

SwissCenter Installation

Windows Step-by-Step Guide

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Downloading the Software

The following is a list of all the software that you will need for a successful installation of the SwissCenter interface for the Pinnacle Showcenter:

- SwissCenter
Download from <http://www.swisscenter.co.uk/>
Size – 1.5Mb
- MySQL 4.0 or above - *Windows (x86) Installer*
Download from <http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/>
Size - 24.6 Mb
- PHP 4.3.9 - *ZIP Package*
Download from <http://www.php.net/downloads.php>
Size - 6.79 Mb
- Apache 2 Webserver for Windows - *Win32 Binary (MSI Installer)*
Download from <http://httpd.apache.org/download.cgi>
Size - 6.39 Mb

Total download size is approximately 40 Mbytes.

Required Disk space for installation is approximately 110 Mbytes.

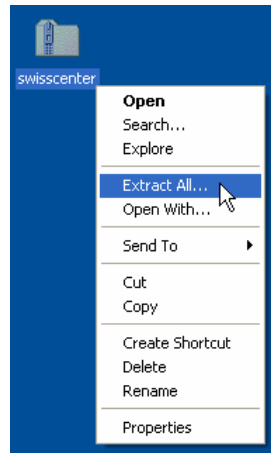


Please Note: The software supplied with your Pinnacle Showcenter does **not** need to be installed on your computer to allow you to use the SwissCenter. However, you will need the Pinnacle software installed if you wish to upgrade the Showcenter firmware.

Installing SwissCenter

Having downloaded the *SwissCenter* Zip file, installation is quite simple and only requires that you extract the contents of the zip file into the appropriate place.

The steps below show how to extract the file using the built-in zip handling features of Windows XP. If you are running Windows 2000 or NT, then you can use a program such as *WinZip* to extract the files instead.

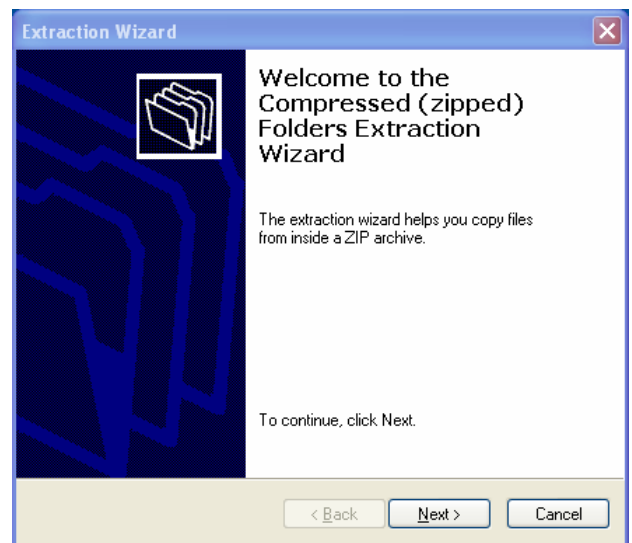


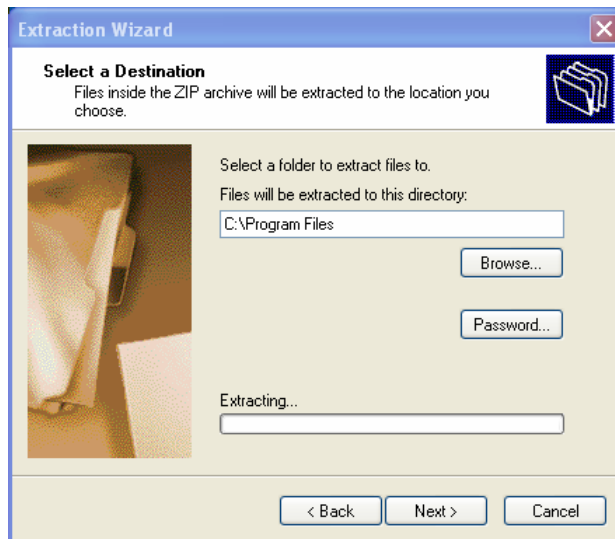
Step 1

Locate the ZIP file that you downloaded, and right click on it to bring up the menu shown here. Select *Extract All* from the menu.

Step 2

Click *Next*.



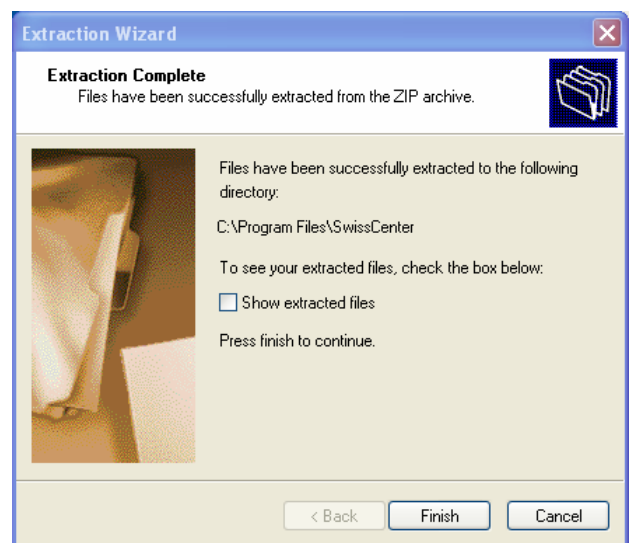


Step 3

Select a folder to extract the files into.

This will be the folder into which the SwissCenter interface is installed, so it is recommended that you choose "*C:\Program Files\SwissCenter*" (or wherever you usually install your programs).

