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Jeminar 6 - GAL
Aplicatio liniare
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PROP f: V1→V2 liniara

f bijectiva ⇒ f transf. + reper din V1 intr-un reper in V2.

(1) $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$, $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (2x_1 + 2x_2, x_1 + x_3, x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_3)$ a) f nu este iyomorfism de y_5 veet.

b) $f/_{V'}:V'\to V''$ igomorfism, unde.

 $V' = \{(x_1 x_2 x_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 0\}$

 $V'' = \{ (x_1, x_2, x_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid 3x_1 - 4x_2 - 2x_3 = 0 \}$

c) La rafle f (V'n V").

d) $R^3 = V \oplus XI$. Dati un exemplu de W. Fie $p: R^3 \to R^3$ proiectia se Y $s: R^3 \to R^3$ simetria fata de Y

Ja se calculeze p(1,3,6), s(1,3,6)

 $\frac{OBS}{a)} p: V_1 \oplus V_2 \longrightarrow V_1 \oplus V_2 \quad limitara$ $p(v) = p(v_1 + v_2) = v_1$ projectia pe V_1

b) $A: V_1 \oplus V_2 \longrightarrow V_1 \oplus V_2$. s=2p-idy simetria fata de V1. S(v1+v2) = v1-v2

c)
$$R^3 = f(V') \oplus U$$

 $V' = \{ x \in R^3 \mid \{ x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 0 \}$
 $\{ -x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 0 \}$
 $p: R^3 \rightarrow R^3$ provertia pe $f(V')$
 $\{ z(z_1 - 1, 3) = \}$

(9)
$$f: \mathcal{M}_{2}(R) \to \mathcal{M}_{2}^{S}(R)$$
, $f(A) = A + A^{T}$
a) $[f]_{R_{0}, R_{0}'}$ $R_{0} = \{E_{II}, E_{I2}, E_{2I}, E_{22}\}$ ryes $ui \mathcal{M}_{2}(R)$
 $R_{0}' = \{E_{II}, E_{I2} + E_{2I}, E_{22}\}$ ryes $ui \mathcal{M}_{2}(R)$
b) $\ker f$, $\int_{R} f$.

a) f(V)=?, $V=\{\begin{pmatrix}0&0\\cd\end{pmatrix},c,d\in\mathbb{R}\}$

$$f \in End(V)$$

 $f \in End(V)$
 $f = f(x)$ s.n. vector proprint $f = f(x)$ $f(x) = f(x)$
 $f = f(x)$ $f = f(x) = f(x)$ subspatint proprint.
 $f = f(x)$ $f =$

· valorile proprii - rad din IK ale Jolin. caracteristic $P(\lambda) = 0 \Rightarrow (\lambda - \lambda_1)^{m_1} \cdot (\lambda - \lambda_k)^{m_k} =$ A11., Ak = valori proprii distincte.

ms, mp = multiplicatoiti.

- (T) I un reper R în V ai [f] R,R diagonala (=>
 - 1) 211.72/ EK
 - 2) dim Vai = mi, \ti=1,k

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$$f: \mathbb{R}^4 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$$
, $f(x) = (x_2 - x_3 + x_4, x_2 - x_3 + x_4, x_4, x_4)$

a) Ja se afte valorile proprii

b) Precijati rare sunt subspatiile proprii

c) I un reper in R4 ai [f]R,R este diagonala?

6) Fie
$$f: \mathbb{R}^4 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$$
 liniara

$$A = [f] R_{0}, R_{0} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

a) La se afte valorele proprii si subsp. proprii roresp.

b) U = 2 { eq + 2 ex, e2 + e3 + 2 eq g7 fa se arateca l este subsp. in variant al lui f ie f(U) CU.