AKENTEN APPIAH-MENKA UNIVERSITY OF SKILLS TRAINING AND ENTREPRENEURIAL DEVELOPMENT

DEPARTMENT OF HOSPITALITY AND ENTREPRENEURIAL DEVELOPMENT

DEPARTMENT OF HOSPITALITY AND TOURISM EDUCATION

END OF SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, AUGUS 2021

INDEX NUMBER______ SIGNATURE_____

PAPER CODE	HOS 362
PAPER TITLE	HOSPITALITY MARKETING
DURATION	2 HOURS
LECTURER	CLAUDIA M. PUMPUNI
INSTRUCTIONS	✓ ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN
	SECTION A & B.
	✓ CAREFULLY READ THE
	QUESTIONS AND CIRCLE THE
AAMUSTED - LIBRARY KUMASI	CORRENT ANSWER.
	✓ ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTION
	FROM SECTION C IN THE ANSWER
	BOOKLET

SECTION A

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1.	Re	enovations of the guest rooms at the Sea	gull Terrace and plans to add an indoor	poo
	are	ea are example of the	concept.	
	a.	Selling		
	b.	Marketing		
	c.	Product		
	d.	Production		
2.	Be	ecause services are characterized by issu	es of inseparability, service providers v	vill
	oft	ften have to:		
	a.	Lower their prices	١	
	b.	Train employees		
	c.	Reduce inventory		
	d.	Minimize the inseparability issue		
3.	A1	1 Restaurant philosophy holds that custo	omers will not buy enough of the	
	org	rganizations products unless the organiza	tion undertakes	
	and	nd promote effort.		
	a.	Product		
	b.	. Production		

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	c.	Selling
	d.	Marketing
4.	Th	e fact that a business traveler will have a very positive check-in experience during
	one	e stay at a hotel and then a very negative check-in experiences the next time is an
	iss	ue related to which service characteristics?
	a.	Variability
	b.	Inseparability
	c.	Perishability
	d.	Intangibility
5.	Ca	rol Veldt has decided to ask selected guests to participate in an extensive survey
	abo	out their experience at Seagull Terrace and about their most desired amenities and
	vac	cation experiences. By implementing the suggestions, she receives from guests,
	Car	rol would be following the concept.
		Production
	b.	Product
	c.	Selling
	d.	Marketing
6.	A((n) is a name, term, sign, symbol, design, or a combination
	of	these, that identifies that maker or seller of a product or service.
•	a.	Service
	b.	Brand
	c.	Co-brand Co-brand
	d.	Internal market
7.	W	e define a as anything that can be offered to a market for attention
		quisition, use, or consumption and that might satisfy a want or need.
		Product
	-	Private brand
		Service variability
		Service
8.	-	product's benefits are communicated and delivered by such as
	•	ality, features, and style and design.
	a.	Private brands
	b.	
	c.	F
		Product mixes
9.	-	you manage a 200-roomhotel, and you only sell 150rooms tonight, you can't
		ckpile the extra 50 rooms to sell tomorrow. This is a problem with the
	of	the service.
	a.	Inseparability
	b.	Perishability
	c.	Variability
	d.	Intangibility
10.		rhaps the best measure of service quality is:
		Low employee turnover
	b.	Customer retention

c. Profitability

	ď	Intangibility
1 1		e as customers cannot take service on a "test drive" meaning we cannot evaluate
11.		em before we use them. This is a problem with the of the
		vices.
	a.	
		Variability
		Intangibility
10		Perishability
12.		casino employee's uniform or a restaurant's fancy front are a means of:
	a.	
		Tangibilizing the service
		Paying attention to the perishability of the service
		Creating overly high expectations on the part of the customer
13.		are human needs as shaped by individual personality and
		ture
		Needs
		Wants
		Values
		Demands
14.	_	means that services cannot be seen, felt, tasted, hear, or smelled
		fore they are bought
		Service inseparability
		Service perishability
		Service intangibility
		Service heterogeneity
15.		here are a number of desirable qualities for a brand name. these include all of the
		lowing EXCEPT
		It should suggest something about the products benefits and qualities
		It should be easy to pronounce, recognize, and number
		The brand should almost always be a long word to get attention
		B and C
16.		oduct planners need to think about products and services on three levels. Each level
		ds more customer value. The most basic level is the, which
	ado	dresses the question, "What is the buyer really buying?"
	a.	Actual product
	b.	Augmented product
	c.	Core benefit
	d.	Co-branding ,
17.	Ot	bie Miller's Steakhouse provides gourmet menu options to its customers, as well as
	im	peccable service. They even allow the customers to hand-select his or her own cut
	of	meat. Here is/are evident
	a.	Only an actual product
	b.	Only an augmented product
	c.	Only a core benefit
	d.	Both a core benefit, an actual product and, an augmented product

