

# Help file, PC1D for Matlab 2

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## Toolbar buttons

This section gives a description of the different buttons that are placed on the toolbar in the *PC1D for Matlab* GUI. A short description can also be seen by hovering the mouse cursor over the buttons in the program. Most of these functions are also available in the dropdown menus at the top of the GUI.



Parameters are set to standard PC1D settings and saved as new.prm



Open existing .prm file



Save .prm file with same file name



Save .prm with a new file name



Open current .prm file in the original PC1D user interface with a temporary file name called "temp.prm". Save and close PC1D to continue using the *PC1D for Matlab* interface. The active (last opened) .prm file will not be affected.



Load simulations results from .mat file. The selected results are loaded into memory, and can be selected and plotted as usual. This option can be used to save time when performing time-consuming simulations.



Save simulation results to file. The files are saved in .mat format, which is used by Matlab to store different types of workspace variables. The results can then be loaded at a later time (see above). Note that the simulation parameters are not saved.



Save simulation results to text file. PC1D output data are saved in tab-separated columns. For batch simulations using IV output, columns with  $J_{sc}$ ,  $V_{oc}$ , FF and efficiency are also written at the beginning of the file.



Copy figure data to clipboard. The data plotted in the GUI axes are copied as tab-separated columns to the system clipboard. The n curves in the figure are copied as `[Xdata_1 Ydata_1 Xdata_2 Ydata_2 ... Xdata_n Ydata_n]`



Increase the font size of all text objects. Often useful after resizing the GUI.



Decrease the font size of all text objects. Often useful after resizing the GUI.



Change the background color of the GUI using Matlab's interactive color selection.



Zoom in on the figure shown on the right hand side of the GUI. Click once to zoom around clicked point, or drag to zoom to a region.



Zoom out on the GUI figure.



Pan in the GUI figure.



Rotate the GUI figure in 3D.



Add data cursor in the GUI figure, showing the X and Y coordinates of the selected data point.



Add a legend to the GUI figure.



Add a colorbar to the GUI figure. Mostly relevant after plotting colormaps showing the results of 2 parameter variations.



Copy the current GUI figure to a new figure window. The new figure can be used for further editing and saving to file.



Open this documentation file.

# Walkthrough of the different parts of the GUI

## Parameters

Primary parameters:		Fit?
Excitation - Spectrum file	am15g.spc	<input type="checkbox"/>
Excitation - Step time	1	<input type="checkbox"/>
Excitation - Time for first step	1e-009	<input type="checkbox"/>
General - Cell area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	100	<input type="checkbox"/>
General - Cell temperature (K)	298.15	<input type="checkbox"/>
General - Wafer thickness (cm)	0.03	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recombination, bulk - SRH lifetime energy level (E-E <sub>i</sub> ) (eV)	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recombination, bulk - SRH lifetime parameter for electrons (s)	0.001	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recombination, bulk - SRH lifetime parameter for holes (s)	0.001	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recombination, front - Emitter saturation current (A)	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recombination, front - SRV parameter for electrons (cm/s)	10	<input type="checkbox"/>

Use keyword "same" to link with previous parameter

## The *Parameters* tab

### Primary parameters

List of PC1D input parameters, imported from the current .prm file after converting it to ascii text format with the *convert\_prm\_to\_ascii.exe* program. Which parameters that are shown and their names are defined in the text file *parnames.txt* which must be placed in the same folder as the *PC1D for Matlab* program\*. Values are in units of cm, s, V, etc., if not specified otherwise. Each row has a checkbox that can be checked to indicate a free parameter for optimization and fitting. Sometimes it is useful to link two adjacent parameters together, for instance for simultaneously varying the  $\tau_{n0}$  and  $\tau_{p0}$  parameters determining the bulk lifetime. This can be achieved by setting the value of the lowermost parameter to "same".

Parameters that are not currently relevant (e.g. coating layer thickness when the "Enable surface coating" value is not enabled) are written in white text to indicate that they will not affect the simulations.

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\* Some .prm files will generate a longer list of parameters than usual, for instance for simulations including more than one region. The parameter names are then read from a different .txt file indicating the length of the parameter list, e.g. *parnames699.txt*.

## cmd-pc1d options

cmd-pc1d version

☐ Original version ☒ New version

**Models and parameters**

Intrinsic carrier density: \*Altermatt et al 2003

Nc/Nv ratio: \*1.1461(Nc from S...

