

Hall-current sensor “CSLA2CD”

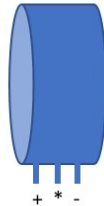
Pins from left to right

+ Positive V_d supply

* measurement pin

- GND

Closed plastic
With text



Open plastic
Magnet visible



Measurement should be performed between measurement pin * and GND –

Example

If the sensor is supplied with 8 volts, when no current is measured by the sensor, it simply divides it's supply voltage by 2. The voltage measured will then be $8/2 = 4$ V.

For every A that the sensor measures it will output 0,033 V.

The conversion formula will be as follows:

$$\text{Measured } A = \frac{V_{\text{Sensor}} - 2 \text{ V}}{0.033 \text{ V}}$$

So if the Sensor voltage is 5 V the amps will be 30,30 A in the wire through the sensor.

$$\text{Measured A: } \frac{5 \text{ V} - 2 \text{ V}}{0.033 \text{ V}} = 30,30 \text{ A}$$

Source: <http://www.scienceshareware.com/how-to-measure-AC-DC-current-with-a-hall-effect-clamp-.htm>