

Today's Content:

- Prefix Sum Introduction
- Problems based on prefix sum

Q8) Given N array elements & Q queries in same array

for each query calculate sum of all elements in Given Range?

$$O = \underline{\underline{[L \leq i \leq R] \times N}}$$

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
ar[10] :	-3	6	2	4	5	2	8	-9	3	1

Q8=6

Idea:

For all queries, iterate from L-R & get sum

L R

4 8 : 9

3 7 : 10

1 3 : 12

0 4 : 14

6 9 : 3

7 7 : -9

Pseudocode:

// Given ar[N] # Input size
Read Q; # No. of queries

for (int i = 0; i < Q; i++) {

 Read L & R

 int sum = 0

 for (int j = L; j <= R; j++) {

 sum = sum + ar[j]

 } print (sum)

TC: $O(N)$

Overall TC: $Q * [O(N)] \Rightarrow TC: O(N * Q)$

Overall SC: $O(1)$

// Given Indian Team Scores for first 10 Overs of Batting

After Every Over Current Score given

Overs : 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Scores : 2 8 14 29 31 49 65 79 88 97

↳ Cumulative data from start / answered range queries easily

Total amount earned in last hour = 97 over

amount earned in
After 5th hour

After 10th hour

Total amount earned in last 5 hours =

$$\text{After } 5^{\text{th}} \text{ hour} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 31 \\ \hline \end{array} + 66 = \text{After } 10^{\text{th}} \text{ hour} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 97 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

6, 7, 8, 9, 10

Total amount earned in 7th hour = After 6th hour + 16 = After 7th hour

$$\text{After } 6^{\text{th}} \text{ hour} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 41 \\ \hline \end{array} + 16 = \text{After } 7^{\text{th}} \text{ hour} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 57 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Total runs scored from [3-6] = After 2nd over + 41 = After 6 overs

$$\text{After } 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ over} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 8 \\ \hline \end{array} + 41 = \text{After } 6 \text{ overs} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 49 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

3rd/4th/5th/6th

Total runs scored from [1-5] = After 5th over

$$\text{After } 5^{\text{th}} \text{ over} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 31 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Total runs scored from [4-8] = After 3rd over + 65 = After 8th over

$$\text{After } 3^{\text{rd}} \text{ over} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 14 \\ \hline \end{array} + 65 = \text{After } 8^{\text{th}} \text{ over} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 79 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4, 5, 6, 7, 8

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
$ar[0]$	-3	6	2	4	5	2	8	-9	3	1

$pf[0]$	-3	3	5	9	14	16	24	15	18	19
---------	----	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

Calculations from 0th index = prefix sum

$pf[3] = 9 = \text{sum of all array elements from } [0-3]$

$pf[5] = 16 = \text{sum of all array elements from } [0-5]$

Un above pf answer below Question?

L R

$$\text{sum}[4 \underbrace{\quad}_{=}, 8] = ar[4] + ar[5] + ar[6] + ar[7] + ar[8]$$

Add sum [0 3] in both sides

$$\text{sum}[0 \quad 3] + \text{sum}[4 \quad 8] = \begin{array}{l} ar[4] + ar[5] + ar[6] + ar[7] + ar[8] \\ ar[0] + ar[1] + ar[2] + ar[3] \end{array}$$

$$\text{sum}[0 \quad 3] + \text{sum}[4 \quad 8] = pf[8]$$

$$\text{sum}[4 \quad 8] = pf[8] - pf[3]$$

$$\text{sum}[3-7] = \underbrace{\text{sum}[0-7]}_{\downarrow} - \underbrace{\text{sum}[0-2]}_{\downarrow}$$

$$\boxed{\text{sum}[3-7] = \text{pf}[7] - \text{pf}[2]}$$

$$\text{sum}[5-9] = \underbrace{\text{sum}[0-9]}_{\downarrow} - \underbrace{\text{sum}[0-4]}_{\downarrow}$$

$$\boxed{\text{sum}[5-9] = \text{pf}[9] - \text{pf}[4]}$$

$$\text{sum}[2-6] = \underbrace{\text{sum}[0-6]}_{\downarrow} - \underbrace{\text{sum}[0-1]}_{\downarrow}$$

