

**Syntax, Semantics and Translation Models** 

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## **Syntax**



- English, for example, includes the letters of punctuation and properly spelled words punctuated sentences.
- The **syntax** of a language is a set of characters and the acceptable sequences (arrangements) of those characters.

The following is a syntactically correct sentence in English,

#### I will read tomorrow

The following, however, is not syntactically correct,

#### I tomorrow reed will

### **Semantics**



- Consider the following sentence: I will read yesterday
- This sentence is syntactically correct, but has no meaning. It is semantically incorrect.
- The **semantics** of a language is the meaning associated with each syntactically correct sequence of characters.

Note: Every language has its own syntax and semantics.

#### **Translation**



- A programming language provides the necessary constructs to instruct the computer to do the tasks for us.
- Levels High, medium, low
- Generations 1 to 5
- Translation models describe the mathematical relationship between two or more languages.
  - Models of translational equivalence Whether expressions in different languages have equivalent meanings.

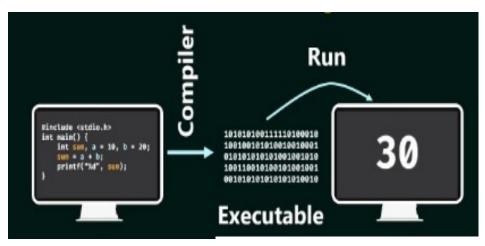
## **Language Translators**

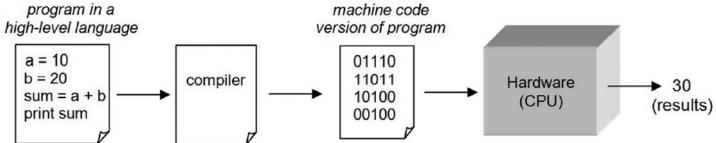


- Compilers, Interpreters, and Assemblers, ...
- Compiler converts entire high-level language programs to machine language at once.
- Interpreter converts high-level language to machine language line by line and execute instructions in place of CPU

# **Compiler**

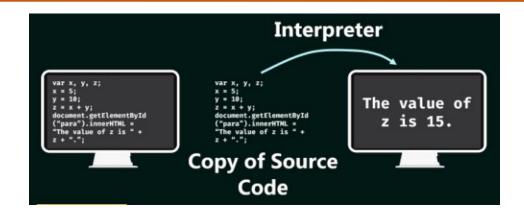


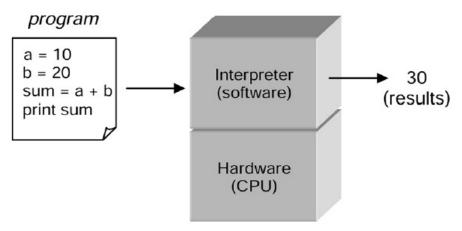




## **Interpreter**









# **THANK YOU**

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