# Milestone -1

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#### 1. KNN ALGORITHM

## **1.1 STEPS**

• Import necessary libraries:

```
from samples import *

from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from importlib import reload
```

- Load digit data (training ,test):
- Producedata() in samples.py load digit data by default
- The provided data has 5000 training samples and 1000 test samples

```
training_samples = 5000
tst_samples = 1000
features, targets = producedata(training_samples)

tst_features_path = "data/digitdata/testimages"
tst_target_path = "data/digitdata/testlabels"

etst_features, tst_targets = producedata(tst_samples_tst_features_path_tst_target_path)
```

- Define 2 functions to:
- train a model given certain K as a hyperparameter

```
def train_knn_classifier(features, target, k=5):
    model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k) # choosing the hyper parameter K = xxx
    # print(k)

# Train the model using the training sets
    model.fit(features, target) # feeding data to the model
    return model
```

• Predict the output of given test data

```
Idef predict_output(model, tst_data=[[0, 2]]):
    # Predict Output
    predicted = model.predict(tst_data)
    return predicted
```

• Define a function to try different values of K ranging from  $(3 - \sqrt{no\ of}\ samples)$  and measure the corresponding accuracy

```
def all_the_work(i=3,title=None,xlbl=None,ylbl=None):
   x_points = []
   y_points = []
   while i <= (training_samples ** 0.5):</pre>
       trained_model = train_knn_classifier(features, targets, i)
       predicted_targets = predict_output(trained_model, tst_features)
                                                                            #predict the output
       acc = metrics.accuracy_score(tst_targets, predicted_targets)
                                                                            # Model Accuracy, how often is the classifier correct?
       x_points.append(i)
       y_points.append(acc)
   print(list(zip(x_points_y_points)))
   plt.plot(x_points, y_points_marker='o')
   plt.ylabel(ylbl_fontsize_=_20)
   plt.show()
all_the_work(title='knn',xlbl='k-neighbours',ylbl='accuracy')
```

## 1.2 OUTPUT AND VISUALISATION OF 1ST DATASET

```
Accuracy: 0.878
k: 17
k: 19
      Accuracy: 0.874
      Accuracy: 0.872
      Accuracy: 0.878
k : 25
      Accuracy: 0.876
k : 27
      Accuracy: 0.87
k: 29
       Accuracy: 0.869
k: 31
       Accuracy: 0.864
k: 33
       Accuracy: 0.864
k: 35
       Accuracy: 0.86
k: 37
       Accuracy: 0.856
k: 39
       Accuracy: 0.857
k : 41
      Accuracy: 0.852
k: 43
      Accuracy: 0.851
k: 45
      Accuracy: 0.851
k: 47
      Accuracy: 0.848
k: 49
       Accuracy: 0.845
       Accuracy: 0.843
 : 51
```

