

Compressor

JI and SC

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1 Estimators

Lets call $g(x, Q)$ the prior set of 1000 replicas and $f(x, Q)$ the set of compressed replicas with N_{rep} (replica r denoted by $f^r(x, Q)$), which is minimized by the GA and $r(x, Q)$ the set of random replicas. The number of random trials of random sets is denoted by N_{rand} . The current GA minimization sums over all estimators presented below. The normalization factors are extracted as the upper 68% cl. band obtained from the random set.

1.1 Central value

$$ERF_{CV} = \frac{1}{N_{CV}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \left(\frac{f_i^{CV}(x_j, Q) - g_i^{CV}(x_j, Q)}{g_i^{CV}(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (1)$$

where

$$f_i^{CV}(x_j, Q) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}} \sum_{r=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} f_i^r(x_j, Q) \quad (2)$$

and

$$N_{CV} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{d=1}^{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \left(\frac{r_i^{d,CV}(x_j, Q) - g_i^{CV}(x_j, Q)}{g_i^{CV}(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (3)$$

1.2 Standard deviation

$$ERF_{STD} = \frac{1}{N_{STD}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \left(\frac{f_i^{STD}(x_j, Q) - g_i^{STD}(x_j, Q)}{g_i^{STD}(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (4)$$

where

$$f_i^{STD}(x_j, Q) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}} \sum_{r=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} f_i^r(x_j, Q)^2 - f_i^{CV}(x_j, Q)^2} \quad (5)$$

and

$$N_{\text{STD}} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{d=1}^{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \left(\frac{r_i^{d,\text{STD}}(x_j, Q) - g_i^{\text{STD}}(x_j, Q)}{g_i^{\text{STD}}(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (6)$$

1.3 Skewness

$$ERF_{\text{SKE}} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{SKE}}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \left(\frac{f_i^{\text{SKE}}(x_j, Q) - g_i^{\text{SKE}}(x_j, Q)}{g_i^{\text{SKE}}(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (7)$$

where

$$f_i^{\text{SKE}}(x_j, Q) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}} \sum_{r=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} (f_i^r(x_j, Q) - f_i^{\text{CV}}(x_j, Q))^3 / (f_i^{\text{STD}}(x_j, Q))^3 \quad (8)$$

and

$$N_{\text{SKE}} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{d=1}^{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \left(\frac{r_i^{d,\text{SKE}}(x_j, Q) - g_i^{\text{SKE}}(x_j, Q)}{g_i^{\text{SKE}}(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (9)$$

1.4 Kurtosis

$$ERF_{\text{KUR}} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{KUR}}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \left(\frac{f_i^{\text{KUR}}(x_j, Q) - g_i^{\text{KUR}}(x_j, Q)}{g_i^{\text{KUR}}(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (10)$$

where

$$f_i^{\text{KUR}}(x_j, Q) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}} \sum_{r=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} (f_i^r(x_j, Q) - f_i^{\text{CV}}(x_j, Q))^4 / (f_i^{\text{STD}}(x_j, Q))^4 \quad (11)$$

and

$$N_{\text{KUR}} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{d=1}^{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \left(\frac{r_i^{d,\text{KUR}}(x_j, Q) - g_i^{\text{KUR}}(x_j, Q)}{g_i^{\text{KUR}}(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (12)$$

1.5 Kolmogorov

$$ERF_{\text{KOL}} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{KOL}}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \sum_{k=1}^6 \left(\frac{F_i^k(x_j, Q) - G_i^k(x_j, Q)}{G_i^k(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (13)$$

where F and Q contains the number of replicas contained in the k regions where the Kolmogorov test is applied, there are 6 regions defined as multiples of standard deviations:

$$[-\infty, -2f_i^{\text{STD}}(x_j, Q), -f_i^{\text{STD}}(x_j, Q), 0, f_i^{\text{STD}}(x_j, Q), 2f_i^{\text{STD}}(x_j, Q), +\infty] \quad (14)$$

We count the number of replicas which fall in each region and then we normalize by the total number of replicas of the respective set.

$$N_{KOL} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{d=1}^{N_{\text{rand}}} \sum_{i=-n_f}^{n_f} \sum_{j=1}^{N_x} \sum_{k=1}^6 \left(\frac{R_i^k(x_j, Q) - G_i^k(x_j, Q)}{G_i^k(x_j, Q)} \right)^2 \quad (15)$$

1.6 Correlation

We define the correlation matrix C for any PDF set as:

$$C_{ij} = \frac{\langle ij \rangle - \langle i \rangle \langle j \rangle}{\sigma_i \cdot \sigma_j} \quad (16)$$

where for each flavor $[-3, 3]$ we define 3 points in x so:

$$\langle i \rangle = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}} \sum_{r=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} f_i^r(x_i, Q) \quad (17)$$

$$\langle ij \rangle = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}} \sum_{r=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} f_i^r(x_i, Q) f_j^r(x_j, Q) \quad (18)$$

$$\sigma_i = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}} \sum_{r=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} (f_i^r(x_i, Q) - \langle i \rangle)^2} \quad (19)$$

We verify the prior trace:

$$g = \text{Tr}(P \cdot P^{-1}) = 21 \quad (20)$$

and store P^{-1} , then we compute the estimator:

$$f = \text{Tr}(C \cdot P^{-1}) \quad (21)$$

for each compressed set. Finally, for the compression we minimize the quantity:

$$ERF_{Cor} = \frac{1}{N_{Cor}} \left(\frac{f - g}{g} \right)^2 \quad (22)$$

where N_{Cor} is computed from the random sets.