Click *Next* once you have selected a folder.



Step 4

Ensure that the *Show Selected Files* option is **not** checked and click *Finish*.

Information on how to configure the SwissCenter will be provided later in this document once all the other required software components are installed.

Installing and Configuring MySQL

Installing MySQL

Having downloaded the *MySQL 4.0* (or above) Zip file you should extract it to a temporary folder (which you can delete after installation) and then double-click the *Setup.exe* file to launch the installer.

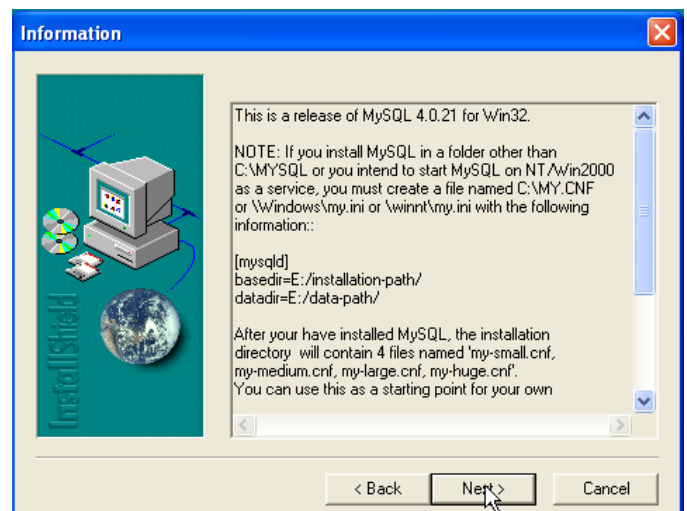


If you are using Windows XP, you do not need to extract the Zip file to a temporary folder first. You can simply double-click the Zip file to explore it and then double-click on the *Setup.exe* file to the installation program.



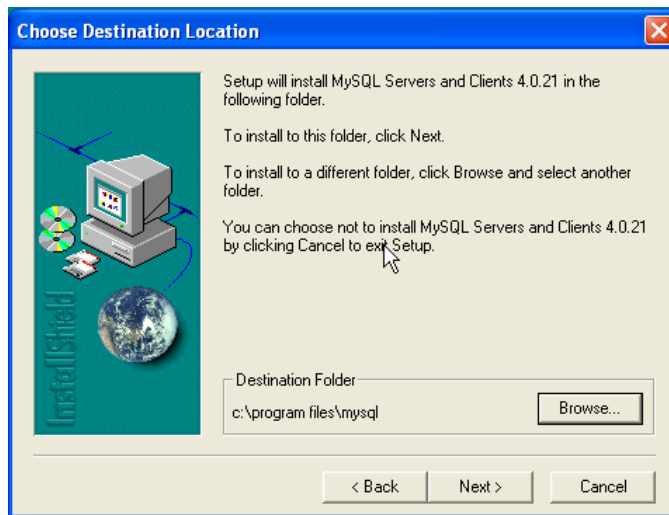
Step 1

Click *Next*.



Step 2

Click *Next*.



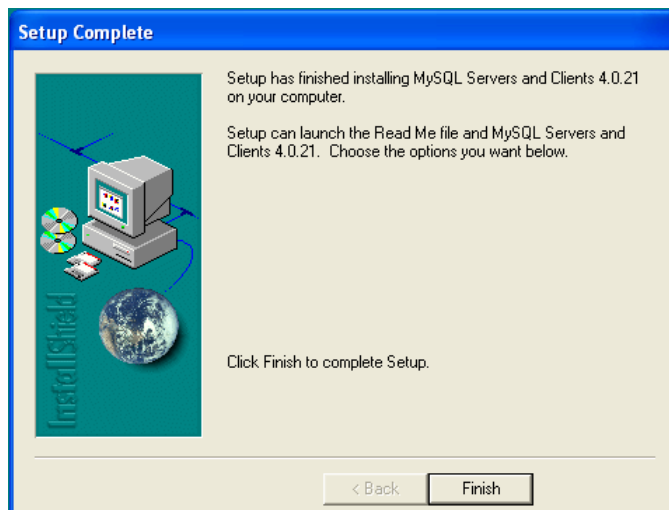
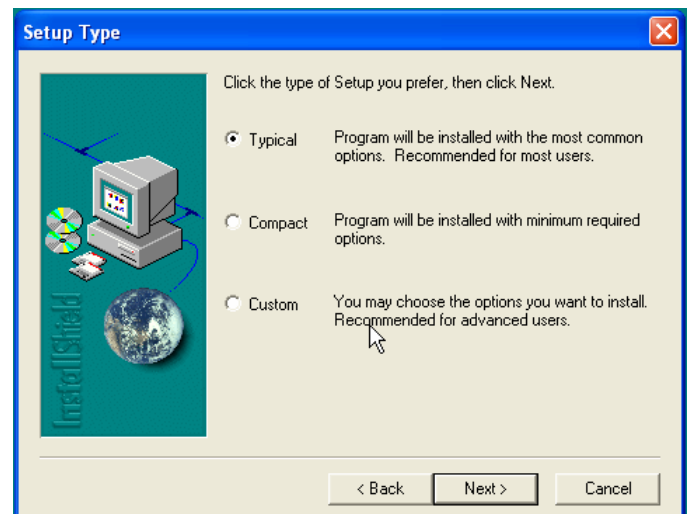
Step 3

Choose a destination folder into which *MySQL* will be installed.

It is recommended that you choose "*C:\Program Files\MySQL*" (or wherever you usually install your programs).