Intrinsic band gap: \*Green 1990

Density of states (300K): Nc = 2.86e+19 cm-3, Nv = 2.5e+19 cm-3

Band gap narrowing: \*Shenk 1998 (equilibrium only)

Carrier mobility: \*Klaassen 1992 (equilibrium only)

Intrinsic recombination: \*Richter et al. 2012

Carrier statistics: \*Fermi-Dirac

Input to cmd-pc1d (description field in prm file):  
No input required for standard values (marked with \*)

## The cmd-pc1d options tab

### cmd-pc1d version

Select which version of cmd-pc1d to use. The original version (cmd-pc1d5.exe) gives the same results as the original PC1D5 program. The new version (cmd-pc1d6.exe) have been modified to include Fermi-Dirac statistics and advanced, Si-specific models.

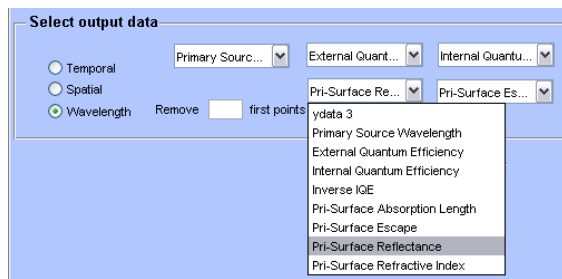
### Models and parameters

If “New version” has been selected above, this section can be used to define the carrier statistics (Fermi-Dirac or Boltzmann) as well as the physical models used for the simulations. The values marked with a star are standard values, which will be used if no selections are made. If any other choices are made, the results will be written to the description field of the .prm file, and will be used as input to the simulations in cmd-pc1d6.exe. The description field can thus be used to define the models for simulations performed without the graphical user interface (input are separated with a semicolon, and there should be no line breaks). Currently, the available options are:

ni = (value); (Intrinsic carrier density, no BGN)  
NcNv = (value); (Fixed Nc/Nv ratio)  
Eg = (value); (Energy band gap, no BGN)  
FD = (value); (1 for F-D stats, 0 for Boltzmann)

Mobility Original; (PC1D mobility model)  
Mobility Klaassen Eq; (Klaassen model, equilibrium only)  
Mobility Klaassen Full; (Klaassen model, each iteration)  
BGN Original; (Original PC1D BGN model)  
BGN Schenk Eq; (Schenk model, equilibrium only)  
BGN Schenk Full; (Schenk model, each iteration)  
Auger Original; (Original PC1D model for intrinsic recombination)  
Auger Richter; (Richter model for intrinsic recombination)  
Auger Kerr; (Kerr and Cuevas model for intrinsic recombination)

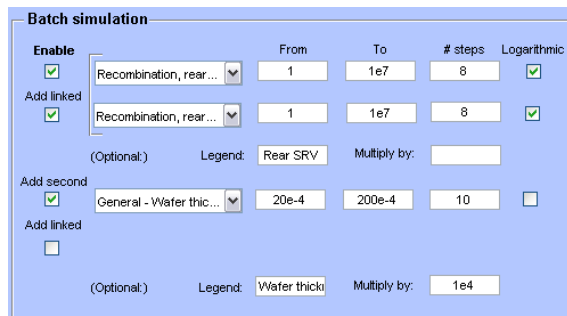
## Setup simulation



## The Setup simulation tab

### Select output data

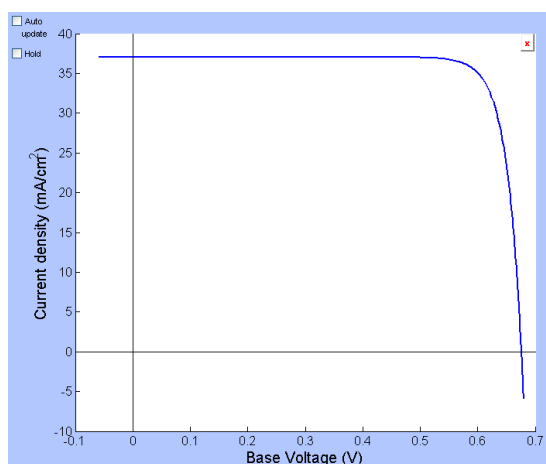
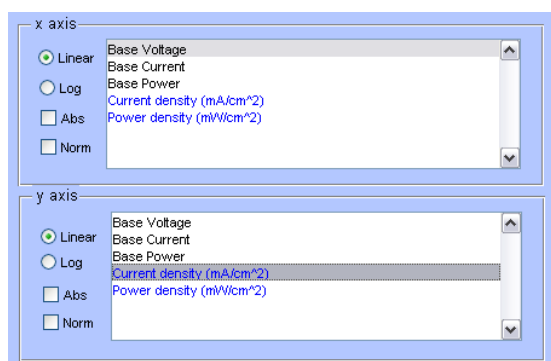
PC1D can be run with one x-data and up to four different y-data as output values. The user can easily change between three different modes: *Temporal*, (typically *Elapsed time* or *Base voltage* as x-data), *Spatial* (typically *Distance from front* as x-data) or *Wavelength* (typically *Primary Source Wavelength* as x-data). When changing between the different modes various standard settings are automatically changed, e.g. like as selecting “SCAN-QE.EXC” as excitation in the original PC1D interface. PC1D can also be set to show so-called *Auxiliary* data as output, for instance the electron concentration at a specified depth as a function of elapsed time in a transient simulation. This setting cannot be chosen in the *PC1D for Matlab* interface, but if a .prm file with such output settings is opened, the *Select output data* settings will change accordingly. Calculation of up to four different auxiliary output data sets is then performed by running *cmd-pc1d.exe* several times.



