# Fascoon - Doubt Solving Session - 9th October 2021 - May Batch

	Note: We will start the session @12
	Attendance for the Session:
	Andy
	Poonam
	Prathamesh
	Suresh Yadav
	Mohsin
	Vinay
	Didn't attend today:
	Amit
	Rushi
	Module Completion
	HTML Basics - <b>DONE</b>
	CSS Basics - <b>DONE</b>
	Bootstrap CSS Framework - IN PROGRESS
	Javascript Basics - <b>DONE</b>
	Javascript Advanced - <b>DONE</b>
٠	Github - <b>DONE</b>
	Doubts OR Queries
	Q.1.[Poonam] Constructor this keyword?
	If you want to implement this keyword, always do it using javascript classes.
	Implementing this keyword in normal objects or normal variables is not recommended.

// class Person

```
let country = 'India'
const name = 'Amit'
class Person{
   constructor(firstName, lastName){
        console.log('I am a constructor')
        this.firstName = 'Atul'
        this.lastName = 'Sharma'
    }
    displayInfo(){
        console.log(this.firstName)
        console.log(this.lastName)
    }
}
// object or instance of class person
p1 = new Person()
p1.displayInfo()
console.log(country)
```

#### **Q.2.[Amit]** Mini Revision of Topics Completed?

Let's create a small web app, which will display news dynamically.

# Q.3.[Naresh] Difference between let and const?

- The value of a const doesn't change.
- The value of a let variable can change.

#### Q.4.[Suresh] Difference between Re-declaration and Re-initialization??

- **var** keyword can be re-initialized, or value can be updated from inside and outside the scope.
- **let** keyword can be re-initialized, or value can be updated only from inside the block scope.
- **const** keyword once initialized it cannot be re-initialized.

## Q.5.[Poonam] Terminal Operations??

•	Save the list of commands in a notepad
•	Creating a Folder
	<pre>\$ mkdir <folder-name></folder-name></pre>
•	Go inside the Folder
	<pre>\$ cd <folder-name></folder-name></pre>
•	Go Back
	\$ cd
	Clear Terminal
	\$ clear
	Q.6.[Vinay] What is the use of Return in a Function?
	Ans:
	return keyword is used to return back to the main program the calculated value or output. return value is supposed to saved in a new variable when calling the function.
	calcNewSalary(){

```
const newSalary = this.salary + this.increment
    return newSalary
}
const newSalary = emp1.calcNewSalary()
console.log('New Salary after Hike:', newSalary)
```

**Q.7[Poonam]** Two functions were used in to fetch news and display the newsdata?? How and why these functions were used??

#### Ans:

- 1. Use of nested function calling.
- 2. getNewsData() function is just fetching the news, and storing the data in a variable → news\_data.
- 3. fetchNews() function is calling the getnewsData() function, which is called a nested function call i.e → calling a function from inside a function.
- 4. Once you call fetchNews() function, it will call getNewsData() function
- 5. getNewsData() will update the value of variable → news\_data.
- 6. This news\_data variable will be then given to the HTML View.

#### **Notes:**

- 1. **var** keyword is accessible inside and outside the block scope.
- 2. **let** keyword is accessible only inside the block scope.
- 3. Anything **let** and **const** declared inside the block scope cannot be accessed from outside the block scope.

#### **Practice with Dynamic Data using the following Free APIS**

- https://randomuser.me/api/
- https://newsapi.org
- Javascript Advanced IN PROGRESS
- Advanced Javascript Topics:

- Classes
- Objects → JSON Object , Javascript Object , JSON Array, Object Array
- Arrays
- Functions
- Local Storage
- Session Storage

#### **Questions:**

Q.1[Poonam] What is fetch API, how to get the Data? The Process of API??

#### Ans:

- What is an API???
  - API stands for application programming interface.
- When computers were introduced as a phone, tablet, people started visiting softwares on their smartphones.
- These smartphones did not have access to the same features as the computer back then.
- API creates a common platform, for data to be accessed on all type of computing devices like:
  - Laptop
  - Smartphone
  - Smart TV
  - Radio
  - · Washing Machine which runs on voice assistant
  - Smart Devices like Smart Speaker etc etc etc
- Two popular types of API's are:
  - XML
  - JSON
- What does an API do??
- An API creates and endpoint to access the data in your database.
- Previously, databases were different for applications and websites.