Click *Next*.

Step 4
Choose the *Typical* Installation and click *Next*.



Step 5

Click *Finish*.

Configuring MySQL

Although MySQL does not have a standard MSI installer, there are only two steps that you need to perform to configure MySQL and ensure that it is automatically started when Windows loads.

Step 1

Copy the text below into Notepad (or your favourite text editor) and save it as "*C:\Windows\My.ini*". Note that the path names are specified with forward slashes, not back-slashes.

```
[mysqld]
basedir=C:/Program Files/mysql
datadir=C:/Program Files/mysql/data
tmpdir=C:/windows/temp

[WinMySQLadmin]
Server=C:/Program Files/mysql/bin/mysql-d-nt.exe
user=root
password=
```



If you installed MySQL into a different location then you should substitute the location you used in place of the *C:\Program Files\MySQL*.

Step 2

Click on the *Start Menu* and select *Run*. In the dialog box that appears, type the command *exactly* as it appears below (or cut and paste it) and click *OK*.

```
"C:\Program Files\MySQL\bin\mysql-d-nt" -install
net start mysql
```



Again, If you installed MySQL into a different location, then you will need to substitute the location you used as in place of "*C:\Program Files\MySQL*".

Installing and Configuring PHP

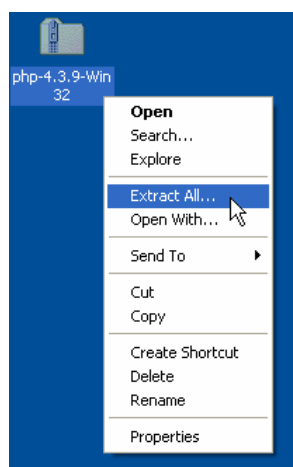
Installing PHP

Having downloaded the [PHP 4.3.9](#) Zip file, installation is quite simple and only requires that you extract the contents of the zip file into the appropriate place.

The steps below show how to extract the file using the built-in zip handling features of Windows XP. If you are running Windows 2000 or NT, then you can use a program such as [WinZip](#) to extract the files instead.



Please Note: You must download the **ZIP** version of the PHP installation, not the version that has been written as a windows installer. This is because the ZIP file contains a number of PHP extensions that are required by the SwissCenter and are missing from the windows installer version.

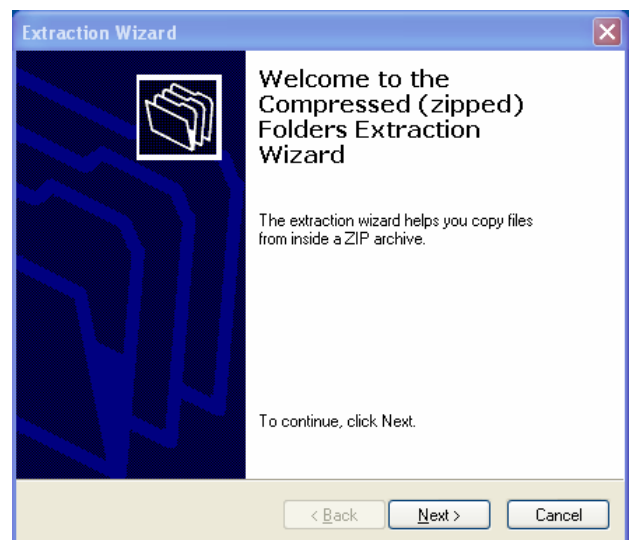


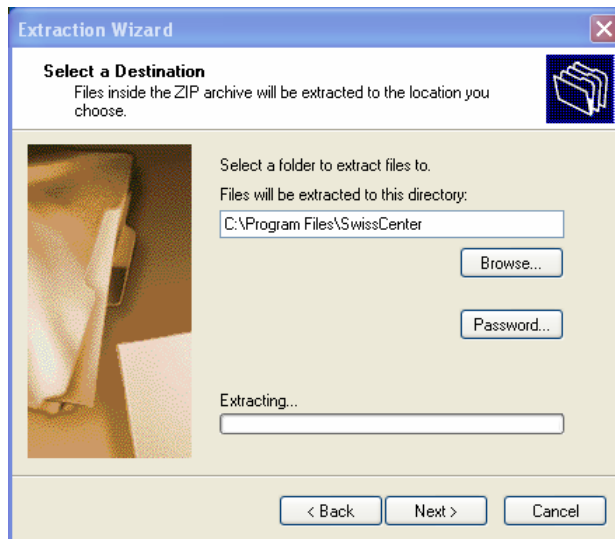
Step 1

Locate the ZIP file that you downloaded, and right click on it to bring up the menu shown here. Select [Extract All](#) from the menu.

Step 2

Click [Next](#).



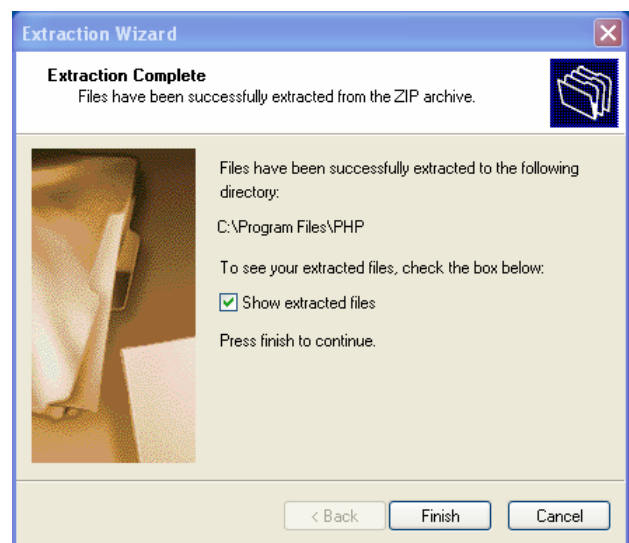


Step 3

Select a folder to extract the files into.

