

Project description

We built a python version of the classic board game Battleships, which is played on labeled grids on which each player's fleet of ships are marked. The locations of the fleets are concealed from the other player. Players alternate turns calling "shots" at the other player's ships, and the objective of the game is to destroy the opposing player's fleet.

We implemented the "Chain fire "game mode, where the number of shots a player fires is equal to the number of ships the player has remaining, and two game modes: Player vs Player and Player vs Computer



Code Framework

Two Classes

- 1. class Ship
- 2. class Battlefield

class Ship()---Attributes

```
class Ship:
    def __init__(self, length, direction):
        self.length = length
        self.direction = direction
        self.actual_location = []
```

Initiate basic attributes of a ship

class Ship()---Method

```
def set_ship(self, locationX, locationY):
    if self.direction == 'V': #verticle
        for i in range(self.length):
            the_boat = [locationX, locationY + i]
            self.actual_location.append(the_boat)
    elif self.direction == 'H': # horizontal
        for i in range(self.length):
            the_boat = [locationX + i, locationY]
            self.actual_location.append(the_boat)
```

 The player only inputs a point, the orientation and length of the ship, we need to record the actual location (more than one point) in a list

Class Battlefield()---Attributes & Basic Methods

```
class Battlefield:
    def __init__(self, width=8, length=8):
        self.battlefield = [['o ' for i in range(length + 1)] for j in range(width + 1)]
        for i in range(length + 1):
            self.battlefield[0][i] = str(i)+" "
        for j in range(width + 1):
            self.battlefield[j][0] = str(j)+" "
        self.width = width
        self.length = length
    def init_my_battlefield(self, ship):
       for actual_boat in ship.actual_location:
            self.battlefield[actual_boat[1]][actual_boat[0]] = '@ '
    def __str__(self):
                                                            Initiate the battlefield
        str=""
                                                            Override python print()
        for i in range(self.width+1):
                                                             function so that the
            for j in range(self.length+1):
```

str+=self.battlefield[i][j]

str+="\n"

return str

battlefield can be easily

printed out

class Battlefield()---Method

```
l length=[]
l width=[]
d_roster={'Battleship':[5],'Cruiser':[4],'Destroyer':[3],'Corvette':[2]}
for i in range(1, b.length+1):
    l length.append(i)
for i in range(1, b.width+1):
    l width.append(i)
length = 5
for i in range(4):
    direction = input('Please enter the orientation of your ' + roster[i]+'\n')
    while direction != 'V' and direction != 'H':
        print('Please enter a valid orientation for your ship')
        direction = input('Please enter the orientation of your ' + roster[i]+'\n')
    try:
        x = int(input("Please set up the x coordinate of your " + roster[i]+'\n'))
        y = int(input("Please set up the y coordinate of your " + roster[i]+'\n'))
    except ValueError:
        continue
    while x not in l_length or (direction == "H" and x + length-1 > b.length) \
            or y not in l_width or (direction=="V" and y+length-1> b.width):
        print('Please enter a valid orientation and x/y coordinate to make sure it is not out of scope')
        direction = input('Please enter the orientation of your ' + roster[i])
            x = int(input("Please set up the x coordinate of your " + roster[i]+'\n'))
            y = int(input("Please set up the y coordinate of your " + roster[i]+'\n'))
        except ValueError:
            continue
    while b.battlefield[v][x] == "@ ":
        print("Please enter a valid orientation and x/v coordinate to make sure it is not the same as one of the previous boats")
        try:
                direction = input('Please enter the orientation of your ' + roster[i]+'\n')
                x = int(input("Please set up the x coordinate of your " + roster[i]+'\n'))
                y = int(input("Please set up the y coordinate of your " + roster[i]+'\n'))
        except ValueError:
                continue
    a_ship = Ship(length, direction, 1)
    a ship.set ship(x, v)
    for i in a ship, actual location: <
        d roster[roster[i]].append(j)
    b.init my battlefield(a ship)
    os.system('clear') #clears previous output so that the player sees what appears to be a rapid update of the
                       #battlefield without repetition
    print(b)
    length -= 1
return b, d_roster # d_roster is used to check whether a ship is sunk
```

