

Ex. 2.17 Find the resultant of the force system acting on a body OABC shown in figure.

Find the distance of the resultant from O. Also find the points where the resultant will cut the x and y axis.

Solution: This is a general force system of four forces and a couple of 40 kNm acting on the body OABC.

$$\begin{aligned}\sum F_x &\rightarrow +ve \\ &= 20 \cos 53.13 - 20 \\ &= -8 \\ &= 8 \text{ kN} \leftarrow\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sum F_y \uparrow +ve \\ &= -10 - 20 \sin 53.13 + 20 \\ &= -6 \\ &= 6 \text{ kN} \downarrow\end{aligned}$$

Using $R = \sqrt{(\sum F_x)^2 + (\sum F_y)^2}$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2} \\ &= 10 \text{ kN}\end{aligned}$$

also $\tan \theta = \frac{\sum F_y}{\sum F_x} = \frac{6}{8} = 0.75$

$$\theta = 36.86^\circ$$

$\therefore R = 10 \text{ kN at } \theta = 36.86^\circ \nearrow$

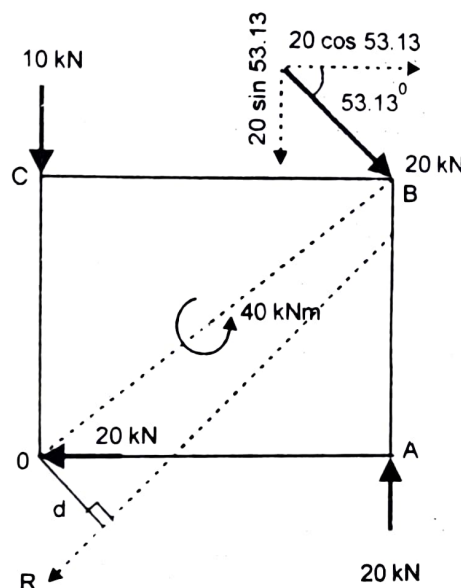
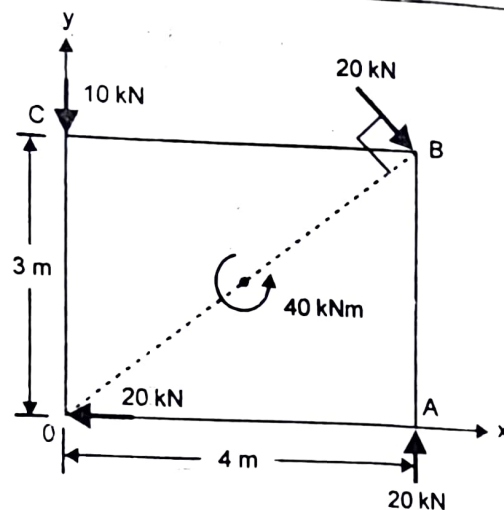
Location of resultant force

Let the resultant force be located at a \perp distance 'd' to the right of O as shown in the figure.

Using Varignon's theorem

$$\begin{aligned}\sum M_O^F &= M_O^R \curvearrowright +ve \\ 40 - (20 \sin 53.13) \times 4 - (20 \cos 53.13) \times 3 + 20 \times 4 &= -10 \times d \\ d &= -2 \text{ m} \\ &= 2 \text{ m (left of O)}\end{aligned}$$

\therefore The resultant $R = 10 \text{ kN at } \theta = 36.86^\circ \nearrow$ lies at \perp distance $d = 2 \text{ m}$ to the left of O. Ans.



$$\text{also } \tan \theta = \frac{\Sigma F_y}{\Sigma F_x} = \frac{20.72}{18.93}$$

$$= 47.58^\circ$$

$$R = 28.06 \text{ kN at } \theta = 47.58^\circ \searrow$$

Location of resultant force

Let the resultant force be located at a \perp distance 'd' to the right of O as shown in the figure.

