## **EXPERIMENT 5 DBMS LAB**

```
CODE:
-- Create the Supplier table
CREATE TABLE Supplier (
  scode INT PRIMARY KEY,
  sname VARCHAR(100),
  scity VARCHAR(100),
  turnover DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
-- Create the Part table
CREATE TABLE Part (
  pcode INT PRIMARY KEY,
  weight DECIMAL(10, 2),
  color VARCHAR(50),
  cost DECIMAL(10, 2),
  sellingprice DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
-- Create the Supplier_Part table
CREATE TABLE Supplier_Part (
  scode INT,
  pcode INT,
  qty INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (scode) REFERENCES Supplier(scode),
  FOREIGN KEY (pcode) REFERENCES Part(pcode)
);
-- Populate the tables with sample data
INSERT INTO Supplier (scode, sname, scity, turnover)
VALUES (1, 'Supplier A', 'Bombay', 50),
```

```
(2, 'Supplier B', 'Delhi', 70),
    (3, 'Supplier C', 'Bombay', NULL);
INSERT INTO Part (pcode, weight, color, cost, sellingprice)
VALUES (1, 20, 'Red', 20, 25),
   (2, 30, 'Blue', 30, 35),
    (3, 25, 'Green', 40, 50);
INSERT INTO Supplier_Part (scode, pcode, qty)
VALUES (1, 1, 100),
   (1, 2, 150),
   (2, 2, 200),
    (3, 3, 50);
-- Queries
-- 1. Get the supplier number and part number in ascending order of supplier number
SELECT scode, pcode
FROM Supplier_Part
ORDER BY scode ASC;
-- 2. Get the details of supplier who operate from Bombay with turnover 50
SELECT *
FROM Supplier
WHERE scity = 'Bombay' AND turnover = 50;
-- 3. Get the total number of suppliers
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_suppliers
FROM Supplier;
```

-- 4. Get the part number weighing between 25 and 35

```
SELECT pcode
FROM Part
WHERE weight BETWEEN 25 AND 35;
-- 5. Get the supplier number whose turnover is null
SELECT scode
FROM Supplier
WHERE turnover IS NULL;
-- 6. Get the part number that cost 20, 30, or 40 rupees
SELECT pcode
FROM Part
WHERE cost IN (20, 30, 40);
-- 7. Get the total quantity of part 2 that is supplied
SELECT SUM(qty) AS total_quantity
FROM Supplier_Part
WHERE pcode = 2;
-- 8. Get the name of supplier who supply part 2
SELECT sname
FROM Supplier
WHERE scode IN (
  SELECT scode
  FROM Supplier_Part
  WHERE pcode = 2
);
-- 9. Get the part number whose cost is greater than the average cost
SELECT pcode
FROM Part
```

WHERE cost > (SELECT AVG(cost) FROM Part);

-- 10. Get the supplier number and turnover in descending order of turnover

SELECT scode, turnover

**FROM Supplier** 

ORDER BY turnover DESC;

SELECT \* FROM supplier;

SELECT \* FROM Supplier\_Part;

SELECT \* FROM Part;

OUTPUT:

```
+----+
| scode | pcode |
+----+
| 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 |
+----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
+-----+
| pcode |
+-----+
| 2 |
| 3 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
+----+
| scode |
+----+
| 3 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
+----+
| pcode |
+-----+
| 1 |
| 2 |
| 3 |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
+----+
| pcode |
+-----+
| 3 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
scode
        turnover
            70.00
            50.00
     1
     3
             NULL
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> SELECT * FROM supplier;
                     scity
 scode | sname
                              turnover
        | Supplier A
                    Bombay
                                  50.00
         Supplier B
                      Delhi
                                  70.00
     2
         Supplier C
                     Bombay
                                   NULL
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Supplier_Part;
  scode
         pcode
                   qty
                    100
              1
                    150
      1
              2
      2
                    200
              2
      3
                     50
              3
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Part;
 pcode
         weight
                   color
                           cost
                                    sellingprice
      1
           20.00
                   Red
                            20.00
                                            25.00
      2
           30.00
                   Blue
                            30.00
                                            35.00
           25.00
                            40.00
                                            50.00
                   Green
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```