

User Guide for NeuronID

Jikan Peng (pengjikan@westlake.edu.cn) | Westlake University, China

1. Overview

NeuronID is an open-source, automated toolkit for processing two-photon calcium imaging data, featuring motion correction, noise reduction, neuronal component segmentation, and signal extraction. This guide provides instructions for installing and running the software.

2. System Requirements & Installation

- **Required Software:** MATLAB R2023b or later (MathWorks, USA).
- **Installation:** No formal installation is required. Simply add the NeuronID directory and its subfolders to your MATLAB path.
- **Launching the Application:**
 - **GUI Mode (Recommended):** Type `CSE` in the MATLAB command window, or directly run `CSE.mlapp`.
 - **Code Access:** To inspect or modify the source code, open `CSE.mlapp` in MATLAB's App Designer.

3. Data Preparation

We recommend organizing your data as follows for optimal compatibility:

1. Create a main folder for each subject (e.g., `Mouse#1`).
2. Inside this folder, create a subfolder named `Raw` to store all original two-photon imaging files (e.g., `.tif` stacks).
3. Ensure you have the following metadata for your imaging data:
 - **Pixel Dimensions** (width x height in pixels)
 - **Field of View** (physical size in micrometers, e.g., $512 \mu\text{m} \times 512 \mu\text{m}$)
 - **Imaging Frequency** (frame rate in Hz)

4. Operation Modes

NeuronID offers two primary analysis modes:

- **A. Single-Subject Analysis**
 1. Click `Open Mouse File` and select the subject's main folder (e.g., `Mouse#1`).
 2. Input the required parameters:
 - **Scan Scale Ratio:** (Physical Size per Pixel) = Field of View (μm) / Pixel Dimension.
 - **One F Duration (ms):** Time to acquire one frame = $1000 / \text{Imaging Frequency (Hz)}$.
 3. Click `Calculate` to compute the calcium indicator's decay constant.
 4. Click `One-Click Run (Mouse)` for a fully automated analysis pipeline.
- **B. Batch Analysis (Multiple Subjects)**

1. Ensure all subject folders are within a single parent directory.
2. Prepare a `mouse.xlsx` file listing the information for all subjects (a template is provided in the `Mice` folder).
3. In the `CSE.mlapp` source code, modify the `Path` variable for the One-Click Run (`Mice`) button to point to your parent directory.
4. Click One-Click Run (`Mice`) to process all datasets automatically.

5. Step-by-Step Module Description

For users who wish to execute and validate each step manually, the workflow is broken down into the following modules:

- **5.1. Motion Correction**
 - **Function:** Corrects for rigid and non-rigid motion artifacts.
 - **Action:** Click the Motion Correction button.
 - **Algorithm:** Based on the NoRMCorre algorithm (<https://github.com/flatironinstitute/NoRMCorre>) with custom modifications.
 - **Output:** Corrected images are saved in the Registration folder.
 - **Note:** This step requires significant internal storage. Please ensure adequate disk space.
- **5.2. Noise Reduction**
 - **Function:** Reduces independent noise using a deep learning approach.
 - **Algorithm:** Based on the DeepInterpolation algorithm (<https://github.com/AllenInstitute/deepinterpolation>; <https://github.com/MATLAB-Community-Toolboxes-at-INCF/DeepInterpolation-MATLAB>).
 - **Workflow:**
 1. `Normalize Parameters & Extract Key Frames`: Prepares data for training.
 2. `Train Personal Model`: Performs transfer learning from a pre-trained model (default: 30 Hz). Adjust the `Number of Epoch` as needed.
 3. `Evaluate Personal Model`: Visualizes the training loss curve.
 4. `Denoise Images`: Applies the model to reduce noise.
 - **Quality Control:** Use SNR after Denoise and Evaluate Denoise to assess performance.
 - **Pre-trained Models:** Multiple models for different imaging frequencies are available in the `AIModel` folder. NeuronID will auto-select a compatible model if available.
 - **Output:** Denoised images are saved in the `Denoise` folder.
- **5.3. Segmentation of Neuronal Components**
 - **Function:** Identifies and segments individual neuronal somata.
 - **Workflow:**
 1. `Initialization`: Prepares the data for segmentation.
 2. `Periodic Masks`: Generates preliminary masks from temporal blocks (Default: `Window Size=100, Step Size=20`).

- 3. Potential Location: Identifies and excludes neuropil-associated pixels.
- 4. t-SNE Projection & Central Pixel: Clusters pixels by similarity and identifies key pixels (Default: Number of Center Pixels=9,000).
- 5. Temporal Mask: Integrates information across time to generate a temporal mask.
- 6. Mask Overlap & Combine Masks: Resolves overlapping regions.
- 7. Spatial Mask: Produces the final somatic mask.
- o **Output:** All masks and intermediate results are saved in the Segment folder.
- o **Note:** This step is computationally intensive and requires sufficient internal storage.
- **5.4. Extraction of Neuronal Signal**
 - o **Function:** Extracts and processes fluorescence signals from segmented neurons.
 - o **Workflow:**
 1. Neuronal Fluorescence & Neuropil Fluorescence: Calculates raw signals.
 2. Correct Fluorescence: Removes neuropil contamination and corrects for photobleaching.
 3. Calcium Signals: Calculates $\Delta F/F$ to generate the calcium signal.
 4. Event Signals: Performs deconvolution to infer spiking activity, using the provided Decay Index.
 - o **Output:** Extracted signals are saved in the Signal folder.

6. Utilities

- **Timeline Export:** Use View Frames and Export Timeline to export temporal metadata for each frame.
- **Mask Evaluation:** The Evaluate Mask button allows for quantitative comparison between different segmentation masks.

7. License, Copyright, and Citation

- **Copyright:** The overall architecture, integration code, and original modules of NeuronID are Copyright (c) Jikan Peng, Westlake University.
- **Third-Party Code:** This toolkit incorporates and modifies open-source components, including but not limited to:
 - o **NoRMCorre:** Copyright (c) their respective authors. Source: <https://github.com/flatironinstitute/NoRMCorre>.
 - o **DeepInterpolation:** Copyright (c) their respective authors. Source: (<https://github.com/AllenInstitute/deepinterpolation>; <https://github.com/MATLAB-Community-Toolboxes-at-INCF/DeepInterpolation-MATLAB>).
- **Use:** Use of NeuronID is permitted for non-commercial academic and research purposes only. For any commercial use, please contact the corresponding author.

- **Citation:** If you use NeuronID in your research, please cite our publication.