$$\boxed{\text{sum}[2-6] = \text{pf}[6] - \text{pf}[1]}$$

$l > r$

$$\text{sum}[l-r] = \underbrace{\text{sum}[0, r]}_{\downarrow} - \underbrace{\text{sum}[0, l-1]}_{\downarrow}$$

$$\boxed{\text{sum}[l-r] = \text{pf}[r] - \text{pf}[l-1]}$$

$$\text{sum}[0-2] = \text{pf}[2] - \text{pf}[-1]$$

Index

$$L \rightarrow R \Rightarrow \text{sum}[l-r] \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{if } (l==0): \{ \text{pf}[r] \} \\ \text{else } \{ \text{pf}[r] - \text{pf}[l-1] \} \end{cases}$$

Given $ar[N] \rightarrow pf[N]$

$$pf[0] = ar[0]$$

$$pf[1] = ar[0] + ar[1]$$

$$pf[2] = ar[0] + ar[1] + ar[2]$$

$$pf[2] = pf[1] + ar[2]$$

$$pf[0] = ar[0]$$

$$pf[1] = pf[0] + ar[1] = ar[0] + ar[1]$$

$$pf[2] = pf[1] + ar[2] = ar[0] + ar[1] + ar[2]$$

$$pf[3] = pf[2] + ar[3]$$

$$pf[i] = pf[i-1] + ar[i]$$

$$pf[3] = ar[0] + ar[1] + ar[2] + ar[3]$$

$$pf[3] = pf[2] + ar[3]$$

$$pf[i] = ar[0] + ar[1] + ar[2] + ar[3] + \dots + ar[i-1] + ar[i]$$

$$pf[i] = pf[i-1] + ar[i]$$

$$ar[N] \rightarrow \underbrace{0}_{\text{base}} \underbrace{N-1}_{\text{end}}$$

\Rightarrow given $ar[N]$

int $pf[N]$

$$pf[0] = ar[0]$$

$i=1; i \leq N; i++ \{$

$$\} \quad pf[i] = pf[i-1] + ar[i] \rightarrow \{ i=0, \text{ fails} \}$$

$\underline{i=0} \rightarrow [i-1] \rightarrow pf[i-1] \rightarrow \underline{E_{err}}$

// Sum of Q queries

// Given arr[N]

int pf[N]

$$pf[0] = arr[0]$$

i=0; i < N; i++) {

$$pf[i] = pf[i-1] + arr[i]$$

i=0; code fails

Read Q

for (int i=0; i < Q; i++) {

 Read L, R

 if (L == 0) { [0, R]

 print(pf[R])

 } else {

 print(pf[R] - pf[L-1])

$$TC: O(N) + O(Q) \Rightarrow O(N+Q)$$

SC: $O(N)$ ↗ pf[N], extra space
 ↳ we are creating

$$arr[5] \Rightarrow 3 \ 2 \ 6 \ 9 \ 1$$

// Storing cumulative sum in arr[]

$$arr[5] \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 & 11 & 20 & 21 \end{matrix}$$

$$arr[1] = arr[0] + arr[1] = 5$$

$$arr[2] = arr[1] + arr[2] = 11$$

$$arr[3] = arr[2] + arr[3] = 20$$

$$arr[4] = arr[3] + arr[4] = 21$$

Pseudo Code to Store Cumulative in arr[]

arr[0] // It won't change

i=0; i < N; i++) {

$$arr[i] = arr[i-1] + arr[i]$$

We have
cumulative
in arr[]
therefore
 $\rightarrow O(N)$

Read Q

i=0; i < Q; i++) {

 Read L, R ↗ [0, r]

 if (L == 0) { print(arr[r]) }

 else {

 print(arr[r] - arr[L-1])

$\rightarrow O(Q)$

$$TC: O(N+Q) \ SC: O(1)$$

Note: If original array cannot be modified,
in that case above approach won't work

// In general creating pf[], makes code more
readable & understandable

28) Equilibrium Index :- { Company }

Given N array elements, count no of equilibrium index?

An index i is said to be equilibrium index if?