- Now we use the same database for your website and mobile application as well.
- However, the database if written for Web, cannot be accessed on the mobile.
- Which is why we use API endpoints.
- APIs need to be designed.
- Popular technologies to design APIs:
  - Node.js
  - Laravel
  - Express
- Hence, API is just a technology which gives an access point to access the data of a database.
- Popular free APIs for learning software development:
  - News API
  - Random User API
  - Stock Market API etc etc etc
- Javascript Mini App: Display Random user data using Random User API
  - **Q.2[Vinay][General]** Not Understanding Javascript works???

#### Ans:

- 1. Javascript is just a tool, a programming language.
- 2. There are two programming languages:
  - Application Programming languages.
    - Examples:
      - Flutter
      - Javascript
      - PHP
      - Python
  - System Programming languages.
    - Examples:
      - Python
      - C++
      - Rust
- 3. Programming languages are used to create your end product.
  - End Product examples:
    - E-commerce website

- Blog
- Social Media website

# To create a simple recipe book using javascript.

- HTML → Structure of the Application
- CSS → Design of the Application
- Javascript → Behavior of the Application
- Database → NOSQL, MYSQL, Firebase etc etc
  - To store your recipes
  - Storage can be done using tables or collections

## **Module Completion**

- 1. HTML Basics DONE
- 2. CSS Basics DONE
- 3. Bootstrap CSS Framework IN PROGRESS
- 4. Javascript Basics DONE
- 5. Javascript Advanced **DONE**
- 6. Github DONE
- 7. React.js Basics **DONE**

#### **React Topics Done:**

- React Structure
- React Installation
- React Components??
  - Stateful Components
  - Stateless Components

#### React Installation

• To install a react app, use the following command:

```
$ npx create-react-app <name-of-your-app>
```

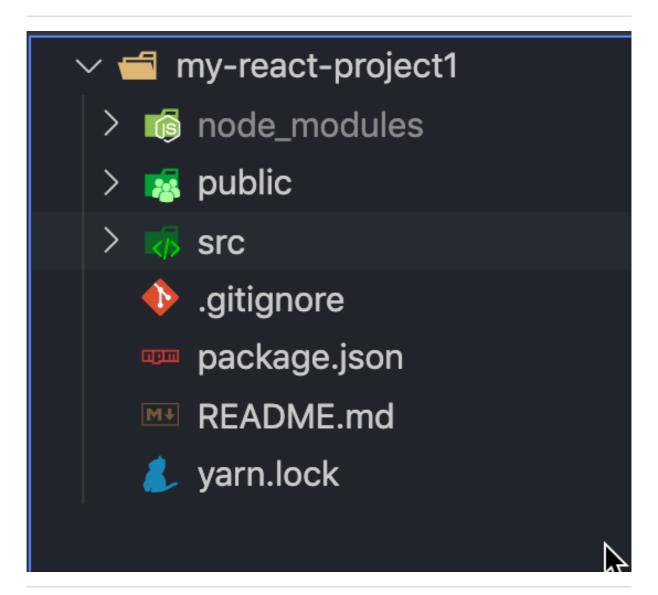
\$ npx create-react-app myReactProject1

• The above command will install the required files to run a react app.

#### What is Yarn?

- Yarn is alternative to npm.
- It was developed by facebook.
- It is not recommended to use both package managers at the same time.
- Either you use yarn or npm.
- It is recommended to use npm over yarn.

# React Application Structure:



- The main parts of your React App Structure are:
  - node\_modules folder:
    - contains the npm packages that is used to build your project.

## public folder:

- contains the index file of your project which is used by the server to process your app.
- · contains metadata of your project.

#### • src:

- contains your components
- contains your assets
- · contains your apis
- contains your state management redux, mobX.

## • app.js file::

• This file will render your application components.

#### index.js file:

• This file will render your app.js file.

## package.json file:

- This file contains the information of the packages you are using.
- Also contains the information of the commands you can run.

#### What are Components???

- In Modern programming, component is a small broken down module of a software program.
- Parts of a software program are broken down into components.
- Some types of these components are:
  - Stateful Components
  - Stateless Components
  - Container Components
  - Dumb Components
  - Smart Components
- Different types of React Components:
  - Class Component
  - Function Component
  - **New →** React Hooks Component

### Stateful Components

• A component which holds some data is called stateful component.

