Iminar ?	Geninar	<u>(</u>
----------	---------	----------

1. Studiați continuitatea funcțiilor f: R->R, unde:

(a)
$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} & ; & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0 & ; & (x,y) = (0,0). \end{cases}$$

Stadium continuitatea lui f în (0,0).

Fix (x,y) E R2 \ {(0,0)}.

$$\left|f(x,y)-f(0,0)\right|=\left|\frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}-0\right|=\left|\frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}\right|=$$

$$=\frac{|\chi|}{|\chi^2+\eta^2|}=|\chi|\cdot\frac{|\eta|}{|\chi^2+\eta^2|}\leq |\chi|\cdot\frac{|\chi|}{|\chi^2+\eta^2|}\leq |\chi|\cdot\frac{|\chi|}{|\chi^2+\eta^2|}\leq |\chi|\cdot\frac{|\chi^2+\eta^2|}{|\chi^2+\eta^2|}\leq |\chi|\cdot\frac{|\chi|}{|\chi^2+\eta^2|}\leq |\chi|\cdot\frac{|\chi|}{|\chi^2+\eta^2|}\leq |\chi|\cdot\frac{|\chi|}{|\chi|\cdot|}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 lim $f(x,y) = f(0,0) = 0$ from $f(0,0)$. \Box

Studiem continuitatea lui f în (0,0). thegen (th, yn) = (\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}) \tag{\pm} + n \in \frac{1}{n}. Aven $\lim_{n\to\infty} (\pm_n, y_n) = (o, o) \stackrel{\text{def}}{\sim} \lim_{n\to\infty} f(\pm_n, y_n) = \lim_{n\to\infty} f(\pm_n, \frac{1}{n}) =$ $= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \frac{1}{n}}{\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n^2}}{\frac{2}{n^2}} = \frac{1}{2} + 0 = \frac{1}{2}(0,0).$ Dei f nu ett sontinua in (0,0). T 2. Fie $f: [0, \infty) \longrightarrow |R|, f(x) = \sqrt{x}$. Stud. uniform continuitates functiei f. $\underline{\mathcal{M}}: f(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + xe(0) .$ trem $|f|(x)| = \left|\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \forall x \in [1,\infty)$, Juin unmare f ette M.C. pe [1,20) (i.l. flano) ette M.C.) Fix \$ \[\langle_{0,1} \] : \[\langle_{0,1} \] \rightarrow \rightarrow \\ \langle_{0,1} \rightarro flail cont. [0,1] multime compada => f.u.s., pe [0,1].

tradar feste v. c. (pe [0,0)). 3. Fix $f:\mathbb{R}\to\mathbb{R}$, $f(x)=\begin{cases} x & \text{in } \frac{1}{x}; x \neq 0 \\ 0; x = 0. \end{cases}$ Ital. continuitates si uniform continuitates functiei f. Il: f continua pe R* (operatii su functione). Studien continuitatea lui f în O. lim $f(x) = \lim_{x \to 0} x \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1}{x} = 0 = f(0) = 0$ front. In 0. o-marginit = 0 f derivabilià pe R*. $f'(x) = \left(x \sin \frac{x}{1}\right) = \sin \frac{x}{1} + x\left(\cos \frac{x}{1}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{x}{1}x\right) =$ $= \sqrt{1} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1} = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1} = -\frac{1}$ $|f(x)| = |\sin \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{2}\cos \frac{x}{2}| \le |\sin \frac{x}{2}| + |-\frac{1}{2}| |\cos \frac{x}{2}| \le |\sin \frac{x}{2}| + |-\frac{1}{2}| |\cos \frac{x}{2}| \le |\sin \frac{x}{2}| = |\sin \frac{x$ $\leq 1 + \frac{1}{|x|} \leq 1 + \frac{1}{1} = 2 + x + \left(-\infty_1 - 1\right) \cup \left[1,\infty\right).$ Dei f 1ste n.c. pe [-10,-1] je f 1ste n.c. pe [1,10).

