

University of California San Diego

Course #: MAE204 Robotics

Final Project: Milestone 1

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MileStone 1 1

Code1.1

The Python file $trajectory_generation.py$ is as follows:

```
import csv
2
    from math import pi
     import numpy as np
     import modern_robotics as mr
4
     def TrajectoryGenerator(
7
         Tse_initial, Tsc_initial, Tsc_final, Tce_grasp, Tce_standoff, k
     ):
9
         # Calculate the total time for the trajectory
10
11
12
         Segement:
13
         1 A trajectory to move the gripper from its initial configuration to a "standoff" configuration a few cm
14
         \hookrightarrow above the block.
             #Trajectory segments 1 and 5 are longer motions requiring motion of the chassis.
15
             #Segment 1 is calculated from the desired initial configuration of the gripper to the
16
             first standoff configuration
17
             #The gripper trajectories could correspond to constant screw motion paths
             t = 3
19
             gripper state : 0
20
21
             Tse_initial -> Tse_standoff_1
22
         2 A trajectory to move the gripper down to the grasp position.
23
24
             # simple up or down translations of the gripper of a fixed distance. Good
             trajectory segments would be cubic or quintic polynomials taking
26
             a reasonable amount of time (e.g., one second)
27
             t = 1
29
             gripper state : 0
30
31
             Tse_standoff_1 -> Tse_grasp_1
32
33
         3 Closing of the gripper.
34
35
             t = 0.65
36
             gripper state: closed 0 -> 1
37
         4 A trajectory to move the gripper back up to the "standoff" configuration.
39
40
41
             t = 1
             gripper state : 1
42
             Tse_grasp_1 -> Tse_standoff_1
43
44
         5 A trajectory to move the gripper to a "standoff" configuration above the final configuration.
45
46
             t = 3
47
             gripper state : 1
             Tse\_standoff\_1 \rightarrow Tse\_standoff\_2
49
```

```
50
          6 A trajectory to move the gripper to the final configuration of the object.
51
52
53
              gripper state : 1
              Tse\_standoff\_2 \rightarrow Tse\_grasp\_2
54
 55
56
          7 Opening of the gripper.
57
              gripper state: closed 1 -> 0
58
59
          8 A trajectory to move the gripper back to the "standoff" configuration.
60
              t = 1
61
              gripper state : 0
 62
              Tse\_grasp\_2 \rightarrow Tse\_standoff\_2
63
64
          For each line return:
65
          r11, r12, r13, r21, r22, r23, r31, r32, r33, px, py, pz, gripper state
66
67
          # Define the waypoints for the trajectory
68
          Tse_standoff_1 = np.dot(Tsc_initial, Tce_standoff)
          Tse_grasp_1 = np.dot(Tsc_initial, Tce_grasp)
70
          Tse_standoff_2 = np.dot(Tsc_final, Tce_standoff)
71
          Tse_grasp_2 = np.dot(Tsc_final, Tce_grasp)
72
73
          # Segment 1: Move the gripper to the standoff configuration above the block
74
 75
              t = 3
 76
              gripper state : 0
77
              Tse_initial -> Tse_standoff_1
78
 79
80
          N1 = int(t1 * k / 0.01) # Number of reference configurations for segment 1
 81
 82
          gripper_state_1 = 0
          traj_segmt1_list = generate_segment_trajectory(Tse_initial, Tse_standoff_1, t1, N1, 5 ,gripper_state_1)
83
84
 85
          # Segment 2: Move the gripper down to the grasp position
86
87
 88
              gripper state : 0
 89
              Tse\_standoff\_1 \rightarrow Tse\_grasp\_1
90
          t.2 = 1
91
          N2 = int(t2 * k / 0.01) # Number of reference configurations for segment 2
92
          gripper_state_2 = 0
93
          traj_segmt2_list = generate_segment_trajectory(Tse_standoff_1, Tse_grasp_1, t2, N2, 5 ,gripper_state_2)
94
          # Segment 3: Close the gripper
96
              t = 0.65
97
              gripper state: closed 0 -> 1
98
99
100
          N3 = int(t3 * k / 0.01) # Number of reference configurations for segment 3