Figure 1:knn on digits

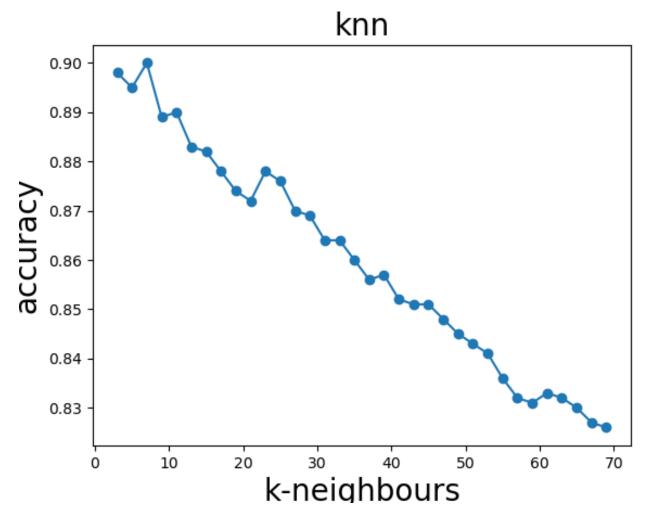


Figure 2

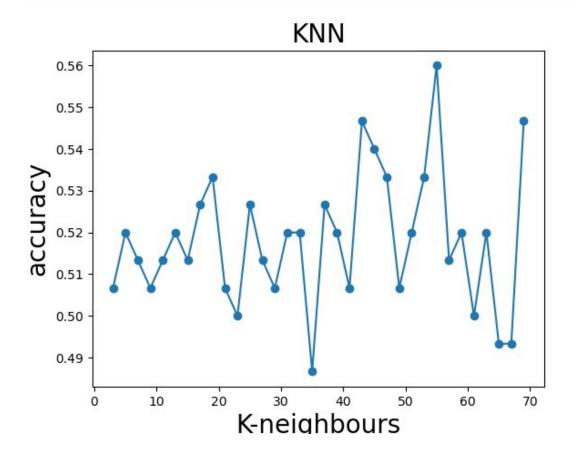
- Repeat the same process on face data images
- We need only to change number of training and test samples and file paths

```
features_targets = producedata(451_"data/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/facedata/fa
```

#### 1.3 OUTPUT AND VISUALISATION OF 2ND DATASET

```
k: 11 Accuracy: 0.51333333333333333
k: 13 Accuracy: 0.52
k: 15 Accuracy: 0.51333333333333333
k: 19 Accuracy: 0.53333333333333333
k: 21 Accuracy: 0.5066666666666667
k: 23 Accuracy: 0.5
k: 25 Accuracy: 0.5266666666666666
k: 27 Accuracy: 0.51333333333333333
k: 29 Accuracy: 0.506666666666667
k: 31 Accuracy: 0.52
k: 33 Accuracy: 0.52
k: 35 Accuracy: 0.486666666666667
k: 37 Accuracy: 0.5266666666666666
k: 39 Accuracy: 0.52
k: 41 Accuracy: 0.5066666666666667
k: 43 Accuracy: 0.5466666666666666
k: 45 Accuracy: 0.54
k: 47 Accuracy: 0.53333333333333333
k: 49 Accuracy: 0.5066666666666667
k: 51 Accuracy: 0.52
```

Figure 3: knn on faces



- We choose the k-value of the highest accuracy
- (7) in digits classification
- (55) in face classification

## 2. NAÏVE BAYES ALGORITHM

### **2.1 STEPS**

• Import significant modules

```
from samples import *
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn import metrics
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

- Load digit data (training ,test):
- Producedata() in samples.py load digit data by default
- The provided data has 5000 training samples and 1000 test samples

```
training_samples = 5000
tst_samples = 1000
features, targets = producedata(training_samples)
#------
```

```
tst_features_path = "data/digitdata/testimages"
tst_target_path = __"data/digitdata/testlabels"

tst_features, tst_targets = producedata(tst_samples_tst_features_path_tst_target_path)
```

- Define a function to:
- train a gaussian naïve bayes model with a certain hyperparameter "variance smoothing"
- predict the output of test data
- measure the accuracy
- Visualize the accuracy for different values of the hyperparameter

```
def all_work(var=0.01):
   x_points= []
   y_points = []
   norm = 1/var
   for i in range(int(var*norm),30,1):
       gnb = GaussianNB(var_smoothing=(i/norm))
       gnb.fit(features, targets)
       y_pred = gnb.predict(tst_features)
       x_points.append(i/norm)
       y_points.append(metrics.accuracy_score(tst_targets, y_pred) * 100)
       print("var = "_i/100,"\tGaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %):", y_points[i-1])
   print(x_points,"\n",y_points)
   plt.title("naive bayes", fontsize=20)
   plt.xlabel('sigma', fontsize=20)
   plt.ylabel('accuracy', fontsize=20)
   plt.plot(x_points_y_points_marker='o')
   plt.show()
```

- Repeat the same process on face data images
- We need only to change number of training and test samples and file paths

#### 2.2 OUTPUT AND VISUALISATION OF 1ST DATASET