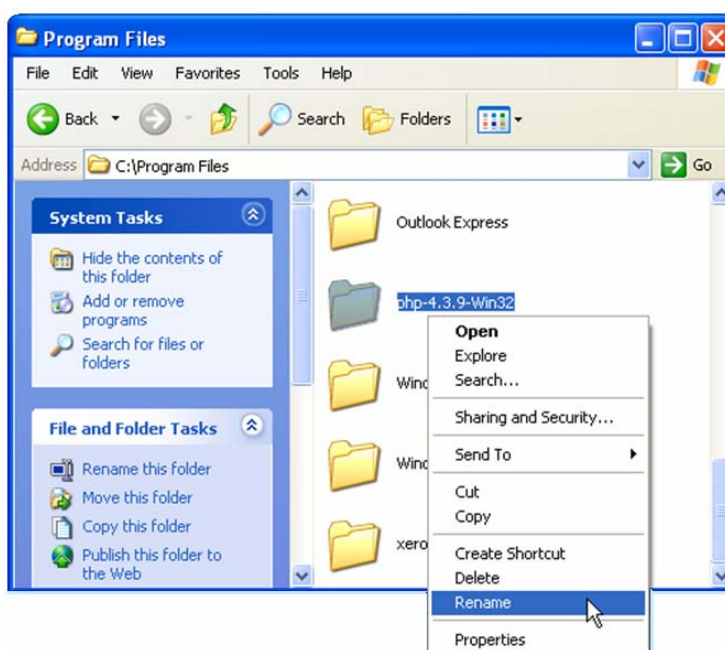
This will be the folder into which PHP is installed, so it is recommended that you choose "*C:\Program Files*" (or wherever you usually install your programs).

Click *Next* once you have selected a folder.



Step 4

Ensure that the "*Show Selected Files*" option is checked (for the next step) and then click *Finish*.



Step 5

Finally, in the *Explorer* window that opens you need to either rename the PHP folder to something a little easier to remember, or make a note of the *exact* folder name.

It is recommended that you rename the folder to "*PHP*" by pressing *F2* or right clicking on the folder and selecting *Rename* from the context menu.

Note: You may have to click "*Show the Contents of this folder*" if the files are hidden.

Configuring PHP

PHP is entirely configured from a single text file (the *php.ini* file), and there are only a few minor changes that you will need to make to the standard file.

Step 1

Load the file *C:\Program Files\PHP\php.ini-dist* into your favourite text editor (if you installed PHP into a different location then load the *php.ini-dist* file from that location instead).

Step 2

Next, you need to navigate down to the section of the configuration file that controls which PHP extensions will be enabled. The easiest way to do this is to perform a search for the text "*Windows Extensions*". The section of the document will look similar to that shown below:

```
;Windows Extensions
;Note that MySQL and ODBC support is now built in, so no dll is needed for it.

;extension=php_bz2.dll
;extension=php_cpdf.dll
;extension=php_crack.dll
;extension=php_curl.dll
;extension=php_db.dll
;extension=php_dba.dll
;extension=php_dbase.dll
;extension=php_dbx.dll
;extension=php_domxml.dll
;extension=php_exif.dll
;extension=php_fdf.dll
;extension=php_filepro.dll
extension=php_gd2.dll
;extension=php_gettext.dll
;extension=php_hyperwave.dll
;extension=php_iconv.dll
;extension=php_ifx.dll
;extension=php_iisfunc.dll
;extension=php_imap.dll
;extension=php_interbase.dll
;extension=php_java.dll
;extension=php_ldap.dll
;extension=php_mcrypt.dll
extension=php_mbstring.dll
;extension=php_mhash.dll
;extension=php_mime_magic.dll
;extension=php_ming.dll
;extension=php_mssql.dll
;extension=php_mysql.dll
;extension=php_oci8.dll
;extension=php_openssl.dll
;extension=php_oracle.dll
;extension=php_pdf.dll
;extension=php_pgsq1.dll
;extension=php_printer.dll
;extension=php_shmop.dll
;extension=php_snmp.dll
;extension=php_sockets.dll
;extension=php_sybase_ct.dll
;extension=php_w32api.dll
;extension=php_xmlrpc.dll
;extension=php_xslt.dll
;extension=php_yaz.dll
extension=php_zip.dll
```

Notice that there are a number of modules that I have highlighted in **red**. Make sure that those lines in your file match the ones above and **do not** have a semi-colon at the beginning.

