```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define N 5
#define THINKING 2
#define HUNGRY 1
#define EATING 0
#define LEFT (phnum + 4) % N
#define RIGHT (phnum + 1) % N
int state[N];
int phil[N] = {0, 1, 2, 3, 4};
sem_t mutex;
sem_t S[N];
void test(int phnum) {
  if (state[phnum] == HUNGRY
    && state[LEFT] != EATING
    && state[RIGHT] != EATING) {
    // state that eating
    state[phnum] = EATING;
    sleep(2);
    printf("Philosopher %d takes fork %d and %d\n",
        phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
    printf("Philosopher %d is Eating\n", phnum + 1);
    // sem_post(&S[phnum]) has no effect
    // during takefork
    // used to wake up hungry philosophers
    // during putfork
    sem_post(&S[phnum]);
  }
}
// take up chopsticks
void take_fork(int phnum) {
  sem_wait(&mutex);
  // state that hungry
  state[phnum] = HUNGRY;
  printf("Philosopher %d is Hungry\n", phnum + 1);
  // eat if neighbours are not eating
  test(phnum);
  sem_post(&mutex);
```

```
// if unable to eat wait to be signalled
  sem_wait(&S[phnum]);
  sleep(1);
}
// put down chopsticks
void put_fork(int phnum) {
  sem_wait(&mutex);
  // state that thinking
  state[phnum] = THINKING;
  printf("Philosopher %d putting fork %d and %d down\n",
      phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
  printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", phnum + 1);
  test(LEFT);
  test(RIGHT);
  sem_post(&mutex);
}
void *philospher(void *num) {
  while (1) {
    int *i = num;
     sleep(1);
     take_fork(*i);
     sleep(0);
     put_fork(*i);
  }
}
int main() {
  int i;
  pthread_t thread_id[N];
  // initialize the semaphores
  sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
  for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
    sem_init(&S[i], 0, 0);
  for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    // create philosopher processes
     pthread_create(&thread_id[i], NULL,
              philospher, &phil[i]);
     printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", i + 1);
  }
```

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
     pthread_join(thread_id[i], NULL);
}
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int mutex=1,full=0,empty=3,x=0;
int main()
  int n;
  void producer();
  void consumer();
  int wait(int);
  int signal(int);
  printf("\n1.Producer\n2.Consumer\n3.Exit");
  while(1)
  {
   printf("\nEnter your choice:");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   switch(n)
   {
      case 1: if((mutex==1)&&(empty!=0))
            producer();
          else
            printf("Buffer is full!!");
          break;
case 2: if((mutex==1)&&(full!=0))
           consumer();
            printf("Buffer is empty!!");
          break;
      case 3:
          exit(0);
          break;
   }
  }
  return 0;
int wait(int s)
  return (--s);
}
```

```
int signal(int s)
 return(++s);
void producer()
 mutex=wait(mutex);
 full=signal(full);
 empty=wait(empty);
 χ++;
 printf("\nProducer produces the item %d",x);
 mutex=signal(mutex);
void consumer()
 mutex=wait(mutex);
 full=wait(full);
 empty=signal(empty);
 printf("\nConsumer consumes item %d",x);
 mutex=signal(mutex);
}
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#define NUM_CUSTOMERS 3
sem_t mutex;
void *customer(void *customerID) {
  while (1) {
    sem_wait(&mutex);
    int customerNum = *((int *) customerID);
    // 顾客到达并尝试获取桌子
    printf("顾客 %d 到达。\n", customerNum);
    // 顾客占用桌子
    printf("顾客 %d 占用桌子。\n", customerNum);
    // 模拟用餐时间
    sleep(2); // 假设为两小时的自助晚餐时间
    // 顾客用餐结束并释放桌子
    printf("顾客 %d 用餐结束并释放桌子。\n", customerNum);
    sem_post(&mutex);
  }
}
```

```
int main() {
    pthread_t customers[NUM_CUSTOMERS];
    int customerIDs[NUM_CUSTOMERS] = {1, 2, 3};
    sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);

    // 创建顾客线程
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_CUSTOMERS; i++) {
        pthread_create(&customers[i], NULL, customer, &customerIDs[i]);
    }

    // 等待顾客线程结束
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_CUSTOMERS; i++) {
        pthread_join(customers[i], NULL);
    }

    sem_destroy(&mutex);
    return 0;
```