User prompt: input setup
Taking IndexError and
ValueError into
consideration

To record the actual location, battlefield, and the condition of a ship

Game Stage 1: Set up

- Both players start by placing their fleet onto their own battlefield
- Two blank battlefields are created to be displayed as player 1's battlefield to player 2, and vice versa
- Two lists are created to hold the destroyed ships of player 1 and two

Game Stage 2: Attack

```
def attack(actual_battlefield, displayed_battlefield):
    l_length=[]
    l width=[]
   for i in range(1, actual_battlefield.length+1):
        l length.append(i)
   for i in range(1, actual_battlefield.width+1):
        l width.append(i)
   x = int(input("Guess one x coordinate of your opponent's ship "))
    y = int(input("Guess one y coordinate of your opponent's ship "))
   while x not in l length or y not in l width:
        print('Please enter a valid x/y coordinate to make sure it is in the enemy field')
        x = int(input("Guess one x coordinate of your opponent's ship "))
        y = int(input("Guess one y coordinate of your opponent's ship "))
    actual_battlefield.update_battlefield(x,y,displayed_battlefield)
```

 Attack function takes player input coordinates and compare them with the opponent's battlefield, updating their displayed battlefield and printing it out onto the player's screen

Game Stage 2: Attack

```
def update battlefield(self. Xcoordinate. Ycoordinate.battlefield):
    if battlefield.check coordinate(Xcoordinate,Ycoordinate)==0:
        print("\nThis point has already been hit, try another one next time!")
        attack(self, battlefield) ←
        return
    elif self.check coordinate(Xcoordinate, Ycoordinate) == 1:
                                                                          If the player selects
        battlefield.battlefield[Ycoordinate] [Xcoordinate] = ' '
                                                                          a previously hit tile,
        self.battlefield[Ycoordinate] [Xcoordinate] =
        print("\nSorry, you didn't hit an enemy ship!")
                                                                          he will receive
    elif self.check coordinate(Xcoordinate, Ycoordinate)==2:
        battlefield.battlefield[Ycoordinate] [Xcoordinate] = 'x '
                                                                          another chance
        self.battlefield[Ycoordinate] [Xcoordinate] = 'x '
        print("\nGood job, you hit an enemy ship!")
    print("Enemy battlefield:")
    print(battlefield)
    #used to grant a player a second chance if player chooses to fire on a tile that has already been hit
```

 We compare the player's input x,y with his opponent's battlefield, if it is the same as the opponent's ship location, update the player's own battlefield with "x", otherwise the tile will turn into ""

Game Stage 3: Players take turns to attack

```
for i in range(5):
   shots player1=2-len(l player1 destroyed)
   shots_player2=2-len(l_player2_destroyed)
   os.system('clear')
   print("Player1's turn:\n")
   print('Enemy battlefield:')
   print(b2_for_player1)#displays the current state of the opponent's battlefield for player to consult while planning attacks
   print('Your battlefield:')
   print(b1)
                                         for i in range(5):
   print('Casualties:',l player1 destroyed)
                                                 shots_player1=2-len(l_player1_destroyed)
   print('Kills:', l player2 destroyed)
   print('Number of shots: %s'%shots player1)
                                                 shots_player2=2-len(l_player2_destroyed)
   for i in range(player1 attacks):
      print('shot number %s' %(i+1))
      attack(b2,b2 for player1)
      for k, v in d_player2_roster.items():
          HP=v[0]
          for j in v:
                                                           Shot number is determined by the
             if type(i)==list:
                 if b2.battlefield[j[1]][j[0]]=='x ':
                                                           condition of player's own ships
                    HP-=1
          if HP==0:
                                                           (whether sunk or not)
             player2 attacks-=1
             l player2 destroyed.append(k)
                                                           (in this demo version a player only has
      for i in l player2 destroyed:
          d_player2_roster.pop(i,None)
                                                           2 ships, so max=2 shots)
      if len(l player2 destroyed)==2:
          print ('Player 1 has won through eliminating Player 2\'s fleet.')
          return
   a=input('Press enter to finish your turn') #allows the player to have a glimpse of the battlefield after their final shot
```