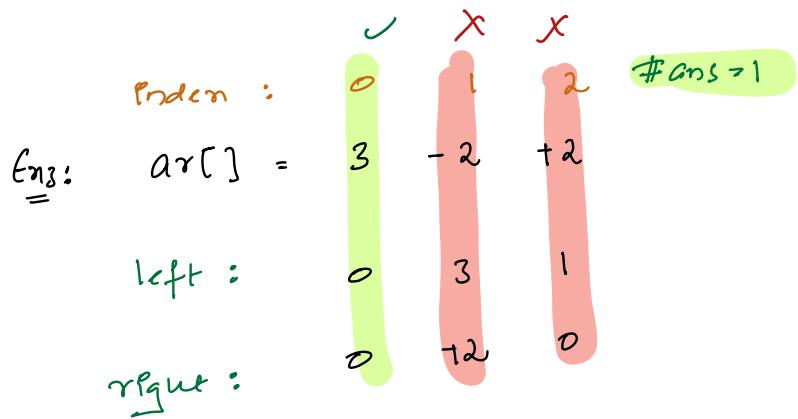
$$\begin{array}{lcl} \text{Sum of all Elements} & & \text{Sum of all Elements} \\ \underline{\text{Before } i^{\text{th}} \text{ index}} & = & \underline{\text{After } i^{\text{th}} \text{ index}} \\ \text{sum}[0, i-1] & = & \text{sum}[i+1, N-1] \end{array}$$

Note: If $i=0$, $\text{left} = 0$

If $i=N-1$, $\text{right} = 0$

Index:	X	X	✓	X	# ans = 1
Ex: $\text{ar}[4]$ =	0	1	2	3	
	-3	2	4	-1	
left =	0	-3	-1	3	
right =	5	3	-1	0	

Index:	X	X	X	✓	X	X	✓	# ans = 2
Ex2: $\text{ar}[7]$ =	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
	-7	1	5	2	-4	3	0	
left :	0	-7	-6	-1	1	3	0	
right :	7	6	1	-1	3	0	0	



Idea: check if every index is equilibrium or not

```
int countEquilibrium(int arr[]){
```

```
    int n = arr.length; } TC: O(N)
```

```
    int c = 0;
```

```
    int pf[N]; {Initialize Value TODO}
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) { } O(N)
```

```
        // If index i is equilibrium index
```

```
        // left = sum [0 i-1] = pf[i-1]
```

```
        int left = 0
```

```
        if (i > 0) { left = pf[i-1] }
```

$$l \quad r \Rightarrow pf[r] - pf[l-1]$$

```
        // right = sum [i+1 N-1] = pf[N-1] - pf[i]
```

```
        int right = pf[N-1] - pf[i]
```

```
        if (left == right) { c = c + 1 }
```

```
}
```

```
return c;
```

Overall TC: $O(N+N) \rightarrow O(N)$ SC: $O(N)$ $\xrightarrow{?} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Because creating} \\ pf[] \end{array} \right\}$

Edge Cases

i=0:

left = pf[-1] : Err

right = pf[N-1] - pf[0]

if i=0, left = 0

i=N-1 : Working

left = pf[N-2]

right = $\frac{pf[N-1] - pf[N-1]}{= 0}$

if i=N-1 right = 0

Important:

- a) Joining class by 7:00AM, session start by 7:05AM
↳ alarm: 6:30am, 6:35am, 6:40am, 6:45am
6:50am, 6:55am, 7:00am
- b) Explaining fours
- c) In Discussion time discuss Poles
- d) If doubts there get clarified

→
2hr:30min : revise 15mins

Once every week spend 1hr on revising everything discussed
→

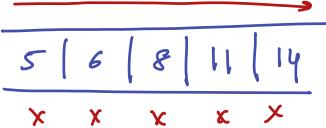
Revision

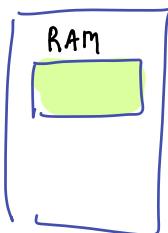
- a) First skim notes
- b) Again from top revise

Doubts

- a) Clarify in today's Content
- b) Last class TODO
- c) Previous assignments
↳ TA?

Doubts:

↳ list :  SC : O(N)



Java:

↳ `ArrayList<Integer> ar = new ArrayList<Integer>(); {
 0 1 2 3
 3 1 4 9
}`

`printList(ArrayList<Integer> ar) {`

`int n = ar.length();`

`for(int i=0; i < n; i++) {`

`print(ar.get(i))`

3

`x=3 | x=1 | x=4 | n=9`
for (int n : ar) {
 print(n),
3