```
var = 0.01
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 69.8
var = 0.02
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 71.8
var = 0.03
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 72.3
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 72.7
var = 0.04
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 72.8
var = 0.05
var = 0.06
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 72.6
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 72.6
var = 0.07
var = 0.08
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 72.3
var = 0.09
var = 0.1 Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 71.5
var = 0.11
            var = 0.12
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 71.5
            var = 0.13
var = 0.14
            var = 0.15
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 71.1
var = 0.16
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 70.8
           var = 0.17
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 70.3
var = 0.18
var = 0.19
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 70.3
var = 0.2 Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 70.3
var = 0.21
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 70.3
var = 0.22
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 70.3
var = 0.23 Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 70.1
```

Figure 5: NB on digits

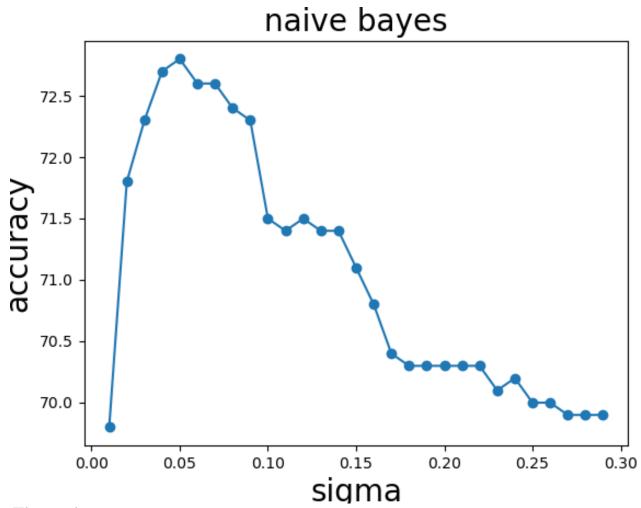


Figure 6

#### 2.3 OUTPUT AND VISUALISATION OF 2ND DATASET

```
Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 50.66666666666667
var = 0.01
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 49.333333333333333
var = 0.02
          var = 0.03
var = 0.04
var = 0.05
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 52.0
          Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 52.0
var = 0.06
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 52.0
var = 0.07
          Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 51.33333333333333
var = 0.08
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 51.333333333333333
var = 0.09
var = 0.11
            Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 53.333333333333333
var = 0.12
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 53.333333333333333
var = 0.13
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 53.333333333333333
          Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 54.0
var = 0.14
var = 0.15
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 53.333333333333333
          Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 53.33333333333333
var = 0.16
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 53.33333333333333
var = 0.17
var = 0.18
           Gaussian Naive Bayes model accuracy(in %): 54.0
```

Figure 7: NB on faces

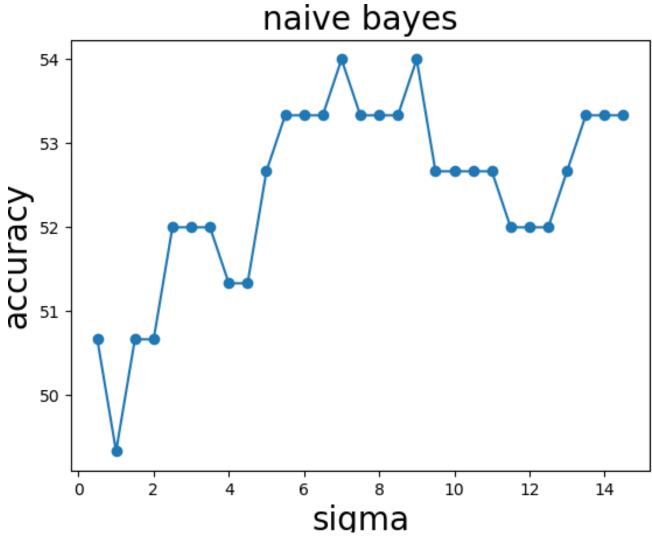


Figure 8

• We choose variance smoothing values of highest accuracy as a hyperparameter

(0.05) in digits

(7 or 9) in faces