Game Stage 3: Players take turns to attack

```
os.system('clear')
  print("Player1's turn:\n")
os.system('clear')
print("Player1's turn:\n")
print('Enemy battlefield:')
print(b2 for player1)#displays the current state of the opponent's battlefield for player to consult while planning attacks
print('Your battlefield:')
print(b1)
print('Casualties:',l_player1_destroyed)
print('Kills:',l_player2_destroyed)
print('Number of shots: %s'%shots_player1)
  print('Number of shots: %s'%shots_player1)
  Current state of the game displayed to
  each player at the beginning of their
```

turn

Game Stage 3: Players take turns to attack

```
for i in range(player1_attacks):
   print('shot number %s' %(i+1))
   attack(b2,b2 for player1)
   for k, v in d_player2_roster.items():
       HP=v[0]
       for j in v:
           if type(i)==list:
              if b2.battlefield[j[1]][j[0]]=='x ':
                  HP=1
       if HP==0:
           player2 attacks-=1
           l player2 destroyed.append(k)
   for i in l_player2_destroyed:
       d player2 roster.pop(i.None)
   if len(l player2 destroyed)==2:
       print ('Player 1 has won through eliminating Player 2\'s fleet.')
       return
if len(l_player2_destroyed)==2:
      print ('Player 1 has won through eliminating Player 2\'s fleet.')
       return
```

Monitors fleet state after every shot and ends game if the fleet of one player is completely destroyed

Game Stage 4: Calculate the points and announce the winner

```
def points_calculator(self):
     count = 0
     for i in range(1, self.length + 1):
         for j in range(1, self.width + 1):
             if self.battlefield[j][i] == 'x ':
                 count += 1
     return count
p1=b1.points_calculator()
p2=b2.points_calculator()
if p1>p2:
    print("Player 1 wins!")
elif p1<p2:
    print("Player 2 wins!")
else:
    print("You two got the same score! Slug it out next time!")
```

For Player vs. Computer, same logic, but we generate random setup and attack instead.

```
for i in range(4):
    k = random.randint(0, 1)
   list0 = ['H', 'V']
    direction = list0[k]
   x = random.randint(5, 8)
   y = random.randint(1, 8)
    while (direction == "H" and x + length - 1 > 8) or (direction == "V" and y + length - 1 > 8):
        m = random.randint(0, 1)
        list1 = ['H', 'V']
        direction = list1[m]
        x = random.randint(5, 8)
        y = random.randint(1, 8)
    while b2.battlefield[y][x] == "@ ":
        n = random.randint(0, 1)
        list2 = ['H', 'V']
        direction = list2[n]
        x = random.randint(5, 8)
        y = random.randint(1, 8)
    a_ship = Ship(length, direction, 2)
    a_ship.set_ship(x, y)
    b2.init_my_battlefield(a_ship)
   length -= 1
return b2
```

Implement into Chat System

```
if self.state == S_LOGGEDIN:
    # todo: can't deal with multiple lines yet
    if len(my_msg) > 0:
    . . . . . .
                                      "game 1" for player vs. computer
    elif my_msg[0:5]=='game1':
                                      "game 2" for player vs. player
        self.out_msg += ' Have fun!\n\n'
       self.out_msg += '----\n'
       os.system('python game_single_player.py')
    elif my_msg[0:5]=='game2':
        self.out_msg += ' Have fun!\n\n'
       self.out_msg += '----\n'
       os.system('python game_two_players.py')
```

