

Data Mining Assignment 3

- 1) Read Chapter 6 (only sections 6.1 and 6.7).
- 2) Do Chapter 6 textbook problem #2 (parts a,b,c,d only) on page 404. Consider the data set shown in Table 6.22

Table 6.22. Example of market basket transactions.

| Customer ID | Transaction ID | Items Bought |
|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | 0001 | {a, d, e} |
| 1 | 0024 | {a, b, c, e} |
| 2 | 0012 | {a, b, d, e} |
| 2 | 0031 | {a, c, d, e} |
| 3 | 0015 | {b, c, e} |
| 3 | 0022 | {b, d, e} |
| 4 | 0029 | {c, d} |
| 4 | 0040 | {a, b, c} |
| 5 | 0033 | {a, d, e} |
| 5 | 0038 | {a, b, e} |

- (a) Compute the support for item sets {e}, {b,d}, and {b,d,e} by treating each transaction ID as a market basket.

$$s(\{e\}) = 8/10 = 0.8$$

$$s(\{b,d\}) = 2/10 = 0.2$$

$$s(\{b,d,e\}) = 2/10 = 0.2$$

- (b) Use the results in part (a) to compute the confidence for the association rules {b,d} → {e} and {e} → {b,d}. Is confidence a symmetric measure?

$$c(\{b,d\} \rightarrow \{e\}) = 0.2/0.2 = 100\%$$

$$c(\{e\} \rightarrow \{b,d\}) = 0.2/0.8 = 25\%$$

No, confidence is not a symmetric measure.

(c) Repeat part (a) by treating each customer ID as a market basket. Each item should be treated as a binary variable (1 if an item appears in at least one transaction bought by the customer, and 0 otherwise.)

$$s(\{e\}) = 4/5 = 0.8$$

$$s(\{b,d\}) = 5/5 = 1$$

$$s(\{b,d,e\}) = 4/5 = 0.8$$

(d) Use the results in part (c) to compute the confidence for the association rules $\{b,d\} \rightarrow \{e\}$ and $\{e\} \rightarrow \{b,d\}$

$$c(\{b,d\} \rightarrow \{e\}) = 0.8 / 1 = 80\%$$

$$c(\{e\} \rightarrow \{b,d\}) = 0.8 / 0.8 = 100\%$$

3) Do Chapter 6 textbook problem #6 (parts d,e only) on page 406. Consider the market basket transactions shown in Table 6.23

Table 6.23. Market basket transactions.

| Transaction ID | Items Bought |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | {Milk, Beer, Diapers} |
| 2 | {Bread, Butter, Milk} |
| 3 | {Milk, Diapers, Cookies} |
| 4 | {Bread, Butter, Cookies} |
| 5 | {Beer, Cookies, Diapers} |
| 6 | {Milk, Diapers, Bread, Butter} |
| 7 | {Bread, Butter, Diapers} |
| 8 | {Beer, Diapers} |
| 9 | {Milk, Diapers, Bread, Butter} |
| 10 | {Beer, Cookies} |

(d) Find an itemset (of size 2 or larger) that has the largest support.

{Bread, Butter}

(e) Find a pair of items, a and b, such that the rules {a} → {b} and {b} → {a} have the same confidence.

{Beer, Cookies} or {Bread, Butter}

4) Using the data at www.stats202.com/more_stats202_logs.txt and treating each row as a "market basket" compute the support and confidence for the rule `ip=65.57.245.11 → "Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686 (x86_64); en-US; rv:1.8.1.3) Gecko/20070309 Firefox/2.0.0.3"`.

$\text{Support}(S) = 1385 / 14803 = 9\%$

$\text{Confidence}(c) = 1385 / 5018 = 27\%$

State what the support and confidence values mean in plain English in this context.

9% support means there are only 9percent of the records which have this `ip=65.57.245.11` and the crawler="Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686 (x86_64); en-US; rv:1.8.1.3) Gecko/20070309 Firefox/2.0.0.3".

Whereas the confidence is 27% times it is that crawler of all the times where it's the `ip=65.57.245.11`