueabi- >errors.txt 2>&1
```



(this will also pipe errors into a file called errors.txt in the same directory) After the process is finished check errors.txt and check /tensorflow/lite/tools/make/gen/. The folder should contain a folder called rpi_armv6 containing the three folders: bin, lib and obj. libtensorflow-lite.a can be used to build python wheels while minimal can run on the pi to load a model. (its basically a tensorflow hello world in c++)

Additional note 1:

if something breaks during this compilation process the script is not cleaning the make folder. You have to do this manually before another attempt.

```
cd tensorflow/lite/tools/make
make cleanhistory
```



Additional note 2:

We encountered a strange error of an undefined reference in

```
tensorflow/lite/tools/make/downloads/flatbuffers/src/util.cpp
```

To get rid of this open the file in an editor of your choice and change line 199 to:

```
char abs_path[2048];
```



[This is only tested by us but just affects the minimal and other c++ applications]

2. Building bindings for tensorflow lite

The goal here is to build tensorflow lite bindings for Python 3.7.3 on armv6. This has the advantage of not having to load the whole tensorflow library but just the reduced tflite_runtime in python.

Its possible to build the wheels on the pi zero itself with the previously compiled binaries. Therefore the simplest way is to transfer the whole tensorflow source folder we have been working in on to the pi zero. One way of doing this is via scp:

```
scp -r yourtensorflowsourcefolder piusername@youpiip:/yourpathonpi
```



The script which tensorflow provides searches for `linux_armv6l` while the folder we compiled to is named `rpi_armv6`. Either rename or create a symlink in `tensorflow/lite/tools/make/gen`

After this run from the tensorflow source directory:

```
./tensorflow/lite/tools/pip_package/build_pip_package.sh
```



You should now have a gen folder containing the wheels.

3. Installing Wheels or using the precompiled Wheels

In the source folder:

```
pip3 install tflite_runtime-2.5.0-cp37-cp37m-linux_armv6l.whl
```



Additional note 1: this requires maybe libraries which need to be installed manually externally via apt-get install

4. Loading a model and testing tflite_runtime

tflite_runtime is build without libatomic, which makes it nessesary to preload it:

```
LD_PRELOAD=/usr/lib/arm-linux-gnueabi/libatomic.so.1.2.0 python3
```



after this in the python interpreter:

```
from tflite_runtime.interpreter import Interpreter
interpretera = Interpreter("./yourmodel.tflite")
interpretera.get_tensor_details()
```

