Universidade Federal Fluminense

EGM - Instituto de Matemática

GMA - Departamento de Matemática Aplicada

LISTA 3 - 2010-2

Integração por partes Integrais de potências de funções trigonométricas

Nos exercícios 1 a 18, calcule a integral indicada, utilizando a técnica de integração por partes.

1.
$$\int \arcsin x \ dx$$

7.
$$\int (\ln x)^3 dx$$

13.
$$\int \operatorname{arcsec} \sqrt{x} \ dx$$

2.
$$\int x \sin x \, dx$$

8.
$$\int \sqrt{x} \ln x \ dx$$

14.
$$\int \frac{\ln(\ln x)}{x} \ dx$$

$$3. \int x^2 \ln x \ dx$$

9.
$$\int x(\ln x)^2 dx$$

15.
$$\int \frac{\arctan\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

4.
$$\int x^2 \cos x \ dx$$

10.
$$\int x \ 3^x \ dx$$

$$16. \int \tan^2 x \sec^3 x \ dx$$

5.
$$\int x \arctan x \ dx$$

11.
$$\int x \sec^2 x dx$$

17.
$$\int \csc^5 x \ dx$$

6.
$$\int \sec^3 x \ dx$$

12.
$$\int \operatorname{sen}(\ln x) dx$$

18.
$$\int \sin 3x \cos 2x \ dx$$

Nos exercícios 19 a 30 calcule a integral do produto ou quociente de potências de funções trigonométricas.

19.
$$\int \, \mathrm{sen}^4 x \, \, dx$$

23.
$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\cos x} \, \sin^3 x \, dx$$
 27. $\int \tan^5 x \sec^3 x \, dx$

$$27. \int \tan^5 x \sec^3 x \ dx$$

$$20. \int \sin^4 x \cos^2 x \ dx$$

$$24. \int \frac{\sin^3 x}{\cos^4 x} \, dx$$

28.
$$\int \tan^3 x \sqrt{\sec x} \ dx$$

$$21. \int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \ dx$$

25.
$$\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(\pi x) \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) dx$$
 29. $\int \frac{\tan^5 x}{\sec^3 x} dx$

$$29. \quad \int \frac{\tan^5 x}{\sec^3 x} \ dx$$

22.
$$\int \cos^5 x \ dx$$

$$26. \int \tan^2 x \sec^3 x \ dx$$

30.
$$\int \cot^4 x \ dx$$

Lista de algumas fórmulas exponenciais e trigonométricas que eventualmente serão usadas nas resoluções de algumas integrais:

(I)
$$a^x = e^{x \ln a}, \ a \in \mathbb{R}, a > 0$$

(II)
$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$

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$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$
 (III) $1 + \tan^2 x = \sec^2 x$ (IV) $1 + \cot^2 x = \csc^2 x$

$$(IV) 1 + \cot^2 x = \csc^2 x$$

(V)
$$\cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}$$

(V)
$$\cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}$$
 (VI) $\sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2}$

(VII)
$$\operatorname{sen} a \cos b = \frac{\operatorname{sen} (a-b) + \operatorname{sen} (a+b)}{2}$$

(VII)
$$\operatorname{sen} a \cos b = \frac{\operatorname{sen} (a-b) + \operatorname{sen} (a+b)}{2}$$
 (VIII) $\operatorname{sen} a \operatorname{sen} b = \frac{\cos(a-b) - \cos(a+b)}{2}$

(IX)
$$\cos a \cos b = \frac{\cos(a-b) + \cos(a+b)}{2}$$

RESPOSTAS DA LISTA 3

1.
$$x \arcsin x + \sqrt{1 - x^2} + C$$

$$2. \ \sin x - x \cos x + C$$

3.
$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \ln x - \frac{1}{9}x^3 + C$$

$$4. x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x + C$$

5.
$$\frac{1}{2} \left(x^2 \arctan x - x + \arctan x \right) + C$$

6.
$$\frac{1}{2} (\sec x \tan x + \ln |\sec x + \tan x|) + C$$

7.
$$x(\ln x)^3 - 3x(\ln x)^2 + 6x \ln x - 6x + C$$

8.
$$\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\ln x - \frac{4}{9}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$$

9.
$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(\ln x)^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2(\ln x) + \frac{1}{4}x^2 + C$$

10.
$$\frac{1}{\ln 3} x 3^x - \frac{1}{(\ln 3)^2} 3^x + C$$

11.
$$x \tan x - \ln|\sec x| + C$$

12.
$$\frac{1}{2}x(\text{sen}(\ln x) - \cos(\ln x)) + C$$

13.
$$x \operatorname{arcsec} \sqrt{x} - (x-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} + C$$

14.
$$\ln x \ln(\ln x) - \ln x + C$$

15.
$$2\sqrt{x} \arctan(\sqrt{x}) - \ln(1+x) + C$$

16.
$$\frac{1}{4} \sec^3 x \tan x - \frac{1}{8} \sec x \tan x - \frac{1}{8} \ln|\sec x + \tan x| + C$$

17.
$$-\frac{1}{4}\csc^3 x \cot x - \frac{3}{8}\cot x \csc x - \frac{3}{8}\ln|\csc x - \cot x| + C$$

18.
$$-\frac{1}{10}\cos 5x - \frac{1}{2}\cos x + C$$

19.
$$\frac{3}{8}x + \frac{1}{32}\sin 4x - \frac{1}{4}\sin 2x + C$$

20.
$$\frac{1}{16}x - \frac{1}{64}\sin 4x - \frac{1}{48}\sin^3 2x + C$$

$$21. -\frac{1}{5}\cos^3 x \sin^2 x - \frac{2}{15}\cos^3 x + C$$

22.
$$\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{sen}^5 x - \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{sen}^3 x + \operatorname{sen} x + C$$

23.
$$\frac{2}{7}\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}x - \frac{2}{3}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}x\Big|_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{8}{21}$$

24.
$$\frac{1}{3}\cos^{-3}x - \cos^{-1}x + C$$

25.
$$\left(\frac{1}{3\pi} \operatorname{sen} \frac{3\pi x}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{sen} \frac{\pi x}{2}\right) \Big]_0^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3\pi}$$

26.
$$\frac{1}{4} \sec^3 x \tan x - \frac{1}{8} \sec x \tan x - \frac{1}{8} \ln|\sec x + \tan x| + C$$

27.
$$\frac{1}{7}\sec^7 x - \frac{2}{5}\sec^5 x + \frac{1}{3}\sec^3 x + C$$

$$28. \ \frac{2}{5}\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}x - 2\sec^{\frac{1}{2}}x + C$$

29.
$$\sec x + 2\sec^{-1}x - \frac{1}{3}\sec^{-3}x + C$$

30.
$$\cot x - \frac{1}{3}\cot^3 x + x + C$$