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18. Studies have shown the best way to deal with service failure is all of the following		
except:		
a. Give the unhappy customer timely information regarding the failure		
b. Refund the customers money whenever a failure occurs		
c. Replace the unhappy customer with a happier one		
d. Ignore the failure in the hopes that the customer will forget about it		
19. A product is a key element in the overall		
a. Market offering		
b. Brand equity		
c. Brand extension		
d. Co-branding		
20. Which of the following refers to sellers being preoccupied with their own products		
and losing sight of underlying consumer needs?		
a. Selling myopia		
b. Marketing management		
c. Value proposition		
d. Marketing myopia		
21 is defines as a social and managerial process by which individuals and		
organizations obtain what they need and want through value creation and exchange.		
a. Selling		
b. Advertising		
c. Bartering		
d. Marketing		
22. Which of the following statements is true?		
a. The first basic concept of marketing is that of human needs		
b. The second basic concept of marketing is that of human needs		
c. A human need is part of the human makeup		
d. A human need is invented by marketers		
23. Manor Plaza Barber's customers have noticed that the quality of a haircut depends on		
who provides it as well as when, where, and how it is provided. What have the		
customers noticed?		
a. Service intangibility		
b. Service inseparability		
c. Service variability		
d. Service perishability		
24. Krispy Kreme, by delivering hot and fresh donuts to their customers,		
provides		
a. Tangible products		
b. Experiencesc. None of the above		
d. A and C		
25. Because a barber cannot inventory haircuts, which one of the following applies? a. Service intangibility		
a. Service intangibility b. Service variability		
c. Service perishability		
d. Service perishability		
at the modernound		

- 26. Which of the following strategies would a company most likely to use to increase customer satisfaction?
 - a. Firing unprofitable customers
 - b. Divesting
 - c. Lowering prices
 - d. Decreasing the variety of offered services
- 27. A situation whereby a company adopts Mass Production, Mass Distribution and Mass Promotion about the same product and about the same ways to all consumers is referred to as
 - a. Club marketing
 - b. Frequency marketing
 - c. Mass marketing
 - d. Customer satisfaction
- 28. The study of the processes involved when individuals or groups select, purchase, use or dispose off products, services, ideas or experiences to satisfy needs and desires is called
 - a. Lifestyle marketing
 - b. Role making
 - c. Consumer behavior
 - d. Marketing research
- 29. The situation whereby the aim of an organization is to get every possible sales but not to worry about satisfaction of consumers is referred to as
 - a. Production concept
 - b. Selling concept
 - c. Marketing concept
 - d. Social marketing concept
- 30. Customers can not evaluate the quality of the service because of which characteristic of service?
 - a. intangibility
 - b. inseparability
 - c. variability
 - d. perishability
- 31. All of the following statements are true, except:
 - a. Costs include both monetary and non-monetary costs.
 - b. If a product's performance falls short of the customers' expectations, the customers are dissatisfied.
 - c. Marketers must be careful to set the right level of expectations.
 - d. Marketers have no control of customers' expectations
- 32. The hospitality organizations have to train customers just as they train employees is an implication of:
 - a. Intangibility
 - b. Inseparability
 - c. Variability
 - d. Perishability

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- 33. A restaurant that charges a fee to customers who do not show up for reservations is an example of which characteristic of services?
 - a. Intangibility
 - b. Inseparability
 - c. Variability
 - d. Perishability
- 34. Efforts to standardize customer experiences are steps that address which aspect of service?
 - a. Intangibility
 - b. Inseparability
 - c. Variability
 - d. Perishability
- 35. Which of the following are not considered part of the hospitality service industry?
 - a. car rental companies
 - b. hotels and motels
 - c. travel agents and tour operators
 - d. advertising agencies

SECTION B

CIRCLE THE CORRECT ANSWER

- 36. A service firm's ability to hang on its customers does not depend on how consistently it delivers value to them.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 37. An experience such as a vacation can be defined as a market offering.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 38. Market offerings are limited to physical products.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 39. A market is the set of actual and potential buyers of a product.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 40. When backed by buying power, needs become wants.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 41. Amy's office has developed a new format and wording for wills. The staff believes they offer the most in quality, performance, innovative features. Her law office is practicing the production concept.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 42. Anything offered to the market for attention, acquisition and use is referred to as product.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 43. The only variable that generates revenue for the organization is product.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 44. In general, government-run tourism promotion organizations have not assumed responsibility for the quality of the services they promote.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 45. It is no longer possible for one restaurant to sue another over the "trade dress" issue.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 46. Empowerment employees in part means giving them the authority to tend to customer needs.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 47. The perishability of a service is especially a problem when demand fluctuates.
 - a. True
 - b. False

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- 48. So long as a company sets high standards for service quality, it is not necessary to evaluate its actual performance.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 49. Bill Marriott would say that the first set of people you need to satisfy are your customers.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 50. Customer retention is not a particularly good measure of quality.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 51. The core product gives the core satisfaction that consists of benefits derive from the product.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 52. The marketing mix includes production, price, promotion, and packaging; they are known as the four Ps of marketing.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 53. An example of service variability is that within a given Marriott hotel, one registration-desk employee may be cheerful and efficient, where as another may be unpleasant and slow.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 54. Both provider and the customer affect the service outcome.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 55. Most restaurant kitchens would be considered examples of invisible organizations.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 56. Four characteristics of services are intangibility, separability, variability, and perishability.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 57. Trade dress is the distinctive nature of a hospitality industry's total visual image and overall appearance.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 58. Consistency means that customers will receive the expected product without unwanted surprises.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 59. Physical surroundings should be designed to reinforce the product's position in customer's mind.
 - a. True
 - b. False

60. The first basic concept to marketing is that of human wants

- a. True
- b. False

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SECTION C

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION ONE

[15 MARKS]

Use product from the hospitality industry to explain the following terms:

- i. Augmented product
- ii. Facilitating product
- iii. Supporting product

QUESTION TWO

[15 MARKS]

- i. Discuss what constitutes a Marketing Offerings?
- ii. Explain the importance of market offerings to a restaurant manager?

QUESTION THREE

[15 MARKS]

- i. How will a hotel management know that their brand is effective?
- ii. State and explain five (5) elements of a good branding

GOOD LUCK!!!