

Quantum Information - PHY4268

Simulation "Quantum key distribution (BB84 protocol) using polarized photons"

1) Have a play with the simulation for a few minutes getting to understand the controls and displays before answering these questions.

2) a) If Alice sends a single photon with a polarization of $+45^\circ$ and Bob measures with his polarizer set to V (vertical), what is the probability that Bob will detect a photon? Explain your answer.

b) The first column of the table below refers to Bob's polarizer, the second whether or not he detects a photon. Complete the third column, namely what Bob can infer about the polarization state that Alice sent without knowing her basis.

Bob's polarizer	Bob detected a photon?	What Bob can infer about the polarization state Alice sent without knowing her basis
V	yes	
V	no	
-45°	yes	
-45°	no	

c) In the "key generation" panel, under what condition is a key bit generated? Explain why this is the case using your table from part b). What determines the key bit value?

3) Set up the simulation so that **Eve is eavesdropping** and **fixed bases** are used. In the simulation, it is assumed that by chance Eve chooses the same basis as Bob for her measurements if fixed polarizations are used.

a) Assume Eve's polarizer in front of her detector was set to V. What state does Eve resend to Bob if she i) did not detect a photon; ii) detected a photon?

b) Do errors occur in Alice and Bob's measurements when Eve intercepts and resends particles? Is the key secure using only a single basis?

4) Set up the simulation so that there is **no eavesdropper** and **random bases** are used.

What fraction of Alice's photons lead to a key bit? Explain how this fraction comes about.

5) Set up the simulation so that **Eve is eavesdropping** and **random bases** are used.

a) Explain how Eve intercepts particles and what state she resends to Bob.

b) Explain using a specific example from the simulation how an error occurs in Alice and Bob's measurement when Eve intercepts and resends particles. What can you say about Eve's basis when an error occurs?

c) Assume Alice and Bob have chosen the same basis. Does an error occur every time Eve chooses the wrong basis (a different one to Alice and Bob)? Explain.

d) On average, what fraction of key bits lead to an error? Explain how this fraction comes about.

e) What actions can Alice and Bob take to determine whether or not Eve has compromised their key?

6) Which of the Challenges did you find most difficult and why? Explain what this challenge is about and how you solved the challenge, including your calculation or reasoning.