

This program, at its core, is used to find one or more elements that repeat a total maximum amount of times in a two-dimensional collection. If arranged in a two-dimensional plane, x being events and y being providers, each point is a list of elements that y provider has on x event. Some providers may not have list for some events, but all events are covered by at least one provider. The programs looks for the elements that appear in all events.

Part1Main finds this intersection using up to 4 different types of procedures. The procedures read the files and puts their data in a data collection Set1 or Set2 depending which procedure we take. Those collections are processed through IntersectionFinder1_2, IntersectionFinder3, or IntersectionFinder4, also depending on the procedure taken, and return the elements we want.

The Part2Main class tries to find the time it takes the four different procedures to execute and deliver for different sizes of initial element data and for certain amount of repetitions each. With that time data we should be able to graphically see the estimated time each procedure takes and how that is affected with increasing initial data, therefore finding which route is better, faster, and more efficient.

To run Part1Main you would need to run FilesGeneratorMain first to create the data files. You can do this by opening a Command window (tested with Git Bash) in the project directory **p1_40354020_172**.

Run `java -classpath ./bin p1MainClasses/FilesGeneratorMain`

This creates the data files in folder **inputfiles**

Now run `java -classpath ./bin p1MainClasses/Part1Main`

You should see the final intersected sets in the console

You can also run `java -classpath ./bin p1MainClasses/Part1Main #`

Change # for a number from 1-4 to run only that procedure

To run Part2Main execute `java -classpath ./bin p1MainClasses/Part2Main`

The console will display your progress (it may take a while)

You can also run `java -classpath ./bin p1MainClasses/Part2Main #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 #6` where:

#1 is the amount of companies

#2 is the amount of events

#3 is the initial size

#4 is the final size

#5 is the size step or difference between sizes

#6 is the amount of repetitions

To specify one # you must also specify the ones before it (Ex. Running `10 50 500 2500` changes the first 4 values but not #5 and #6)

After it is done running, you can find the results in the folder **experimentalResults** in allResults.txt

If you want to run Part1Main again, run FilesGeneratorMain before doing so, just to make sure you have the correct files

In the project directory, you will also find a graph that shows the runtimes from allResults.txt