101
          gripper_state_3 = 1
102
          traj_segmt3_list = generate_segment_trajectory(Tse_grasp_1, Tse_grasp_1, t3, N3, 5 ,gripper_state_3)
103
104
          \# Segment 4: Move the gripper back up to the standoff configuration
105
```

```
11 11 11
106
              t = 1
107
108
               gripper state : 1
109
              Tse\_grasp\_1 \rightarrow Tse\_standoff\_1
110
111
          +.4 = 1
112
          N4 = int(t4 * k / 0.01) # Number of reference configurations for segment 4
          gripper_state_4 = 1
113
          traj_segmt4_list = generate_segment_trajectory(Tse_grasp_1, Tse_standoff_1, t4, N4, 5 ,gripper_state_4)
114
115
          # Segment 5: Move the gripper to the standoff configuration above the final configuration
116
117
              t = 3
              gripper state : 1
119
              Tse\_standoff\_1 \rightarrow Tse\_standoff\_2
120
121
          t5 = 3
122
          N5 = int(t5 * k / 0.01) # Number of reference configurations for segment 5
123
          gripper_state_5 = 1
124
          traj_segmt5_list = generate_segment_trajectory(Tse_standoff_1, Tse_standoff_2, t5, N5, 5
          \hookrightarrow ,gripper_state_5)
126
          # Segment 6: Move the gripper to the final configuration of the object
127
128
              t = 1
129
130
              gripper state : 1
              Tse\_standoff\_2 \rightarrow Tse\_grasp\_2
131
132
          t6 = 1
133
          N6 = int(t6 * k / 0.01) # Number of reference configurations for segment 6
          gripper_state_6 = 1
135
136
          traj_segmt6_list = generate_segment_trajectory(Tse_standoff_2, Tse_grasp_2, t6, N6, 5 ,gripper_state_6)
138
          # Segment 7: Open the gripper
139
140
              t = 0.65
              gripper state: closed 1 -> 0
141
142
143
          t7 = 0.65
144
          N7 = int(t7 * k / 0.01) # Number of reference configurations for segment 7
          gripper_state_7 = 0
145
          traj_segmt7_list = generate_segment_trajectory(Tse_grasp_2, Tse_grasp_2, t7, N7, 5 ,gripper_state_7)
146
147
          # Segment 8: Move the gripper back to the standoff configuration
148
149
             t = 1
              gripper state : 0
151
              Tse\_grasp\_2 \rightarrow Tse\_standoff\_2
152
153
154
          t8 = 1
          N8 = int(t8 * k / 0.01) # Number of reference configurations for segment 8
155
          gripper_state_8 = 0
156
          traj_segmt8_list = generate_segment_trajectory(Tse_grasp_2, Tse_standoff_2, t8, N8, 5 ,gripper_state_8)
157
158
          # combine all the segments list into one list
159
          reference_configs = (
```

```
traj_segmt1_list
161
              + traj_segmt2_list
162
              + traj_segmt3_list
163
164
              + traj_segmt4_list
              + traj_segmt5_list
165
166
              + traj_segmt6_list
167
              + traj_segmt7_list
              + traj_segmt8_list
168
          )
169
170
          # Write the reference configurations to a .csv file
171
          with open("reference_trajectory_1.csv", "w", newline="") as csvfile:
172
              writer = csv.writer(csvfile)
173
              for config in reference_configs:
174
                   writer.writerow(config)
175
176
177
          return reference_configs
178
179
      def rearrange_back(list):
180
          rearrange the 1x12 vector to a matrix T
181
          r11, r12, r13, r21, r22, r23, r31, r32, r33, px, py, pz, gripper state
182
183
          return np.array(
184
               [
185
                   [list[0], list[1], list[2], list[9]],
186
                   [list[3], list[4], list[5], list[10]],
187
                   [list[6], list[7], list[8], list[11]],
188
                   [0, 0, 0, 1],
189
              ]
190
          )
191
192
193
      def rearrange(T, gripper_state):
194
          rearrange the matrix T to a 1x12 vector
195
          r11, r12, r13, r21, r22, r23, r31, r32, r33, px, py, pz, gripper state
196
197
          return [
198
              T[0, 0],
199
              T[0, 1],
200
              T[0, 2],