Step 4

Using the Search function, locate the line which reads as follows

```
extension_dir = "./"
```

Change it to read:

```
extension_dir = "./extensions"
```

Step 5

Using the Search function, locate the line which reads as follows (note that there may be several lines which look similar to this one, but the one that you should locate does **not** have a semi-colon at the beginning of the line):

```
error_reporting = E_ALL & ~E_NOTICE
```

Change it to read:

```
error_reporting = E_ERROR
```

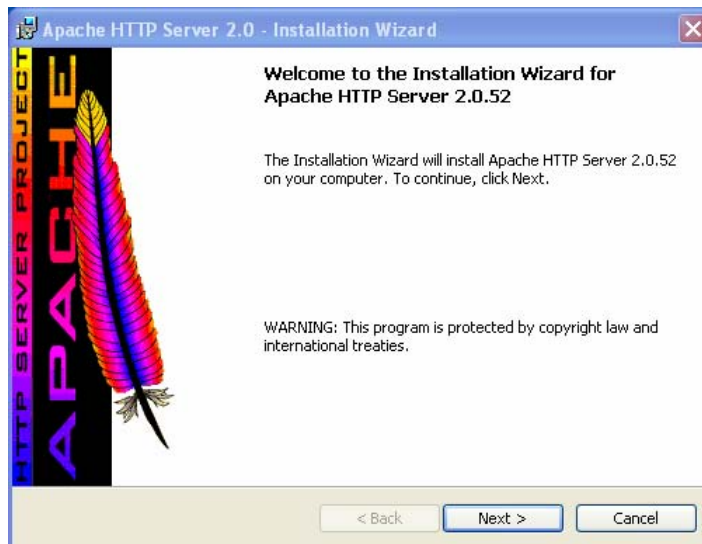
Step 6

In your text editor, go to the *File* menu and select *Save As*. Now save the file into your Windows folder (*C:\Windows*) with the name *php.ini* (Note that the "-dist" is omitted from the filename).

Installing and Configuring Apache

Installing Apache

Having downloaded the Apache installer, double click the executable to launch it and you will be presented with the following screen:

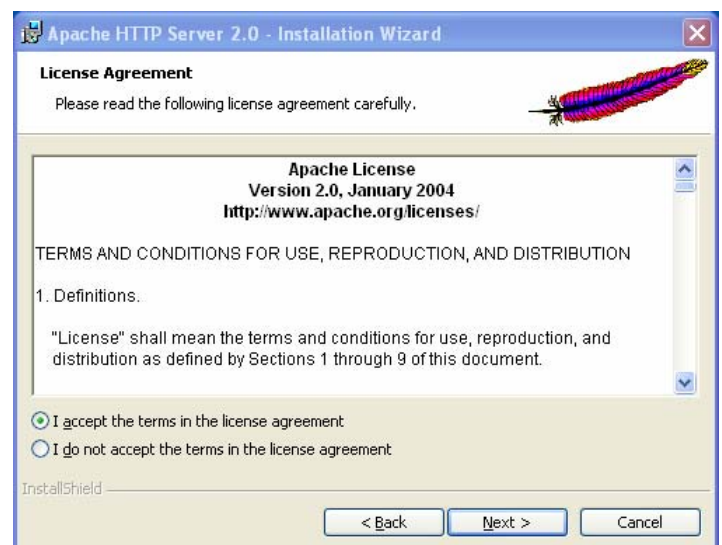


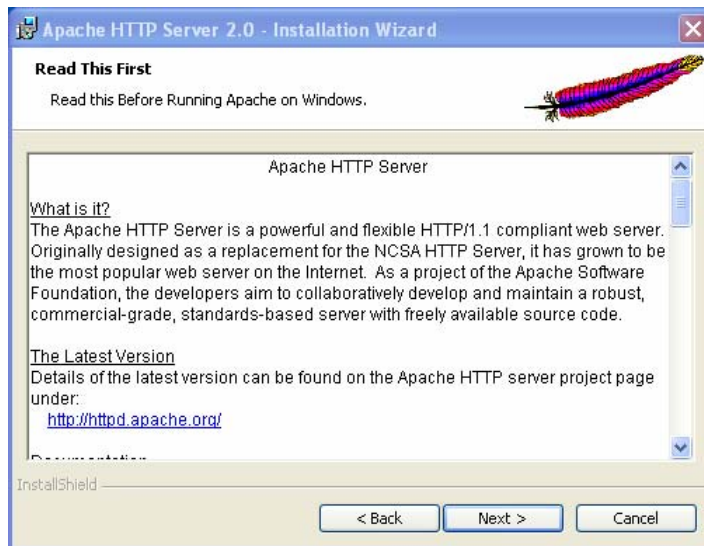
Step 1

Click on *Next* and you will be presented with the License Agreement

Step 2

Of course, you plan to abide by the license agreement, so select *I accept the terms in the license agreement* and click on *Next*.





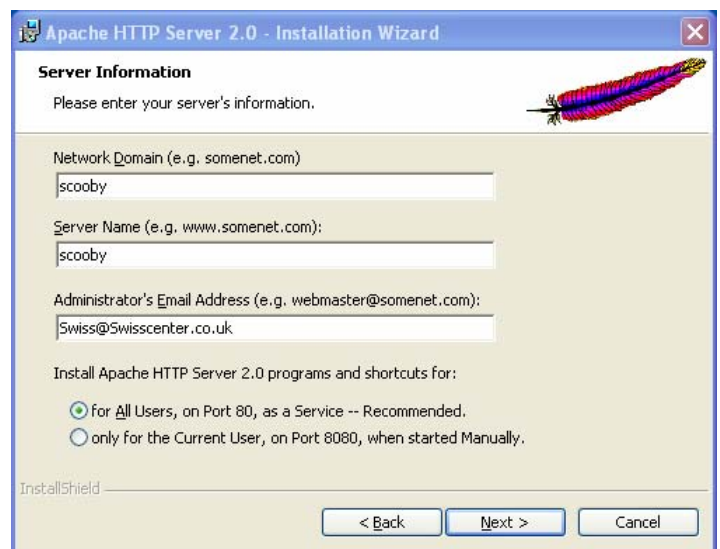
Step 3

After reviewing the information (or not) click the *Next*.

