Worksheet Aim

The aim of this session is to create a node backend service and deploy it to fly.io. During each step you'll learn the relevant cli commands to download code, run servers, update git repositories and even deploy services.

Getting Started

This will require having a laptop that is prepared for developement. You'll need to make sure you have all of various tooling installed before you get going. If you have any problems at all, just ask for help.

References

Git

- How to save your ass when you have problems with git https://ohshitgit.com/
- Simple but in depth explanation of how git works https://xosh.org/explain-git-in-simple-words/
- Pro Git book, highly recommended if you want to understand advance features https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2
- MIT "The Missing Semester" on Git (Everything your uni course doesn't teach that you need to learn yourself) - https://missing.csail.mit.edu/2020/version-control/

Docs

General Docs

- Best docs for all things web https://devdocs.io/
- Mozilla Reference https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web
- Front End Web Tutorials https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn
- Awesome terminal environment https://medium.com/@satriajanaka09/setup-zsh-oh-my-zsh-powerlevel10k-on-ubuntu-20-04-c4a4052508fd

Free Stuff

All the free GitHub Student stuff - https://education.github.com/pack#offers

Tools used by this worksheet

- Node LTS docs https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v20.x/docs/api/
- node package manager https://docs.npmjs.com/
- Fly.io free app hosting https://fly.io/
- ExpressJS, simple production grade node server https://expressjs.com/
- PugJS, easy to use html templates for node https://pugjs.org/api/getting-started.html
- Terminal shortcuts cheatsheet (Command Control + Command Recall is especially useful)
 - https://kapeli.com/cheat_sheets/Bash_Shortcuts.docset/Contents/Resources/Documents/i
- Nodemon, automatically restart your server when you edit your code https://github.com/remy/nodemon
- Github Actions https://docs.github.com/en/actions/learn-github-actions

Requirements

Windows Specific

- Install WSL
- Configure VSCode for WSL
- Run all commands in Ubuntu WSL!

Everything Else

- GitHub Account
- Fly.io Account
 - Add a card to fly.io it's free to use for hobbyist but requires a card for billing
 - See pricing information https://fly.io/docs/about/pricing/ be careful scaling up resources!
- VSCode Editor
 - VSCode Plugins

- HomeBrew
- Docker
- gh-cli
- flyctl
- nvm
- Node LTS nvm install --lts & nvm use --lts

Part One

Get you git environment set up so you can download repositories and view them in your editor.

Download this project

Setup your environment locally by logging into GitHub and downloading this project.

- gh --help , gh -h , man gh see help information, all services should have -h ,
 --help or a manpage
- gh auth login Login to github on the command line, select the following options
 - Github.com
 - 。 HTTPS
 - Authenticate Git Y (Terminal User Interfaces will use Y for Yes and N for No when asking questions)
 - Login with a web browser
 - Copy code, press enter, paste code in browser, enter 2FA
- **git config --global user.email you@youremail.com** Configure your git identity for your author information
- git config --global user.name "Your Name"
- cd ~/code or wherever else you keep your code
- gh repo clone penson122/git-tutorial

Set up your editor

Opening a workspace in VSCode

• Windows Users follow Configure VSCode for WSL to ensure wsl is properly configured and you vscode can open projects the subsystem.

Terminal instructions if you're brave

- cd git-tutorial enter the git-tutorial folder
- code . open vscode at this directory

Part Two

Install project dependencies and run this example project.