f cont. pe [-1,1]

[-1,1] multime comportia

Deir f exte uniform continua pe (-2,1]. burn f ut 12. c. si pe [1,00) resultà sà f est u.c./pe 4. Itudiați uniform continuitatea funcțiilor: a) $f:(0,\infty) \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$. <u>Sd</u>: Alegen = \frac{1}{n^2} + nept is yn = \frac{1}{n} + nept. torn lim (xn-yn)=0 vi lim (f(xn)-f(yn))= $=\lim_{N\to\infty}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{N^2}}-\frac{1}{\frac{1}{N}}\right)=\lim_{N\to\infty}\left(N^2-N\right)=\lim_{N\to\infty}N\left(N-1\right)=\infty \neq \infty$ ≠0. Dui fm ette d.c. 1 W) f: [1,2) → R, f(x)= 1/x. $\frac{1}{2}$: $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} + x \in [1,2)$. $\left| f(x) \right| = \left| -\frac{1}{x^2} \right| \leq 1 \quad \forall x \in [1,2).$

Dei fest u.c. 5. Fie a > 0 vi f: (a, a) -> R, f(x) = ln x, tratati La f ette M. L. daca je numai daca a>0. Buyunen ca a >0. tratam ca f litt u.c. f(x)= = + xe (w, x). $|f(x)| = |\frac{1}{x}| < \frac{1}{x} + x \in (x, \infty).$ Dui feste u.c. neupenem så feste u.s. tratam så a>0. a=a as burd nig menuguell theyen $\pm n = \frac{1}{2n} + ne + i y y = \frac{1}{m} + ne + i$ them lim (In yn)=0 si lim (f(th)-flyn)= $= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\ln \left(\frac{1}{2n} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{1}{n} \right) \right) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2n} \cdot \frac{n}{1} \right) =$ = $\frac{1}{2}$ $\neq 0$.

Dei f me est u.c., contradictie. Jun Myrable a >0. 0

6. Fix $f:(0, \frac{2}{11}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{1}$ $f(t) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{x}$. Athatati in f(x)este u.c.

Id.: bonfans unei proposiții de la sus umăboaule afirmații sunt echiralente:

1) f este M.S.2) f f: $[0,\frac{2}{\pi}] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, \widehat{f} cont. $[0,\frac{2}{\pi}] = \widehat{f}$.

Brussen pin absurd så feste u.c. Dei existà $\hat{f}: [0, \hat{f}] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \hat{f} \text{ cont. a.c. } \hat{f}|_{[0, \frac{2\pi}{n}]} = \hat{f},$

f(x) = f(x)

 \Rightarrow $\lim_{x \to 0} \lim_{x \to 0}$

Dei $\frac{1}{x}$ mit $\frac{1}{x}$.

Hegen $t_n = \frac{1}{2n\pi} + n\epsilon + \frac{1}{2n\pi} + n\epsilon + \frac{1}{2n\pi} + n\epsilon + \frac{1}{2n\pi}$

Aven lim the lim y=0, lim sin = -= lim sin $(2n\pi) = 0$ si lim sin $\frac{1}{4n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sin \left(2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{4}$ deci 7 lin sin \(\frac{1}{\pi}\), contradictive. Prin umale f mu ett N.c. [] T. Fix $\star_0 \in \mathbb{R}$, $f_1 g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ dout functionalise in \star_0 in $h: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$, $h(x) = \begin{cases} f(x) \mid x \in \mathbb{R} \\ g(x) \mid x \in \mathbb{R} \\ \end{cases}$.

este duivalila în to dacă ji numai dacă f(±0)=g(±0) și $\mathcal{L}^{\prime}(\mathcal{X}_{o}) = \mathcal{A}^{\prime}(\mathcal{X}_{o}).$

Id: Bezdvati-l vi!