### Batch simulation

By clicking the “Enable” checkbox it is possible to setup a parameter variation of one or two parameters in an easy way. The parameters that will be varied can be selected from a list, and the start value, end value and number of steps for each parameter can be specified. By checking the “Logarithmic” checkbox the values will be logarithmically spaced. Additional parameters can be added by clicking the appropriate checkboxes, and can be varied either in parallel (linked) or as a second variation, creating a matrix of output data. A custom legend can be added for later plotting. If no legend is chosen, the parameter name from the list will be used. The user may also choose to multiply all values with a constant. This is only for plotting purposes (e.g. to show wafer thicknesses in  $\mu\text{m}$  instead of cm) and will not affect the actual simulations.

## PC1D output



## The *PC1D* output tab

### Select PC1D output

A list showing the different PC1D output data, with option to select plotting options for the “*Plot output*” button. A single x-data and one or more y-data may be selected. Options for logarithmic plotting and plotting as absolute or normalized values are shown on the left side of the output list. Additional output vectors that are not calculated in PC1D itself, but have been added in the *PC1D for Matlab* program (e.g. Current density) are shown in blue text.

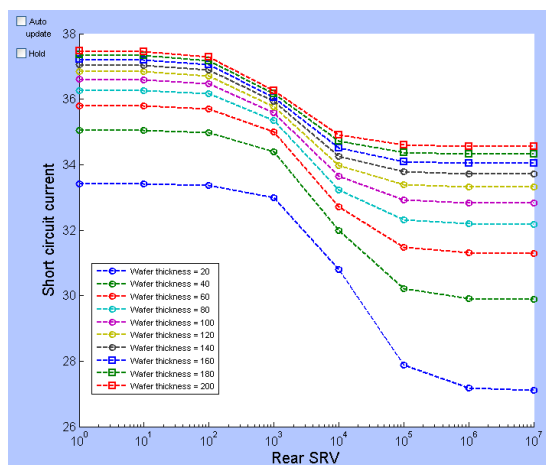
## Plot batch results

Define output values

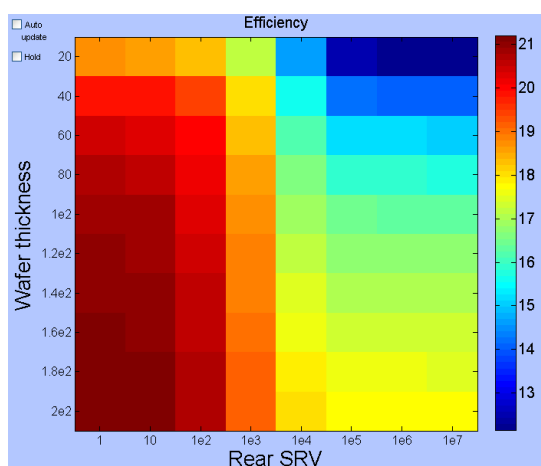
☒ **Standard xy plot**

x-axis:  ☐ Linear ☐ Log

y-axis:  ☐ Linear ☐ Log



☒ **2D color image**



## The *Plot batch results* tab

### Define output values

This button opens a text file called “Output calculations.txt”, in which different calculated output values like the emitter saturation current or the effective lifetime can be defined. See the existing values for syntax examples.

