

EXPERIMENT 6 (DBMS LAB)

CODE:

-- 1. Create the database

```
CREATE DATABASE EmployeeDB;
```

-- 2. Use the newly created database

```
USE EmployeeDB;
```

-- 3. Create the DEPT table

```
CREATE TABLE DEPT (  
    DEPTNO INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    DNAME VARCHAR(50),  
    LOC VARCHAR(50)  
);
```

-- 4. Insert data into DEPT table

```
INSERT INTO DEPT (DEPTNO, DNAME, LOC) VALUES (10, 'ACCOUNTING', 'NEW YORK');
```

```
INSERT INTO DEPT (DEPTNO, DNAME, LOC) VALUES (20, 'RESEARCH', 'DALLAS');
```

```
INSERT INTO DEPT (DEPTNO, DNAME, LOC) VALUES (30, 'SALES', 'CHICAGO');
```

```
INSERT INTO DEPT (DEPTNO, DNAME, LOC) VALUES (40, 'OPERATIONS', 'BOSTON');
```

-- 5. Create the EMP table

```
CREATE TABLE EMP (  
    EMPNO INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    ENAME VARCHAR(50),  
    JOB VARCHAR(50),  
    MGR INT,  
    HIREDATE DATE,  
    SAL DECIMAL(10, 2),  
    COMM DECIMAL(10, 2),
```

```
DEPTNO INT,  
FOREIGN KEY (DEPTNO) REFERENCES DEPT(DEPTNO)  
);
```

-- 6. Insert data into EMP table

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK', 7902, '1980-12-17', 500, 800, 20);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7499, 'ALLEN', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '1981-02-20', 1600, 300, 30);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7521, 'WARD', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '1981-02-22', 1250, 500, 30);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7566, 'JONES', 'MANAGER', 7839, '1981-04-02', 2975, NULL, 20);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7654, 'MARTIN', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '1981-09-28', 1250, 1400, 30);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7698, 'BLAKE', 'MANAGER', 7839, '1981-05-01', 2850, NULL, 30);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7782, 'CLARK', 'MANAGER', 7839, '1981-06-09', 2450, NULL, 10);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7788, 'SCOTT', 'ANALYST', 7566, '1982-12-09', 3000, NULL, 20);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7839, 'KING', 'PRESIDENT', NULL, '1981-11-17', 5000, NULL, 10);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7844, 'TURNER', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '1981-09-08', 1500, 0, 30);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7876, 'ADAMS', 'CLERK', 7788, '1983-01-12', 1100, NULL, 20);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7900, 'JAMES', 'CLERK', 7698, '1981-12-03', 950, NULL, 30);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7902, 'FORD', 'ANALYST', 7566, '1981-12-03', 3000, NULL, 20);
```

```
INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO) VALUES  
(7934, 'MILLER', 'CLERK', 7782, '1982-01-23', 1300, NULL, 10);
```

-- 7. Queries to retrieve requested data

-- 1. Retrieve the average salary of all employees

```
SELECT AVG(SAL) AS Avg_Salary FROM EMP;
```

-- 2. Retrieve the number of employees

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS Number_of_Employees FROM EMP;
```

-- 3. Retrieve distinct number of employees

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT EMPNO) AS Distinct_Employees FROM EMP;
```

-- 4. Retrieve total salary of employees grouped by job

```
SELECT JOB, SUM(SAL) AS Total_Salary FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB;
```

-- 5. Display the employee information with the maximum salary

```
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP);
```

-- 6. Find the highest-paid employee in department 10

```
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO = 10 AND SAL = (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO = 10);
```

-- 7. List the employees whose salary is equal to the average of the maximum and minimum salary

```
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SELECT (MAX(SAL) + MIN(SAL)) / 2 FROM EMP);
```

-- 8. List the employees who joined the company on the same date

```
SELECT HIREDATE, COUNT(*) AS Number_of_Employees FROM EMP GROUP BY HIREDATE HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
```

-- 9. Display the employee names in upper and lower case

```
SELECT UPPER(ENAME) AS Upper_Name, LOWER(ENAME) AS Lower_Name FROM EMP;
```

-- 10. Find the date 3 days after the hiredate

```
SELECT ENAME, HIREDATE, HIREDATE + INTERVAL 3 DAY AS Date_After_3_Days FROM EMP;
```

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> -- 1. Retrieve the average salary of all employees
mysql> SELECT AVG(SAL) AS Avg_Salary FROM EMP;
+-----+
| Avg_Salary |
+-----+
| 2051.785714 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> -- 2. Retrieve the number of employees
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) AS Number_of_Employees FROM EMP;
+-----+
| Number_of_Employees |
+-----+
| 14 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> -- 3. Retrieve distinct number of employees
mysql> SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT EMPNO) AS Distinct_Employees FROM EMP;
+-----+
| Distinct_Employees |
+-----+
| 14 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> -- 4. Retrieve total salary of employees grouped by job
mysql> SELECT JOB, SUM(SAL) AS Total_Salary FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB;
+-----+-----+
| JOB      | Total_Salary |
+-----+-----+
| CLERK    | 3850.00      |
| SALESMAN | 5600.00      |
| MANAGER  | 8275.00      |
| ANALYST  | 6000.00      |
| PRESIDENT | 5000.00      |
+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> -- 6. Find the highest-paid employee in department 10
mysql> SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO = 10 AND SAL = (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO = 10);
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	NULL	1981-11-17	5000.00	NULL	10

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> -- 5. Display the employee information with the maximum salary
mysql> SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP);
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	NULL	1981-11-17	5000.00	NULL	10

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> -- 7. List the employees whose salary is equal to the average of the maximum and minimum salary
mysql> SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SELECT (MAX(SAL) + MIN(SAL)) / 2 FROM EMP);
```

Empty set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> -- 8. List the employees who joined the company on the same date
mysql> SELECT HIREDATE, COUNT(*) AS Number_of_Employees FROM EMP GROUP BY HIREDATE HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
```

HIREDATE	Number_of_Employees
1981-12-03	2

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> -- 9. Display the employee names in upper and lower case
mysql> SELECT UPPER(ENAME) AS Upper_Name, LOWER(ENAME) AS Lower_Name FROM EMP;
```

Upper_Name	Lower_Name
SMITH	smith
ALLEN	allen
WARD	ward
JONES	jones
MARTIN	martin
BLAKE	blake
CLARK	clark
SCOTT	scott
KING	king
TURNER	turner
ADAMS	adams
JAMES	james
FORD	ford
MILLER	miller

14 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> -- 10. Find the date 3 days after the hiredate
mysql> SELECT ENAME, HIREDATE, HIREDATE + INTERVAL 3 DAY AS Date_After_3_Days FROM EMP;
```

ENAME	HIREDATE	Date_After_3_Days
SMITH	1980-12-17	1980-12-20
ALLEN	1981-02-20	1981-02-23
WARD	1981-02-22	1981-02-25
JONES	1981-04-02	1981-04-05
MARTIN	1981-09-28	1981-10-01
BLAKE	1981-05-01	1981-05-04
CLARK	1981-06-09	1981-06-12
SCOTT	1982-12-09	1982-12-12
KING	1981-11-17	1981-11-20
TURNER	1981-09-08	1981-09-11
ADAMS	1983-01-12	1983-01-15
JAMES	1981-12-03	1981-12-06
FORD	1981-12-03	1981-12-06
MILLER	1982-01-23	1982-01-26

14 rows in set (0.00 sec)

