

Infosec is seen as a **gatekeeper**, not an **enabler**

Risk Assessments are done for
compliance, not for decisions



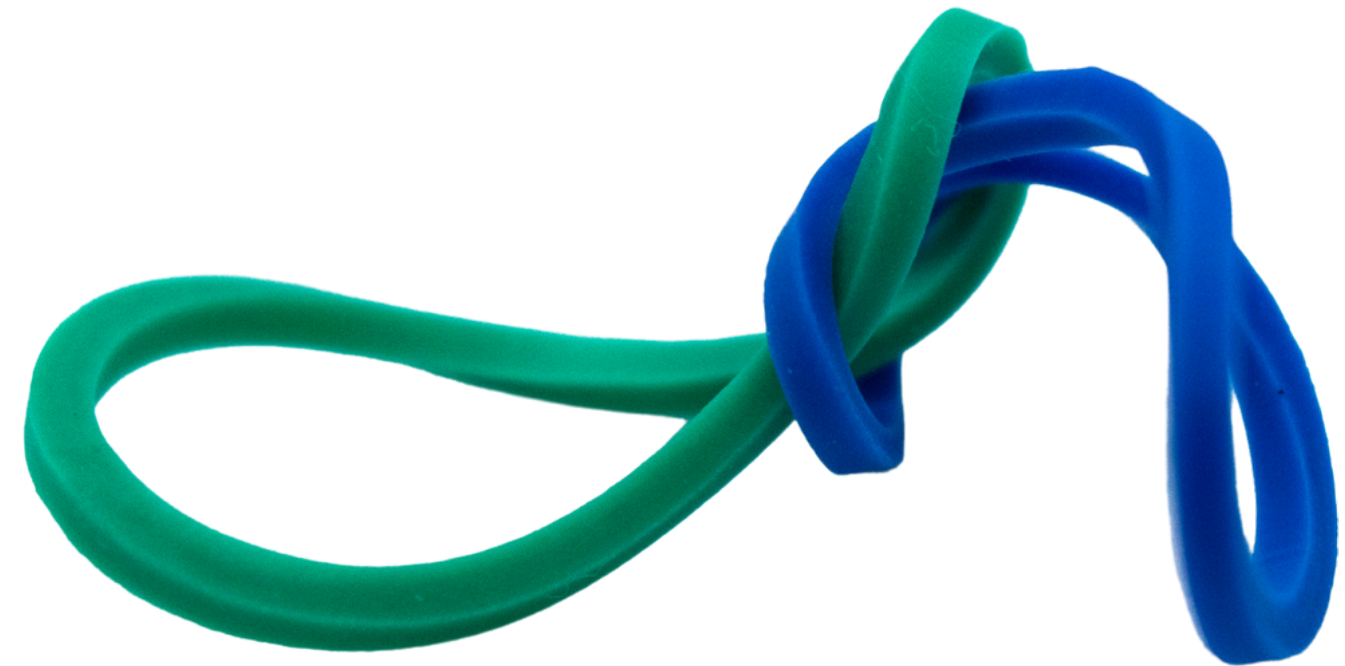
principle #1

Risk Assessments are for informed decision making

If a risk assessments doesn't aid our decisions, we choose not to conduct it.

Risk registers are an **incomplete** list of **unclear** risks

Risks are neither defined clearly nor are they simple enough for everyone to understand



principle #2

Risks should be clear and simple

We define, clarify, and simplify risks to be understood by everyone, not just the assessors

Risk registers are **bloated** with what 'others' believe are risks

Audit observations, incidents, OEM reports etc. are added to the risk register without a formal validation process