Step 4

For both the *Network Domain* and the *Server Name* enter the name of your machine. If you don't know what your machine's name is then enter "*localhost*" instead (the Showcenter will access the webserver by IP address anyway, so it really doesn't matter).

Enter your email address into the *Administrator's Email Address*, leave the *Programs and Shortcuts* selection set to "*for All Users*" and click on *Next*.

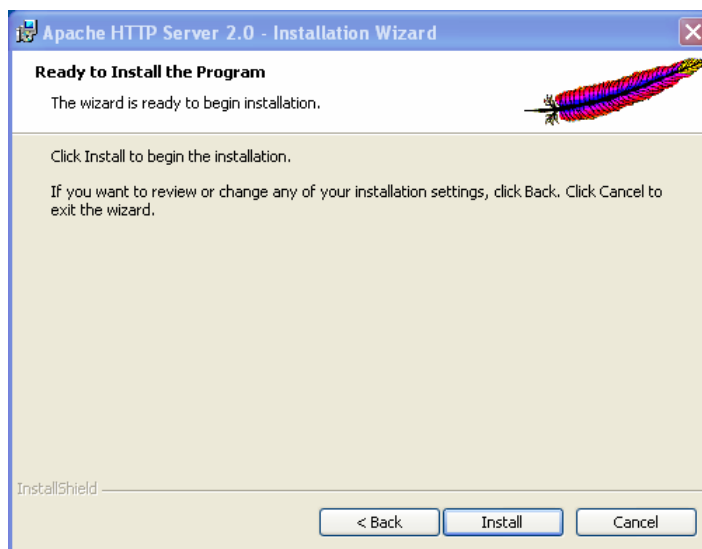
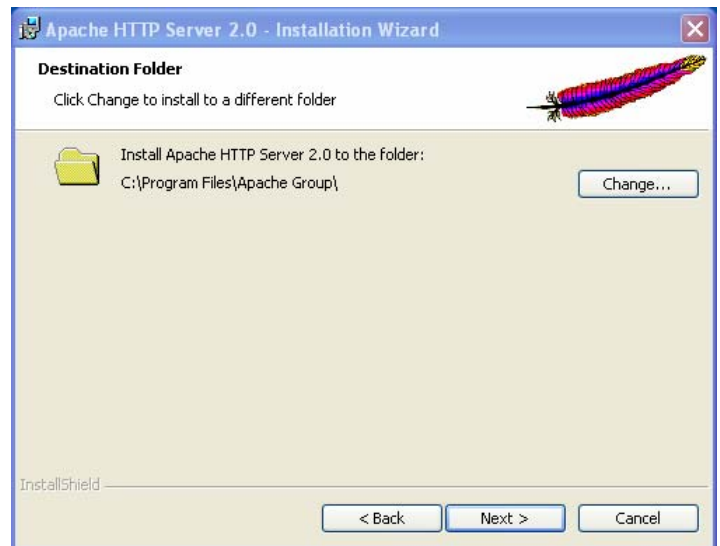


Step 5

Leave the setup type set to *Typical* and click on *Next*.

Step 6

Change the installation folder only if you need to install Apache to a different location, and then click on *Next*.

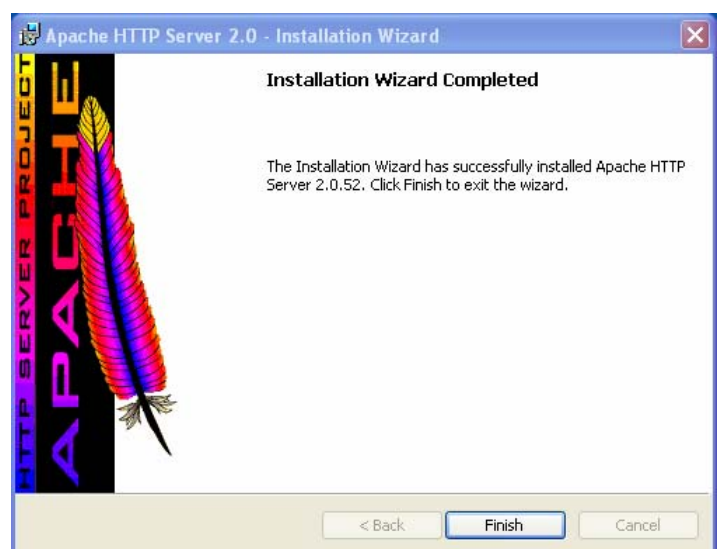


Step 7

Click on Install and wait a couple of minutes for the installation to complete.

Step 8

Click *Finish*.



Configuring Apache

Like PHP, Apache is also entirely configured from a single text file which you will need to edit in the following way:

Step 1

Load the configuration file into a text editor by clicking on the *Start Menu* and selecting *All Programs > Apache HTTP Server > Configure Apache Server > Edit the Apache httpd.conf Configuration file*.

Step 2

Navigate to the very bottom of the file and add the following lines (cut and paste them from this document).