Using Varignon's theorem

$$\Sigma M_O^F = M_O^R \quad \curvearrowright + \text{ve}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & - 3.5 \times 1000 - (8.5 \cos 45) \times 400 - (8.5 \sin 45) \times 200 - (5 \cos 26.56) \times 600 \\ & + (5 \sin 26.56) \times 800 - (7 \cos 45) \times 400 - (7 \sin 45) \times 800 - 12 \times 600 = - 28.06 \times d \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore 21141 = 28.06 d$$

$$\therefore d = 753.4 \text{ mm}$$

Hence Resultant force $R = 28.06 \text{ kN}$ at $\theta = 47.58^\circ \searrow$ lies at a \perp distance $d = 753.4 \text{ mm}$ to the right of O. **Ans.**

Point of intersection with x and y axis

Let the resultant cut the x -axis and the y -axis at a distance x and y as shown.

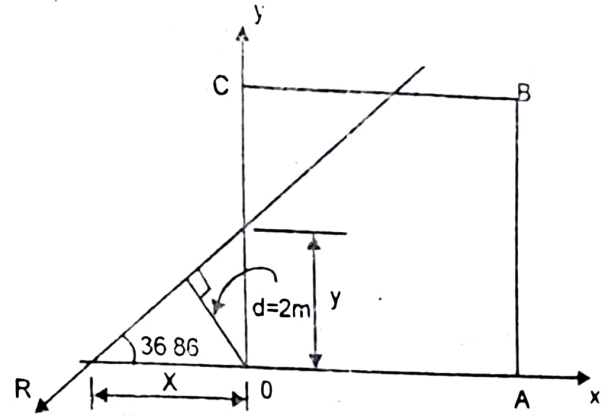
From geometry

$$\sin 36.86 = \frac{2}{x}$$

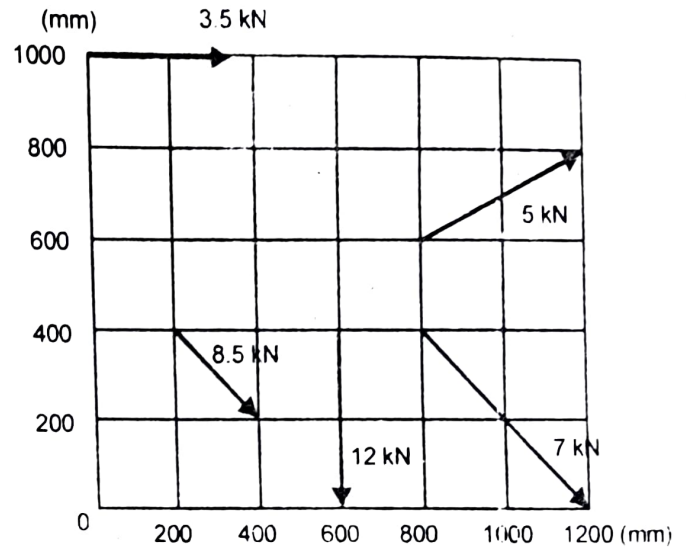
$$\therefore x = 3.34 \text{ m (on the -ve } x\text{-axis)}$$

$$\text{Also } \cos 36.86 = \frac{2}{y}$$

$$\therefore y = 2.5 \text{ m (on the +ve } y\text{-axis)}$$



Ex. 2.18 A set of five forces are acting on a plate as shown. Determine the resultant force of the force system from point O.



Solution: This is a general force system of five forces acting on the plate.

$$\sum F_x \rightarrow +ve$$

$$= 3.5 + 8.5 \cos 45 + 5 \cos 26.56 + 7 \cos 45$$

$$= 18.93 \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

$$\sum F_y \uparrow +ve$$

$$= -12 - 8.5 \sin 45 + 5 \sin 26.56 - 7 \sin 45$$

$$= -20.72 \text{ kN}$$

$$= 20.72 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$\text{Using } R = \sqrt{(\sum F_x)^2 + (\sum F_y)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{18.93^2 + 20.72^2}$$

$$= 28.06 \text{ kN}$$