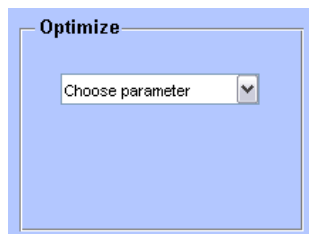
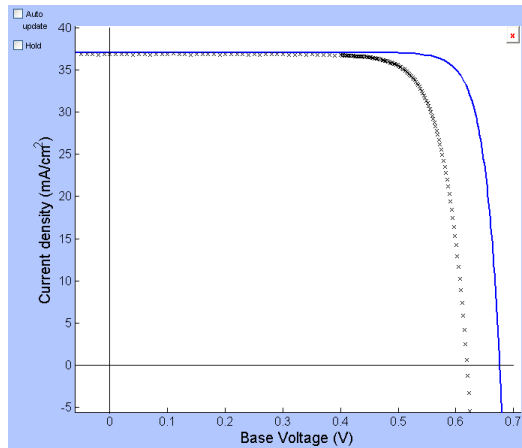
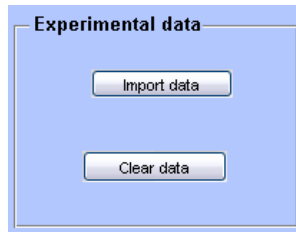
### Standard xy-plot

The *PC1D for Matlab* program can calculate different scalar result values based on the PC1D output data (e.g. short circuit current or integrated weighted reflectance). The parameter that have been varied is plotted along the x-axis, and the user can select the corresponding list of calculated result values for plotting along the y-axis. If two parameters have been varied several xy-graphs can be plotted in the same figure. The user can select which parameter to use, and the other will be used as legend. Both linear or logarithmic spacing can be selected for each axis. Finally, the data is plotted using the “Plot results” button.

### Plot as 2D color image

This option can only be used after running a simulation with a variation of two individual parameters. After selecting this option, pressing the “Plot results” button will result in a color image

## Fit / optimize



## The *Fit/optimize* tab

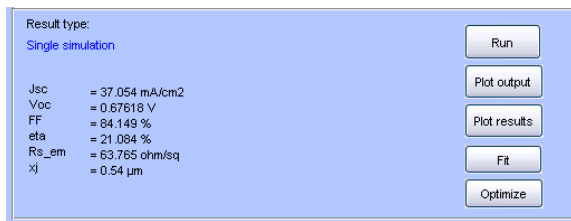
### Import/clear experimental data

The "Import data" button opens a file selection window, and the selected file is imported into the program and plotted over the existing figure. The file must be in simple ascii text format, containing two data columns without any header lines. The experimental data is shown in the GUI figure window until the "Clear data" button is pressed. When a data file has been imported, the user may fit the current plot to the experimental data by marking one or more fitting checkboxes in the *Parameters* tab and clicking the "Fit" button

### Optimization options

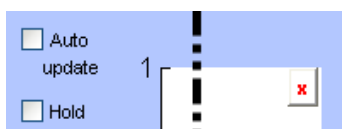
By marking one or more fitting checkboxes in the *Parameters* tab and clicking the "Optimize" button, it is possible to find combination of parameters which maximizes one of the calculated output values. This option is used to select which value that is maximized during the optimization procedure.  $J_{sc}$ ,  $V_{oc}$ ,  $FF$  and  $\eta$  is currently available, but more options can be added in future updates.





## Action buttons and output

This panel is always visible in the bottom part of the GUI. The latest calculated output values are shown on the left hand side, and buttons for starting the most important actions are placed on the right hand side. The “Run” button starts a new single simulation or a batch simulation if a parameter variation has been enabled in the “Setup simulation” tab. The “Plot output” button plots the PC1D output data selected in the “PC1D output” tab. If a batch simulation has been performed, all the simulated curves are shown in the same window. The “Plot results” button can only be used after a batch simulation, and plots one of the calculated result values as a function of one of the varied parameters (e.g.  $J_{sc}$  vs.  $R_s$ ), or a color image if the “2D color image” has been selected. The “Fit” button starts a fitting algorithm used to find the best match to experimental data (see above) and the “Optimize” button uses the free variables (selected in the *Parameters* tab) to maximize the result value selected in the “Optimization options” described above.



## Additional plot options

By marking the “Auto update” checkbox, the “Plot output” action will run each time a simulation is performed, and each time a parameter is changed. This can be useful for investigating the effect of varying a parameter, but is not recommended during batch simulations or optimization. (During fitting the output curve will always update regardless of this setting).

By marking the “Hold” checkbox, previous plots will not be erased when plotting new data, and a new line color will be used for each new plot.

The red “x” at the top right of the figure window can be used to completely clear the figure.