Install Dependencies

npm install - install project dependencies

Run It Locally

- npm run start start the server
 - 。 CTRL-C kill the server
- npm run watch start the server in watch mode (auto reloads after code change)
 - exit watch mode before running more commands

Part Three

Create your own repo

• gh repo create

- Create a new repository on GitHub from scratch
- Enter a name (press enter to submit)
- Enter a description
- 。 Public
- 。 README File? Y
- 。.gitignore? Y
- Scroll down to Node (Use arrow keys)
- 。License? Y
- MIT License
- 。Continue? Y
- o Create the new locally? N
- cd ~/code or wherever you keep your projects
- gh repo clone me/my-repo where me is your username and my-repo is the name you created before
- cd my-repo The project is downloaded to the folder my-repo , enter that folder
- code . Or follow Part One instructions for your project
- gh repo view --web open your repo in your browser

Create a basic server

Initialise a node project and create a hello world node project

- npm init -y create node package manager config file
- npm install --save express Install Express Framework
- npm install --save-dev nodemon Install Nodemon server watcher
 - This is a developer dependency. It's not used by the production build of your app. Any package that isn't required by your code directly should be installed with

 --save-dev as a good rule of thumb.
- Open your editor and create index.js
- Enter the following:

```
const express = require('express');
const path = require('path');

const app = express();
```

```
const port = process.env.PORT || '8080';

app.get('/', (req, res) => {
   res.send('Hello, World!');
});

app.listen(port, () => {
   console.log(`Example app listening on port ${port}`);
});
```

Commit your changes

- git add . stage files from your workspace
- git status see what's going to be committed
- git commit -m "descriptive messaage" create a commit with a message
- git push push changes to remote
- gh repo view --web Click on 2 Commits to see the timeline of changes to your project
- git log --oneline see that same history locally
 - Type q to exit less mode
- Remember the help and manual pages to see what else you can do

Test It Locally

- node index.js Start the server locally
 - CTL-C to exit the server
- Go to localhost:8080 in your web browser
- Modify index.js Hello, World! text
- · Refresh your browser, why didn't it change?
- Update the following to package.json

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "node index.js",
```

```
"watch": "nodemon -e js,html,css -w ."
},
```

- npm run watch Run your server in watch mode
- Open your browser, edit your code, go back to your browser, it changed!

Commit your changes

- git status
- **git commit -am "message" -a** automatically stages any modified files (doesn't add files not known to git)
- git push

Add Linter

A linter is a code analysis tool which can inform you about errors, style or quality issues and potential bugs. They can be used to enforce code style and autocmatically fix some issues.

- npm init @eslint/config
 - Install eslint if it asks
 - To check syntax, find problems, and enforce code style
 - 。 CommonJS
 - None of these
 - Typescript? No
 - Node
 - Use a popular style guide
 - Airbnb
 - JavaScript
 - Install Now? Yes
 - 。 npm
- npm install --save-dev eslint-plugin-jest

vscode config interlude

• Configure VSCode fix on save

running it manually

• Update package.json

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "node index.js",
    "watch": "nodemon -e js,html,css -w .",
    "lint": "eslint . --fix"
},
```

• Update .eslintrc

```
module.exports = {
  env: {
   browser: true,
   commonjs: true,
   es2021: true,
    'jest/globals': true,
  },
  extends: 'airbnb-base',
  overrides: [
      env: {
       node: true,
      },
     files: [
      '.eslintrc.{js,cjs}',
      ],
      parserOptions: {
        sourceType: 'script',
```

```
},
{
    files: ['**/*.test.js'],
    plugins: ['jest'],
    extends: ['plugin:jest/recommended'],
    rules: { 'jest/prefer-expect-assertions': 'off' },
},
],
parserOptions: {
    ecmaVersion: 'latest',
},
    ignorePatterns: ['**/*.test.js'],
    rules: {
},
};
```

- npm run lint Run linter and fix simple errors automatically
 - Try deleting some semicolons and then running this command (or if you have configured fix on save, simply saving the file).
- Commit your changes

Part Four

Update the service so it can be easily tested and write your first test.

Prepare for testing

Install Test Dependencies

npm install --save-dev supertest jest

Improve Server for testability

The index.js has both the routes and server listener coupled in the same file. This makes testing more diffficult, separating them allows us to test just the routes without having to restart the server in all the tests.

