

Q1

$$\hat{y} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x \quad (1) \quad \hat{\beta}_0 = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x} \quad (2)$$

Plug \bar{x} to (1) $\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$

plug (2) $\bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x} + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x} = \bar{y}$

So $\bar{y} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$ go through (\bar{x}, \bar{y})

Q2 $\text{Corr}(x, y) = \frac{SS_{xy}}{\sqrt{SS_{xx}} \cdot \sqrt{SS_{yy}}}$

a) $RSS = SS_{yy} - \hat{\beta}_1^2 SS_{xx}$

$$= SS_{yy} - \frac{(SS_{xy})^2}{(SS_{xx})^2} \cdot SS_{xx}$$

$$= SS_{yy} - \frac{(SS_{xy})^2}{SS_{xx}}$$

$$= SS_{yy} - \frac{SS_{yy} \cdot (SS_{xy})^2}{SS_{yy} \cdot SS_{xx}}$$

$$= SS_{yy} \left(1 - \frac{(SS_{xy})^2}{SS_{yy} \cdot SS_{xx}} \right)$$

$$= SS_{yy} (1 - \text{Corr}(x, y)^2)$$

b) $\frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_1 | x)}} = \frac{SS_{xy}}{SS_{xx}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{RSS}{n-2} \cdot \frac{1}{SS_{xx}}}}$

$$= \frac{SS_{xy}}{SS_{xx}} \cdot \sqrt{n-2} \cdot \sqrt{SS_{xx}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{SS_{yy} \cdot (1 - \text{Corr}(x, y)^2)}}$$

$$= \frac{SS_{xy}}{SS_{xx}} \cdot \sqrt{SS_{xx}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{SS_{yy}}} \cdot \sqrt{n-2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \text{Corr}(x, y)^2}}$$

$$= \frac{SS_{xy}}{\sqrt{SS_{xx}} \cdot \sqrt{SS_{yy}}} \cdot \sqrt{n-2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \text{Corr}(x, y)^2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{n-2} \cdot \frac{\text{Corr}(x, y)}{\sqrt{1 - \text{Corr}(x, y)^2}}$$

Q3 $H_0: \beta_1 + 2\beta_2 = 4\beta_3$ | where $\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_1 + 2\hat{\beta}_2 - 4\hat{\beta}_3 | x)$

$H_1: \beta_1 + 2\beta_2 \neq 4\beta_3$ | $= \text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_1 | x) + 4\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_2 | x) + 16\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_3 | x) + 4\text{Cov}(\hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_2 | x) - 8\text{Cov}(\hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_3 | x) - 16\text{Cov}(\hat{\beta}_2, \hat{\beta}_3 | x)$

$t = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1 + 2\hat{\beta}_2 - 4\hat{\beta}_3}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_1 + 2\hat{\beta}_2 - 4\hat{\beta}_3 | x)}}$

Q4

- a) $E(\text{blood pressure} | X) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \cdot X_{\text{Age}} + \beta_2 \cdot X_{\text{weight}} + \beta_3 \cdot X_{\text{diabetes status}}$
- b) No. If we are going to plot the relation between Diabetes Status and blood pressure, we won't see a quadratic trend since Diabetes Status is a categorical variable

Q5

- a) $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$
- b) No. To be able to if X_1 is quadratically related to Y , one must include X_1^2 in the model.
So I would add $\beta_5 X_1^2$ term to the model
- c) $H_0: \beta_5 = 0$

Q6

- a) $n - (4 + 1) = 42 \Rightarrow n = 47$
- b) male
- c) female and income
- d) When changing from male group to female group, we estimate an average decrease of 22.11833 pounds expenditure on gambling by keeping other coefficients unchanged.
- e) 52.67%
- f) It's same as the unit of gamble variable, which is pounds
- g) i) $H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = \beta_4 = 0$
 H_a : At least one $\beta_i \neq 0$ $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$
- ii) test statistic = 11.69, $p\text{-value} = 1.815 \times 10^{-6}$
- iii) F distribution, $F_{4, 42}$
- iv) Since $p\text{-value}$ is less than 5%, we reject the null hypothesis.
We can conclude that overall model is statistically significant.