

1. Solve the following linear equation by Cholesky decomposition (check for symmetric matrix) and Gauss-Seidel to a precision of  $10^{-6}$ . [5]

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 4 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. Solve the following linear equation by Gauss-Jordon and LU factorization. [5]

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & 4 & 10 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 3 & 13 \\ 11 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 7 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 20 \\ 15 \\ 92 \\ 51 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Solve the following *almost* sparse system  $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  using and Conjugate Gradient to find the inverse of the matrix  $\mathbf{A}$  to a precision of  $10^{-4}$ . Check the correctness of inverse. [10]

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 4 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5/3 \\ 2/3 \\ 3 \\ -4/3 \\ -1/3 \\ 5/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

4. Find the inverse of the following matrix using Conjugate Gradient by generating the matrix on fly *i.e.* without actually storing it. It is a two-dimensional  $50 \times 50$  system with periodic boundary condition Plot the residue versus iteration steps. Use  $m = 0.2$  and convergence criteria to be  $\epsilon = 10^{-6}$ . [10]

$$\mathbf{A} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \delta_{x+\hat{\mu},y} + \delta_{x-\hat{\mu},y} - 2\delta_{x,y} \right) + m^2 \delta_{x,y}$$

where  $\hat{\mu} \equiv \hat{x}$  or  $\hat{y}$