201
              T[1, 0],
202
203
              T[1, 1],
              T[1, 2],
204
              T[2, 0],
205
              T[2, 1],
206
              T[2, 2],
207
              T[0, 3],
208
              T[1, 3],
209
              T[2, 3],
211
              gripper_state,
          1
212
      def generate_segment_trajectory(Xstart, Xend, Tf, N, method, gripper_state):
214
           """Computes a trajectory as a list of N SE(3) matrices corresponding to
215
            the screw motion about a space screw axis
```

```
:param Xstart: The initial end-effector configuration
217
          :param Xend: The final end-effector configuration
218
219
          :param Tf: Total time of the motion in seconds from rest to rest
220
          :param N: The number of points N > 1 (Start and stop) in the discrete
                    representation of the trajectory
221
222
          :param method: The time-scaling method, where 3 indicates cubic (third-
                          order polynomial) time scaling and 5 indicates quintic
                          (fifth-order polynomial) time scaling
224
          :return: The discretized trajectory as a list of N matrices in SE(3)
225
                   separated in time by Tf/(N-1). The first in the list is Xstart
226
                   and the Nth is Xend.
227
                   rearrange the matrix T to a 1x12 vector
228
          r11, r12, r13, r21, r22, r23, r31, r32, r33, px, py, pz, gripper state
229
          11 11 11
230
          N = int(N)
231
          timegap = Tf / (N - 1.0)
232
          traj = [[None]] * N
233
          for i in range(N):
234
              if method == 3:
235
                  s = mr.CubicTimeScaling(Tf, timegap * i)
              else:
237
                  s = mr.QuinticTimeScaling(Tf, timegap * i)
238
239
              T_curr = np.dot(
240
                  Xstart, mr.MatrixExp6(mr.MatrixLog6(np.dot(mr.TransInv(Xstart), Xend)) * s)
241
242
              traj[i] = rearrange(T_curr, gripper_state)
244
245
          return traj
246
      def main():
247
          # Define the end-effector frame {e}
248
          M_0e = np.array([[1, 0, 0, 0.033], [0, 1, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1, 0.6546], [0, 0, 0, 1]])
          Tb_0 = np.array([[1, 0, 0, 0.1662], [0, 1, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1, 0.0026], [0, 0, 0, 1]])
250
251
          x = 0
252
          y = 0
          phi = 0
253
          T_sb = np.array([[np.cos(phi), -np.sin(phi), 0, x], [np.sin(phi), np.cos(phi), 0, y], [0, 0, 1, 0.0963],
254
          \rightarrow [0, 0, 0, 1]])
          T0_e = np.dot(Tb_0, M_0e)
          T_se = np.dot(T_sb, T0_e)
256
          Tse_initial = T_se
257
258
          Tsc_initial = np.array(
259
              [[1, 0, 0, 1], [0, 1, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1, 0.025], [0, 0, 0, 1]]
260
          ) # Initial configuration of the cube
          Tsc_final = np.array(
262
               [[0, 1, 0, 0], [-1, 0, 0, -1], [0, 0, 1, 0.025], [0, 0, 0, 1]]
263
          ) # Final configuration of the cube
264
265
          s45 = np.sin(np.pi/4)
266
          Tce_grasp = np.array(
267
              [[-s45, 0, s45, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0], [-s45, 0, -s45, 0], [0, 0, 0, 1]]
          ) # Configuration of the end-effector relative to the cube while grasping
269
          Tce_standoff = np.array(
270
               [[-s45, 0, s45, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0], [-s45, 0, -s45, 0.05], [0, 0, 0, 1]]
271
```

```
) # Standoff configuration of the end-effector above the cube
272
          {\bf k} = 1 # Number of trajectory reference configurations per 0.01 seconds
273
          trajectory = TrajectoryGenerator(Tse_initial, Tsc_initial, Tsc_final, Tce_grasp, Tce_standoff, k)
274
275
      if __name__ == "__main__":
276
          main()
277
```

1.2 video link

Here is the link: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1 or BTCStKuJ3ZcXcjsz37vek52pOaVdMH/view?usp=sharing the link: https://drive.google.com/file/d