The lines that are highlighted in **red** contain references to the locations into which that you installed PHP and the SwissCenter software. If you did not use the locations shown, edit the file to reflect the locations that you did use.

```
Listen 8080
<VirtualHost _default_:8080>
    DocumentRoot "C:\Program Files\swisscenter"
    <Directory "C:\Program Files\swisscenter">
        Options Indexes FollowSymLinks MultiViews
        AllowOverride None
        Order allow,deny
        Allow from all
    </Directory>
    <IfModule mod_dir.c>
        DirectoryIndex index.html index.php
    </IfModule>
    ScriptAlias /php/ "C:/Program Files/php/"
    Action application/x-httpd-php "/php/php.exe"
    AddType application/x-httpd-php .php
    Alias /C:/ "C:/"
    Alias /D:/ "D:/"
    Alias /E:/ "E:/"
    Alias /F:/ "F:/"
    Alias /G:/ "G:/"
    Alias /H:/ "H:/"
    Alias /I:/ "I:/"
    Alias /J:/ "J:/"
    Alias /K:/ "K:/"
    Alias /L:/ "L:/"
    Alias /M:/ "M:/"
    Alias /N:/ "N:/"
    Alias /O:/ "O:/"
    Alias /P:/ "P:/"
    Alias /Q:/ "Q:/"
    Alias /R:/ "R:/"
    Alias /S:/ "S:/"
    Alias /T:/ "T:/"
    Alias /U:/ "U:/"
    Alias /V:/ "V:/"
    Alias /W:/ "W:/"
    Alias /X:/ "X:/"
    Alias /Y:/ "Y:/"
    Alias /Z:/ "Z:/"
</VirtualHost>
```

Step 3

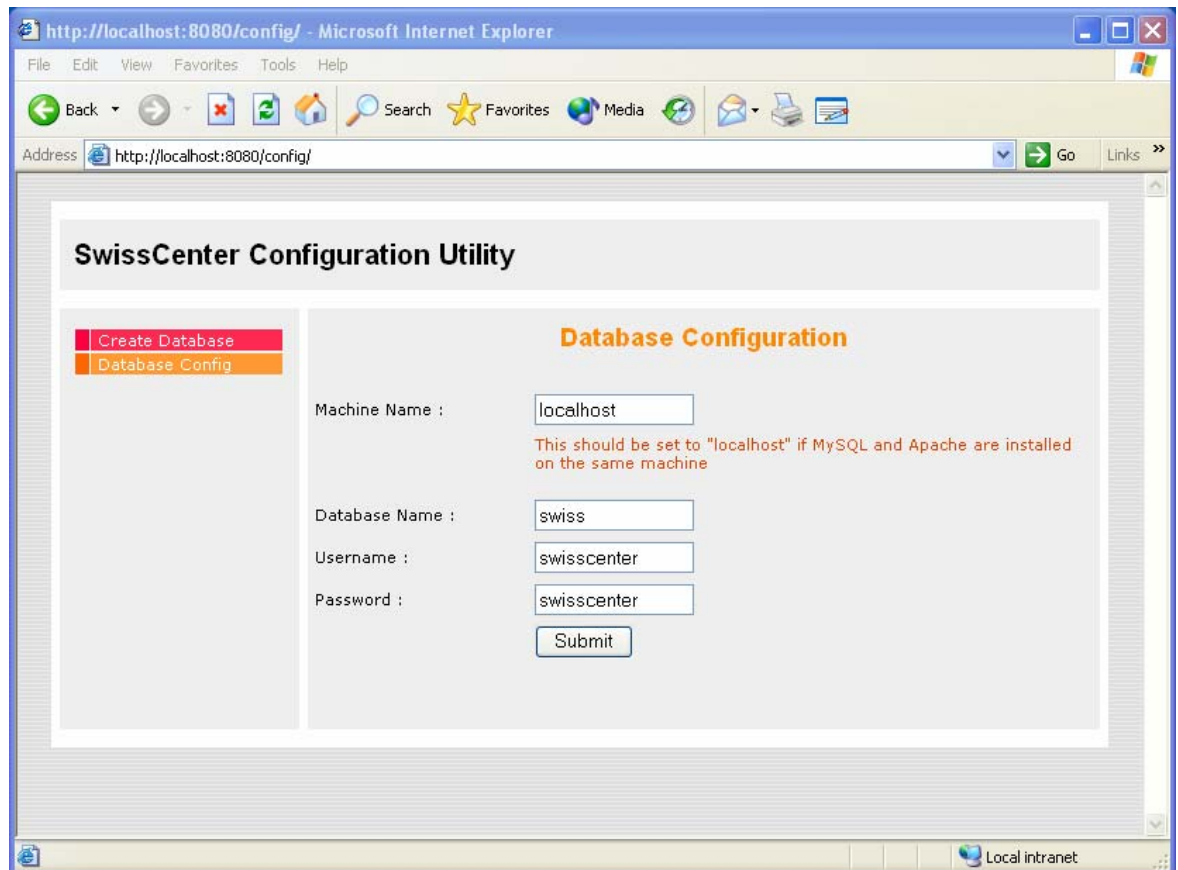
Save the File, and restart the Apache webserver by going to the *Start Menu* and selecting *All Programs > Apache HTTP Server > Control Apache Server > Restart*.

Testing your Installed software

If you followed all of the instructions above (well done!) then you can now test your configuration by opening *Internet Explorer* and going to the following location:

<http://localhost:8080/config>

If all is well, then you will see the SwissCenter Configuration Utility appear:



The screenshot shows a Microsoft Internet Explorer window with the address bar set to `http://localhost:8080/config/`. The page title is "SwissCenter Configuration Utility". On the left side, there are two buttons: "Create Database" (highlighted in red) and "Database Config" (highlighted in orange). The main content area is titled "Database Configuration" in orange. It contains the following fields and labels:

- Machine Name :
- Database Name :
- Username :
- Password :

Below the password field is a "Submit" button. A red note is displayed below the Machine Name field: "This should be set to 'localhost' if MySQL and Apache are installed on the same machine". The status bar at the bottom of the browser window shows "Local intranet".

Configuring the SwissCenter Interface

At long last, you are now ready to perform a few configuration tasks for the SwissCenter software – after which you will be able to sit back and enjoy the new features the interface will bring you.

