

Lab: Myshell - Impl. your own shell in C

In this lab, you are asked to implement your own library to support the shell commands. We did an exercise in the last class where you implement basic `echo` command using File I/O functions in standard C library. In this lab, it is an extension to that exercise and you will implement shell commands for `cat`, redirection, `touch`.

We call our shell commands with prefix `my_` and the following is what the outcome of this lab will look like. Note that we use `@` instead of `>` to represent redirection in `myshell`.

```
./my_cat file1
./my_echo Alice
./my_echo Alice @ file1
./my_echo Alice @@ file1
./my_cat file1
./my_touch file1
```

This lab consists of the following tasks:

1. Set up the project framework using Makefile
2. Implement `my_printf` using file I/O
3. Implement `my_echo`
4. Implement `my_echo` with redirection
5. Implement `my_cat`
6. Implement `my_touch`

7. Framework Setup

This project will include two types of source files: library program and main program. The library program will realize the core functions for `myshell` and the main program translates the `myshell` commands to the calls of these C functions.

```
./main_printf.c
./main_echo.c
./main_cat.c
./main_touch.c
./Makefile
./lib_myshell.c
./header.h
```

- Create a directory for this project.
- Write a Makefile [\[link\]](#) that is compatible with the file organization as above.
 - `make echo` will compile `main_echo.c` and `lib_myshell.c`.
 - `make echo` will generate executable `my_echo` and runs it by `./my_echo Alice @@ file1`

Makefile

```
SRCS = main_printf.c main_echo0.c main_echo.c main_cat.c myshell.c
OBJS = $(SRCS:.c=.o)
CFLAGS = -g -I.

printf: $(OBJS)
    $(CC) main_$.o myshell.o
    ./a.out

echo0: $(OBJS)
    $(CC) main_$.o myshell.o -o my_echo
    ./my_echo Alice

echo: $(OBJS)
    $(CC) main_$.o myshell.o -o my_echo
    -rm file1 file2
```

```

./my_echo Alice @ file1
./my_echo Bob @@ file1
cat file1
./my_echo Charlie @ file1
cat file1
./my_echo David @@ file2
cat file2

cat: $(OBSJ)
$(CC) main $@.o myshell.o -o my_cat
./my_cat file1

clean:
    rm *.o *.out

```

2. Implement my_printf

- Write a library function void my_printf(char* str) in myshell.c
 - Write a function to get length of an array int my_strlen(char* str)
- Write a main function in main_printf.c
 - The goal is to call my_printf("Hello\n"); in main_printf.c
 - Put the following in file header.h

```

#ifdef !defined(HEADER_H)
#define HEADER_H
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h> //lseek, STDIN_FILENO
#include<stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#define FILE_MODE (S_IRUSR | S_IWUSR | S_IRGRP | S_IROTH)

void err_sys(const char* x);
int my_strlen(char* format_string);
void my_echo(int fd, char* str);
void my_printf(char* format_string);

#endif

```

3. Implement my_echo

- Write a library function void my_echo(int fd, char* str) in myshell.c
- Write a main function in main_echo.c
 - The goal is to run command ./my_echo Alice

4. Implement my_echo with redirection

- Write a library function void my_echo(int fd, char* str) in myshell.c
- Write a main function in main_echo.c
 - The goal is to run command ./my_echo Alice @ file1
 - and command ./my_echo Bob @@ file1

5. Implement my_cat

- Write a library function void my_cat(char* filename) in myshell.c
- Write a main function in main_cat.c
 - The goal is to run command `./my_cat file1

6. Implement my_touch

- Write a library function void my_touch(char* filename) in myshell.c
- Write a main function in main_touch.c

- The goal is to run command `./my_touch file1`