#### Example:

```
import React from 'react'
class ProductInfo extends React.Component(){
      constructor(props){
              super(props);
              this.state = {
                   product_name:'Iphone6',
                   product_price:50000,
                   product_qty:100
              }
      }
      render(){
          return(
              <h1> Products Info </h1>
              )
          }
}
```

# Stateless Components

- A component which holds no data is called a stateless component.
- It is declared using a function.

# Example:

#### Refer the Example

#### **Next Topic:**

- Containers
- React Routing
- **Topic:** Containers

## • What is a Container Component?

- A container component is a component doesn't have its own component.
- A container component has other components imported inside it.
- A Container component is used to create a singlepage of your web application.
- A single page can have multiple components.
  - For Example: Divide tatamotors.com landing page into components?
  - Solution:
    - We need the following components:
      - 1. <NavigationMenu />
      - 2. <Slider1/>
      - 3. <Slider2 />
      - 4. <Latest/>
      - 5. <About us />
      - 6. <Footer/>
    - Hence, tatamotors.com main page has total 6 components.
    - These components can be imported in a single page which is your container file in react.

• Topic: React Routing

## What is Routing?

- Routing in programming means switching from one page to another OR switching from one component to another component.
- Routes are created to switch between components or pages.
- The user will be given a link in the View of your application to navigate to that specific page.
- Creating Routing Configuration in your React Application:
- **Step1:** Install your react router
- For web applications you will use → react-router-dom

```
$ npm i react-router-dom
```

• Step2: Import BrowserRouter from react-router-dom in your application root file.

```
import { BrowserRouter as Router } from 'react-router-dom'
```

Step3: Wrap the Router around your main <App /> Component

- **Step4:** Create your Routes
- You can create routes in your App.js file or separately in a new file like Routes.js
- Import Switch and Route from react-router-dom

```
import { Switch,Route } from 'react-router-dom'
```

# Topic: Adding Links using react-router-dom

## What is the difference between HTML Anchor Tag and React Link Tag??

- HTML Anchor Tag is used to do navigate between pages.
- It has attribute or properties like href.
- href is given the value of the page you want to navigate to.
- React Link tag is similar to HTML Anchor Tag.
- However, it does not refresh the entire page.
- Instead, it just switches the component which needs to be switched.
- React Link helps to reduce the refresh rate of the website.
- Also the pages are switched very fast and enhances the User Experience.

## Creating Links using your React-Router

• **Step1:** Import Link from react-router-dom

```
import { Link } from 'react-router-dom'
```

Step2: Create the Link Tag

```
<Link to='/dashboard' />
```

Difference between HTML <a> Tag and React <Link> Tag??

```
<a href='/dashboard' />
```

```
<Link to='/dashboard' />
```

## • Topic: 404 Route

- If the route is not found in your application, then the 404 Route will be trigged by the React Router.
- Usually the 404 Route is by default created by many web technologies such as PHP,
   Laravel etc etc.
- However in react, you need to create your custom 404 Page.

## Creating a 404 Route in React

• **Step1:** Create a component for the 404 Route

• **Step2:** Design the component with some CSS

```
.not-found-page{
    top:10%;
    left:10%;
    position:fixed;
}
```

• **Step3:** Create a Route in your router to activate the 404 Page

```
<Route path='*' component={Page404} />
```

## **Questions:**

# Q.1[Andy]

Why we do import:

```
import {Route} from ' react-route-dom'
```

Instead of:

```
import Route from ' react-route-dom'
```

## Ans:

• Because it is a not a default exported file.

# **Q.2[Poonam]** Types of file exports

# 1. Default Exports:

• If you want to export a file, **after you create it** use default exports

# 2. Normal Exports:

• If you want to export a file, when you are creating it. then just use a normal export.

**Topic:** Passing Dynamic data using React Link Tags

We can pass data in the url.

```
<Link to='/player/:id'/>
```

• We can pass data in the body.

```
<Link to={{
          pathname:'/mumbai-indians',
          props:{
                owner:'Nita Ambani',
                 head_coach:'Mahela Jayawardene',
                 bowling_coach:'Shane Bond'
          }
    }}>
</Link>
```

## **Questions and Doubts:**

Q.1[Poonam] Form Submission in React?

#### Ans:

In React, form submission can be handled using various ways.

- Let us look at one approach.
  1. Create your HTML Form.
  2. Create submitData() function for the form and add it as an attribute of the <form> tag.
- 3. Create handleInputChange() function and add it as an attribute to all the HTML Input tags in the form.