Universidade Federal Fluminense

LISTA 12 - 2010-2

EGM - Instituto de Matemática

EDO linear de ordem n

GMA - Departamento de Matemática Aplicada

com coeficientes constantes:

Método dos coeficientes indeterminados

Método de variação dos parâmetros

Nos exercícios 1 a 12 encontre a solução geral da EDO linear homogênea.

1.
$$y'' - 36y = 0$$

5.
$$y'' + 3y' - 5y = 0$$

10.
$$y'' + y'' - 2y = 0$$

2.
$$y'' + 9y = 0$$

6.
$$y'' - 4y' + 5y = 0$$

11.
$$16y^{iv} + 24y'' + 9y = 0$$

3.
$$y'' - y' - 6y = 0$$

7.
$$3y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

8. y''' - y = 0

11.
$$10y + 24y + 9y =$$

12. $u^{(5)} - 16u' = 0$

4.
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 8\frac{dy}{dx} + 16y = 0$$

9.
$$y''' - 5y'' + 3y' + 9y = 0$$

Nos exercícios 13 e 14 resolva o PVI.

13.
$$y''' + 12y'' + 36y' = 0$$
; $y(0) = 0$; $y'(0) = 1$; $y''(0) = -7$

14.
$$y^{(4)} - 3y^{(3)} + 3y'' - y' = 0;$$
 $y(0) = y'(0) = 0;$ $y''(0) = y'''(0) = 1$

Nos exercícios 15 a 21 resolva as equações, usando o método dos coeficentes indeterminados.

15.
$$y'' - y' + \frac{1}{4}y = 3 + e^{x/2}$$

16.
$$y'' + y = 2x \operatorname{sen} x$$

17.
$$y'' + 4y = (x^2 - 3) \sin 2x$$

18.
$$y'' + 2y' + y = \sin x + 3\cos 2x$$

19.
$$y''' - 3y'' + 3y' - y = x - 4e^x$$

20.
$$y''' - y'' + y' - y = xe^x - e^{-x} + 7$$

21.
$$16u^{(4)} - u = e^{x/2}$$

Nos exercícios 22 a 24 resolva as equações.

22.
$$y'' - y = 1/x$$
, $x > 0$

23.
$$4y'' + 36y = \csc 3x$$
, $x \in (0, \pi/6)$

24.
$$y''' - y'' + y' - y = e^{-x} \sin x$$

Nos exercícios 25 e 26 resolva o PVI.

25.
$$y^{iv} + 2y'' + y = \sin x$$
, $y(0) = 2$; $y'(0) = 0$; $y''(0) = -1$; $y'''(0) = 1$

26.
$$y''' - y'' + y' - y = \sec x$$
; $y(0) = 2$; $y'(0) = -1$; $y''(0) = 1$

RESPOSTAS DA LISTA 12 (Com indicação ou resumo de algumas resoluções)

1.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{6x} + C_2 e^{-6x}$$

$$C_1 e^{6x} + C_2 e^{-6x}$$
 6. $y(x) = C_1 e^{2x} \cos x + C_2 e^{2x} \sin x$

2.
$$y(x) = C_1 \cos 3x + C_2 \sin 3x$$

3. $y(x) = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^{-2x}$

8.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{\frac{-x}{2}} \cos \frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2} + C_3 e^{\frac{-x}{2}} \sin \frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}$$

4.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{-4x} + C_2 x e^{-4x}$$

9.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 e^{3x} + C_3 x e^{3x}$$

5.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{\frac{-3-\sqrt{29}}{2}x} + C_2 e^{\frac{-3+\sqrt{29}}{2}x}$$

10.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^x + e^{-x} (C_2 \cos x + C_3 \sin x)$$

7. $y(x) = C_1 e^{\frac{-x}{3}} \cos \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{2} + C_2 e^{\frac{-x}{3}} \sin \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{2}$

11.
$$y(x) = C_1 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + C_2 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + C_3 x \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + C_4 x \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)$$

12.
$$y(x) = C_1 + C_2 e^{2x} + C_3 e^{-2x} + C_4 \cos 2x + C_5 \sin 2x$$

13.
$$y(x) = \frac{5}{36} - \frac{5}{36}e^{-6x} + \frac{x}{6}e^{-6x}$$

14.
$$y(x) = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3}e^x + \frac{2}{3}xe^x - \frac{1}{6}x^2e^x$$

15.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{x/2} + C_2 x e^{x/2} + 12 + \frac{x^2 e^{x/2}}{2}$$

16.
$$y(x) = C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x - \frac{x^2 \cos x}{2} + \frac{x \sin x}{2}$$

17.
$$y(x) = C_1 \cos 2x + C_2 \sin 2x + \frac{25}{32}x \cos 2x + \frac{1}{16}x^2 \sin 2x - \frac{1}{12}x^3 \cos 2x$$

18.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 x e^{-x} - \frac{\cos x}{2} + \frac{12 \sin 2x}{25} - \frac{9 \cos 2x}{25}$$

19.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^x + C_2 x e^x + C_3 x^2 e^x - x - 3 - \frac{2}{3} x^3 e^x$$

20.
$$y(x) = C_1 + C_2 \cos x + C_3 \sin x - 7 + \frac{1}{4} e^{-x} - \frac{1}{2} x e^x + \frac{1}{4} x^2 e^x$$

21.
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{x/2} + C_2 e^{-x/2} + C_3 \cos(x/2) + C_4 (\sin x/2) + \frac{1}{8} e^{x/2}$$

22.
$$y = C_1 e^x + C^2 e^{-x} + \frac{1}{2} e^x \int_{x_0}^x \frac{e^{-t}}{t} dt - \frac{1}{2} e^{-x} \int_{x_0}^x \frac{e^t}{t} dt$$

23.
$$y = C_1 \cos 3x + C_2 \sin 3x - \frac{x \cos 3x}{12} + \frac{\sin 3x}{36} \ln|\sin 3x|, \quad x \in (0, \pi/6)$$

24.
$$y = C_1 e^x + C_2 \cos x + C_3 \sin x - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \sin x$$

25.
$$y = 2\cos x + \frac{7}{8}\sin x - \frac{7}{8}x\cos x + \frac{1}{2}x\sin x - \frac{1}{8}x^2\sin x$$

26.
$$y = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\cos x - \frac{5}{2}\sin x - \frac{1}{2}(\cos x)\ln(\cos x) + -\frac{1}{2}(\sin x)\ln(\cos x) - \frac{1}{2}x\cos x - \frac{1}{2}\sin x + \frac{1}{2}e^x \int_0^x \frac{e^{-x}}{\cos x} dx$$