

1. Intro, Basic Terms

05 August 2024 10:00

DATA VS INFORMATION

Data

- Raw facts
- Based on records, observations etc
- Unorganised

Information

Processed data is information

TYPES OF DATA

Unstructured: Raw, unorganised

Semi-structured: Not in database but has some organisational properties

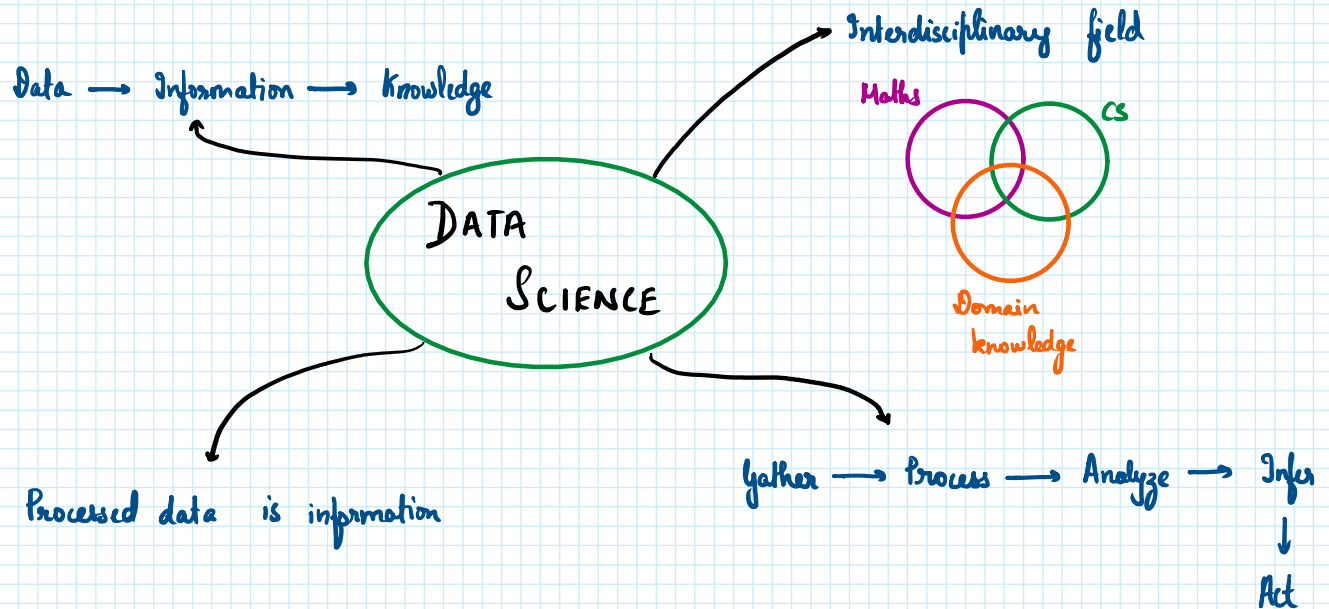
Structured: Fixed fields, organised

AIM OF DATA SCIENCE

Explore: Identifying patterns in raw data

Infer: Quantify what is learnt from data

Predict: Estimate future trends



STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

- Make inferences about population from a smaller sample

Population: Entire collection of objects/outcomes undergoing analysis

Sample: Subset of population that represents it for analysis

65: standard

Characteristics of samples

- Representative of entire population
- Appropriately sized
- Unbiased
- Economical
- Goal-oriented

NOTE: Terminologies

Sampling frame: List from which potential elements of sample are drawn

Sampling unit: Smallest unit from which sample can be drawn

Sampling scheme: Method used for sampling

Types of population

Tangible
Physical objects/quantities
Eg: Books, people

Conceptual
Quantities that are not discrete physical quantities
Eg: Temperature measurement