Online Double Game: Gold Searcher

```
import random
                                                                                              elif msa["action"] == "exchange":
                                                                                                  from_name = self.logged_sock2name[from_sock]
                                                                                                 Finding the list of people to send to and index message
class Battlefield:
   def __init__(self, width, length, location):
                                                                                                  # IMPLEMENTATION
        self.battlefield = [['o ' for i in range(length+1)] for j in range(width+1)]
                                                                                                 # ---- start your code ---- #
        self.width = width
                                                                                                  the_guys = self.group.list_me(from_name)
        self.length = length
                                                                                                 said2 = text_proc(msq["message"], from_name)
                                                                                                  self.indices[from_name].add_msq_and_index(said2)
        self.location= location
                                                                                                 if msq["message"]=="q":
    def update_battlefield(self):
                                                                                                     self.ground=Battlefield(4,4,[])
        i=3
                                                                                                     self.ground.update_battlefield()
        while i>=0:
                                                                                                     msg["message"] += 'There are four gold sites to search among the sixteen sites\n'
            row=random.randint(0,2)
                                                                                                     msq["message"] += 'Please enter the coordinate in order to find the gold\n'
            column=random.randint(0,2)
            if [row,column] not in self.location:
                                                                                                 else:
                 self.location.append([row.column])
                 self.battlefield[column][row]='x '
                                                                                                          clicker = msg["message"].split(',')
                 i=i-1
                                                                                                          for i in range(len(clicker)):
                                                                                                             clicker[i] = int(clicker[i])
                                                                                                         #self.ground.attack(clicker)
                                                                                                         if self.around.attack(clicker)==False:
                                                                                                             msa["message"] += "Continue and next one!\n"
    def attack(self,list0):
        if list0 in self.location:
                                                                                                         else:
                                                                                                             msa["message"] += "Game over\n"
            return True
                                                                                                             msa["message"] +='This is the true map!\n'
        return False
                                                                                                             msq["message"] += 'x is gold site and o is empty!\n'
                                                                                                             for each in self.ground.battlefield:
                                                                                                                 msg["message"] += str(each)
                                                                                                     except:
```

msq["message"] += " "

Demo

Double_Players Mode

GUI---Calculator

```
gui.title("A Small Calculator")
qui.geometry("300x150")
equation = StringVar()
expression_field = Entry(qui, textvariable=equation)
expression field.grid(columnspan=4, ipadx=70)
equation.set('please enter your expression:')
button1 = Button(gui, text=' 1 ', fg='black', bg='red',
                 command=lambda: press(1), height=1, width=7)
button1.grid(row=2, column=0)
button2 = Button(gui, text=' 2 ', fg='black', bg='red',
                 command=lambda: press(2), height=1, width=7)
button2.grid(row=2, column=1)
```

```
plus = Button(gui, text=' + ', fg='black', bg='red',
              command=lambda: press("+"), height=1, width=7)
plus.grid(row=2, column=3)
minus = Button(gui, text=' - ', fg='black', bg='red',
               command=lambda: press("-"), height=1, width=7)
minus.grid(row=3, column=3)
multiply = Button(qui, text=' * ', fg='black', bg='red',
                  command=lambda: press("*"), height=1, width=7)
multiply.grid(row=4, column=3)
divide = Button(gui, text=' / ', fg='black', bg='red',
                command=lambda: press("/"), height=1, width=7)
divide.grid(row=5, column=3)
equal = Button(qui, text=' = ', fg='black', bg='red',
               command=equal_press, height=1, width=7)
```

Problems and Challenges

- 1. The coordinates that players enter need to be checked to ensure that a: they remain within the scope of the battlefield, and b: that they do not.
 - Solution: try-except to monitor the range of the coordinates, and check_coordinate method to decide whether a tile has been hit previously
- 2. Displaying the enemy battlefield after each shot is carried out by the player
 - Solution: Setting up 4 battlefields in total, 2 for each player, one of which is the battlefield where the player places their vessels and the other being the battlefield that is displayed to their opponents
- 3. Making the computer in single player mode able to choose proper coordinates based on previous steps (choose coordinates near last success).
 - Solution: Add random number onto the success trial.

Future Improvements

Add unique characteristics to different ship classes (e.g. Battleships have more guns and have a shield that can absorb extra shots, Destroyers can reveal a 2x2 area of the enemy battlefield, etc).

Implement an interface using pygame.