- mkdir routes
- create routes/main.js

```
const { Router } = require('express');

const router = Router();

router.get('/', (req, res) \Rightarrow {
    res.send('Hello, World!');
});

module.exports = router;
```

update index.js

```
const express = require('express');

const router = require('./routes/main')

const app = express();
const port = process.env.PORT || '8080';

app.use('/', router);

app.listen(port, () \Rightarrow {
    console.log(`Example app listening on port ${port}`);
```

});

Add test script

• Update package.json

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "node index.js",
    "watch": "nodemon -e js,html,css -w .",
    "lint": "eslint . --fix",
    "test": "jest --verbose --coverage",
    "test-watch": "jest --watchAll --verbose --coverage"
},
```

Add a test

• create routes/main.test.js

```
const request = require("supertest");
const express = require("express");
const router = require("./main");

const app = new express();
app.use('/', router);

// Creates a test suite for the root path
describe("Test the root path", () => {
    // Creates a test that expects a 200 status code
    test("It should response the GET method", async () => {
        // Sets the number of assertions expected to be run
        expect.assertions(3);
        // Sends a GET request to the root path
```

```
const response = await request(app).get("/");
  // Expects a 200 status code
  expect(response.statusCode).toBe(200);
  // Expects the response text to be "Hello, World!"
  expect(response.text).toBe("Hello, World!");
  // Expects content-type to be "text/html; charset=utf-8"
  expect(response.headers["content-type"])
     .toBe("text/html; charset=utf-8");
});
```

- npm run test see the results of the tests
- npm run test-watch Run the tests in watch mode
 - Try modifying main.js or main.test.js to see what happens when the expectations fail
- Commit your changes

Part Five

Configure Fly and deploy your first project

FlyCtl Init

- fly auth login
- fly launch --internal-port 8080
 - Generate a name or choose something unique
 - 。Ihr

Deploy

• Update Dockerfile

- Look **EXPOSE** and some numbers, probably 3000 or 8080 or something like that.
- Add ENV PORT=NUMBER to the line below where NUMBER is same number as
 EXPOSE
- fly deploy
 - Make sure you have docker installed
 - Follow the link at the end to see your server
 - ... fly.dev is the url
- Go to https://fly.io/dashboard to see your active servers
 - You can only have 3 free VMs!

Part Five

Configure CI/CD and automatically deploy to your cloud environment.

- Don't commit your api tokens to any repository
- This is very dangerous and can be very costly
- This code is on the public internet where anyone can read it
- Can copy your api tokens and use them for themselves and spend your money or worse host criminal services with your key
- https://blog.gitguardian.com/secrets-credentials-api-git/

Add actions file

- Create .github/workflows/cicd.yaml
- For more details on how this works https://fly.io/docs/app-guides/continuous-deployment-with-github-actions/

```
name: Fly Deploy
on:
  push:
    branches:
    - main
jobs:
```

```
deploy:
   name: Deploy app
   runs-on: ubuntu-latest
  steps:
     - uses: actions/checkout@v3
     - name: Use Node.js
        uses: actions/setup-node@v3
        with:
            node-version: '18.x'
        - run: npm ci
        - run: npm test
        - uses: superfly/flyctl-actions/setup-flyctl@master
        - run: flyctl deploy --remote-only
        env:
        FLY_API_TOKEN: ${{ secrets.FLY_API_TOKEN }}
```

Configure repository secret

- fly tokens create deploy -x 999999h and copy the output
- Open Actions Secrets for your repository

```
gh repo view --web
```

- Settings > Secrets and Variables > Actions
- New Repository Secret
- Name: FLY API TOKEN
- Secret: Paste the outout of fly tokens ... command

Automatically deploy from push

- Commit your changes
- git push
- Go to https://github.com/my/my-repo/actions to see the running job, it should finish with status: Success

Congratulations!

You now have a node web app with hot-reload, linting, automated tests, deployed to the cloud with a full CI/CD pipeline.

Happy Hacking!