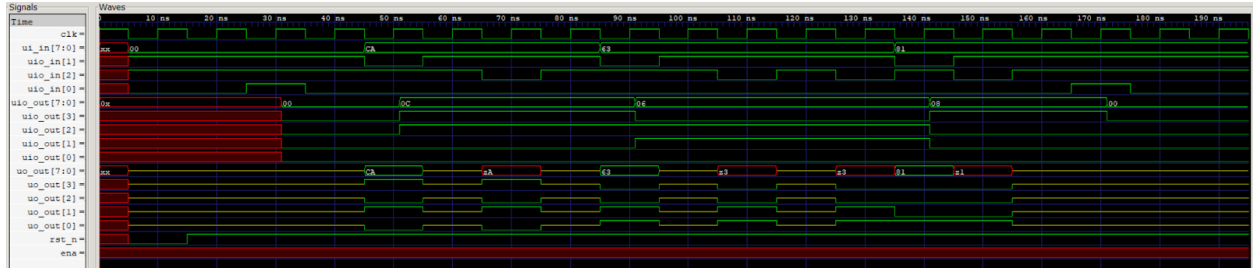


### Instruction register

Label	Input/Output	Description
CLK [1 bit]	Input	Clock signal. Executes actions on rising edges.
W bus [8 bit]	Input	Takes 8 bits with the most significant 4 bits representing the opcode and the least significant 4 bits representing any other necessary value. Write them to the instruction register.
$\overline{L}_i$ [1 bit]	Input	Control signal that decides whether to read from the bus
$\overline{E}_i$ [1 bit]	Input	Control signal that decides tri-state buffer output to bus (drive register value if enabled, Z if disabled)
CLR [1 bit]	Input	Clears the instruction register's data.
Instruction register[3:0] [4 bit]	Output	Output to W bus
Instruction register[7:4] [4 bit]	Output	Output to controller/sequences

### Pinouts when instruction register is selected

Test Input	Name
clk	CLK
ui_in[7:0]	W bus
uio_in [4]	$\overline{L}_i$
uio_in [5]	$\overline{E}_i$
rst_n	CLR
uio_out[3:0]	Instruction register[7:4]
uo_out[3:0]	Instruction register[3:0]



**Note: All simulations pictured in this document were run using 10 ns clock. Actual design will have a 100 ns clock. Simulations were run using a smaller clock to better show propagation delays in our non-ideal waveforms.**

Test input connections (as seen in waveform)

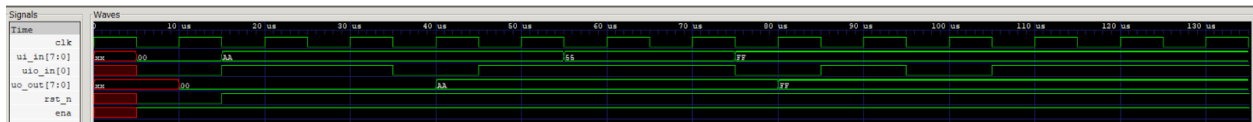
Test Input	Name
clk	CLK
ui_in[7:0]	W bus
uio_in [1]	$\overline{L}_1$
uio_in [2]	$\overline{E}_1$
uio_in [0]	CLR
uio_out[3:0]	Instruction register[7:4]
uo_out[3:0]	Instruction register[3:0]

### Output register

Label	Input/Output	Description
CLK [1 bit]	Input	Clock signal. Executes actions on rising edges.
W bus [8 bit]	Input	Data from the bus lines that are to be written to the Output register.
$\overline{L}_O$ [1 bit]	Input	Control signal that decides whether to read from the bus and load onto the output register.
Output register [8 bit]	Output	Register data that will be written to the binary display.

Pinouts when output register is selected

Test Input	Name
clk	CLK
ui_in[7:0]	W bus
uio_in[4]	$\overline{L}_O$
uo_out[7:0]	Output register



Test input connections (as seen in waveform)

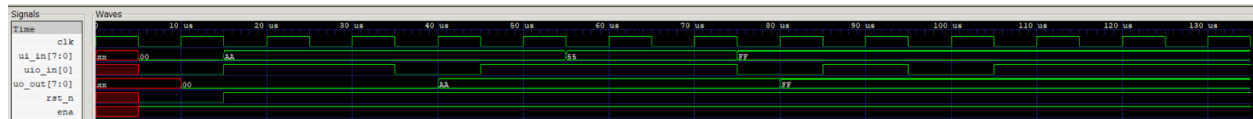
Test Input	Name
clk	CLK
ui_in[7:0]	W bus
uio_in [0]	$\overline{L}_O$
uo_out[7:0]	Output register

## B register

Label	Input/Output	Description
CLK [1 bit]	Input	Clock signal. Executes actions on rising edges.
W bus [8 bit]	Input	Data from the bus lines that are to be written to the B register.
$\overline{L}_B$ [1 bit]	Input	Control signal that decides whether to read from the bus and load onto the B register.
B register [8 bit]	Output	Register data that will be written to adder/subtractor.

Pinouts when b register is selected

Test Input	Name
clk	CLK
ui_in[7:0]	W bus
uio_in [4]	$\overline{L}_B$
uo_out[7:0]	Output register



Test input connections (as seen in waveform)

Test Input	Name
clk	CLK
ui_in[7:0]	W bus
uio_in [0]	$\overline{L}_B$
uo_out[7:0]	Output register

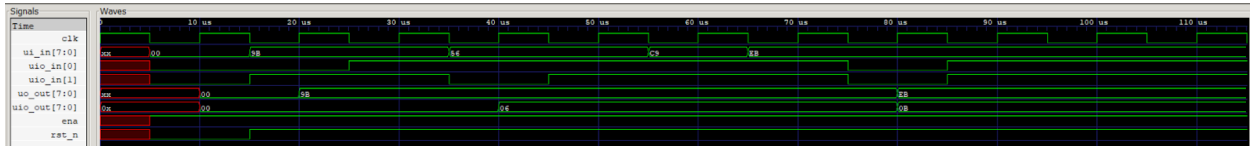
## Input and MAR

Label	Input/Output	Description
CLK [1 bit]	Input	Clock signal. Executes actions on rising edges.
W bus [8 bit]	Input	Data from the bus lines that are to be written either Input or MAR register. If writing to the MAR register, only 4 least significant bits are taken, the rest are discarded.
$\overline{L}_{MD}$ [1 bit]	Input	Control signal that decides if W bus data is to be written to the Input register. Should not be active at the same time as the $\overline{L}_{MA}$ control signal.
$\overline{L}_{MA}$ [1 bit]	Input	Control signal that decides if W bus data is to be written to the MAR register. Should not

		be active at the same time as the $\overline{L_{MD}}$ control signal.
Input register [8 bit]	Output	Register data to be written to memory.
MAR [4 bit]	Output	Register data taken by RAM that controls where the data is to be written.

Pinouts when input and mar register is selected

Test Input	Name
clk	CLK
ui_in[7:0]	W bus
uio_in [4]	$\overline{L_{MD}}$
uio_in [5]	$\overline{L_{MA}}$
uo_out[7:0]	Input register
uio_out[3:0]	MAR



Test input connections (as seen in waveform)

Test Input	Name
clk	CLK
ui_in[7:0]	W bus
uio_in [0]	$\overline{L_{MD}}$
uio_in [1]	$\overline{L_{MA}}$
uo_out[7:0]	Input register
uio_out[3:0]	MAR