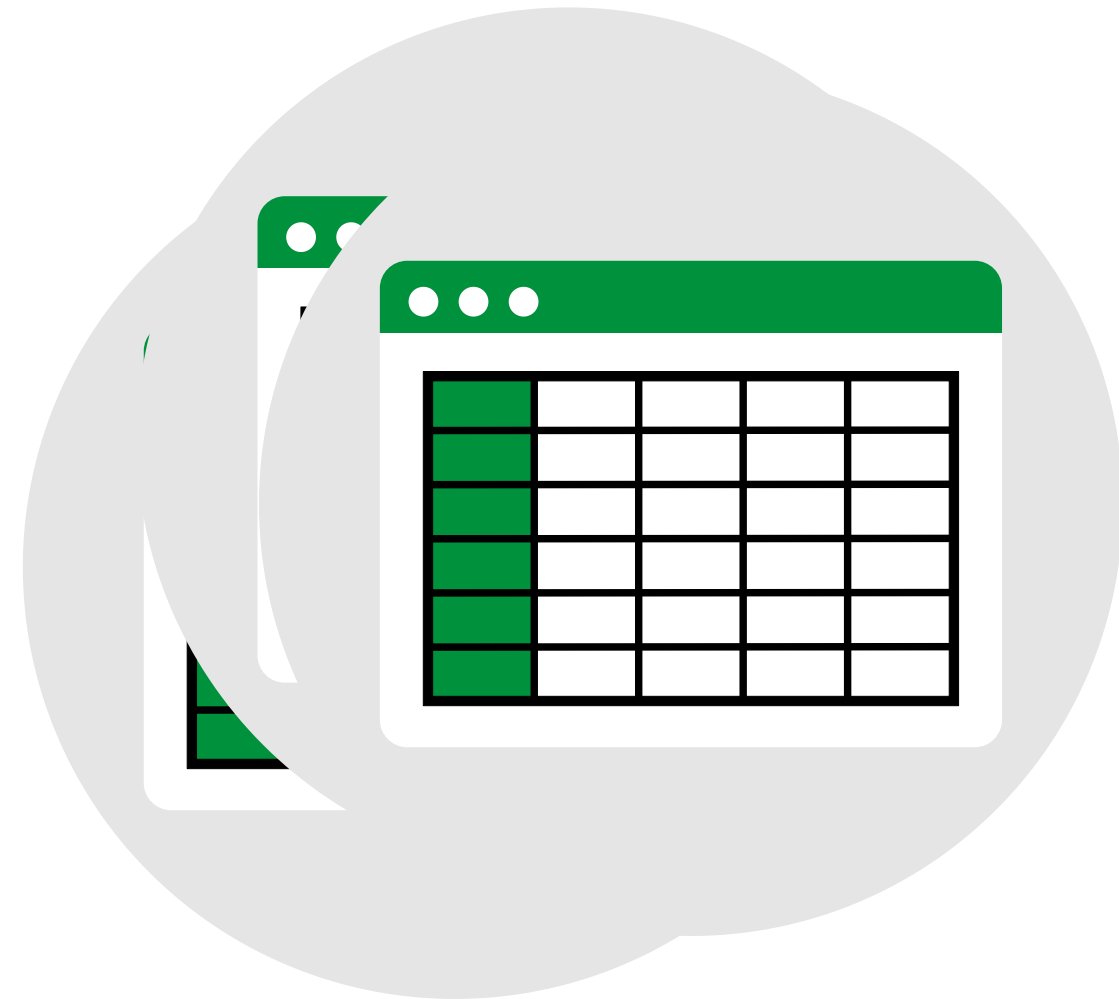
principle #3

Only validated risks in the register

We ensure all risks are verified before adding them, maintaining the integrity of our risk register

Everyone has their **own** list of risks and actions

A single source of clear and validated risks for the entire organisation does not exist



principle #4

One risk register for the entire organisation

One organization, one risk register, fostering consistency and cohesion.

Risks are added & monitored **after** incidents, not **before**

Risk assessment processes are reactive, not proactive. An incident becomes a risk, but an exception approval does not



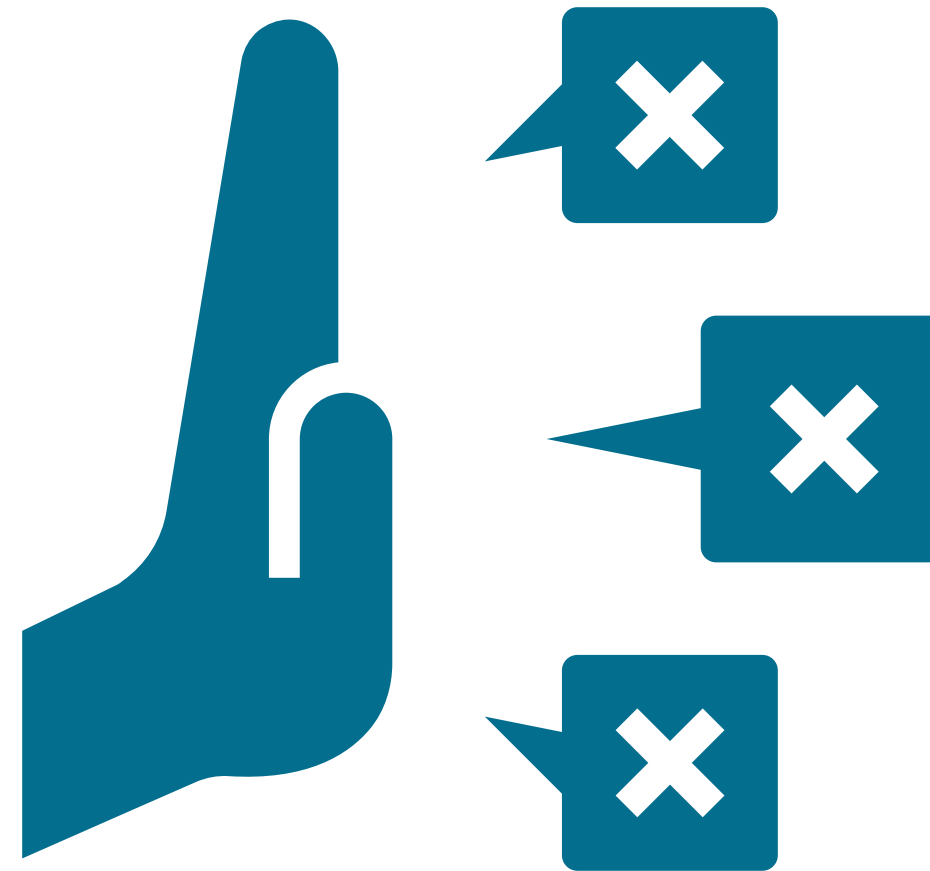
principle #5

Capture risks proactively at the source

We document risks as soon as they emerge, not months later.

An **inflexible** methodology is created and **forced** on everyone

Even if a risk requires a detailed analysis, or a simpler one, the **one** methodology has to be followed



principle #6

Value context over processes

Understanding the environment of a risk guides us more than blind adherence to procedures.

Painful risk **quantification** methods are touted as the smart way

Quantification is helpful, but so are intuitive decisions. Knowing when to use a particular approach helps simplify risk management

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A)P(A)}{P(B)}$$

principle #7

Quantify high stake risks

Significant risks deserve accurate measurement to inform our strategies.

Maths on **qualitative** methods are used as de-facto standards

Two Medium risks do not make a High risk, just as watching 2 two star movies is not equivalent to watching one four star movie



principle #8

Recognize the limitations of qualitative risk assessments

We approach qualitative risk evaluations with awareness, understanding their constraints.



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