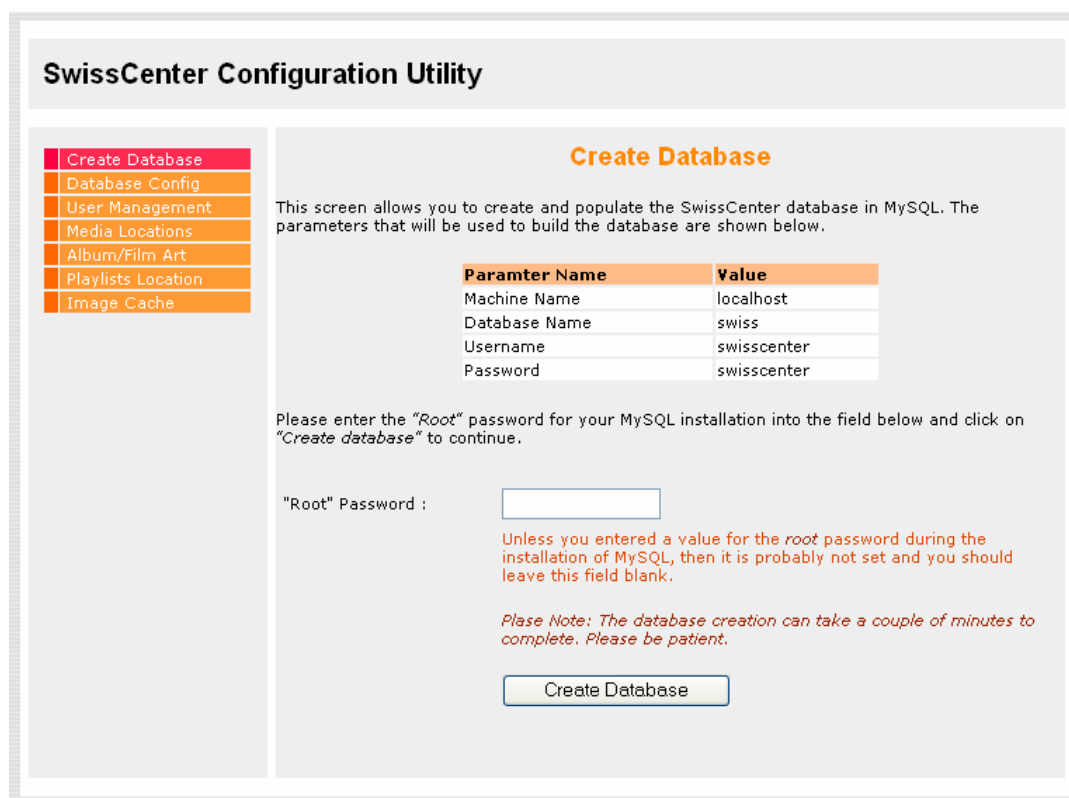
Step 1

Go to the *SwissCenter Configuration Utility* by entering the following URL into *Internet Explorer*:

<http://localhost:8080/config>

Step 2

As this is the first time you have run the utility, you do not have a database containing all the SwissCenter configuration and therefore you should click on the menu option "*Create Database*".



The screenshot shows the 'SwissCenter Configuration Utility' interface. On the left is a vertical menu with options: 'Create Database' (highlighted in red), 'Database Config', 'User Management', 'Media Locations', 'Album/Film Art', 'Playlists Location', and 'Image Cache'. The main area is titled 'Create Database' in orange. It contains a paragraph explaining the purpose of the screen. Below this is a table with two columns: 'Paramter Name' and 'Value'. The table lists: Machine Name (localhost), Database Name (swiss), Username (swisscenter), and Password (swisscenter). Below the table, there is a text prompt asking for the 'Root' password, followed by a text input field. A note in orange text explains that if no root password was set during MySQL installation, the field should be left blank. Another note in orange text states that database creation can take a couple of minutes. At the bottom is a 'Create Database' button.

Paramter Name	Value
Machine Name	localhost
Database Name	swiss
Username	swisscenter
Password	swisscenter

If you followed the steps in this guide, then you have not setup a root password for MySQL, and should just click on the *Create Database* Button. Please note that this can take approximately 60 seconds to complete.



If you are using an existing MySQL installation which has a root password assigned, then you should enter it into the box.

Step 3

When the database has been created, you will see the screen shown below which is where you specify the locations of the media files that you to be available via the SwissCenter interface.

The screenshot shows the 'SwissCenter Configuration Utility' window. On the left is a sidebar menu with options: 'Create Database' (highlighted in red), 'Database Config', 'User Management', 'Media Locations', 'Album/Film Art', 'Playlists Location', and 'Image Cache'. The main area is titled 'Current Media Locations' and contains a message 'There are no items to display' with a 'Remove Selected Locations' button. Below this is the 'Add A New Location' section, which includes a 'Media Type' dropdown menu set to 'Music' and a 'Location' text box containing 'D:/Robert/My Music'. A red note below the text box says: 'Please specify the fully qualified directory path where the media can be found. For example: On Windows this might be "C:\Documents and Settings\Robert\My Documents\My Music" or on a LINUX system it might be "/home/Robert/Music"'. An 'Add Location' button is at the bottom of this section.

Enter a location and select the type of media files that will you want the SwissCenter to search for, and then click on the **Add Location** button. You can add as many locations as you wish provided that they reference local drives (C: through to Z:).

In the example above, you can see that I am adding **"D:/Robert/My Music"** as a location that contains **Music** files.

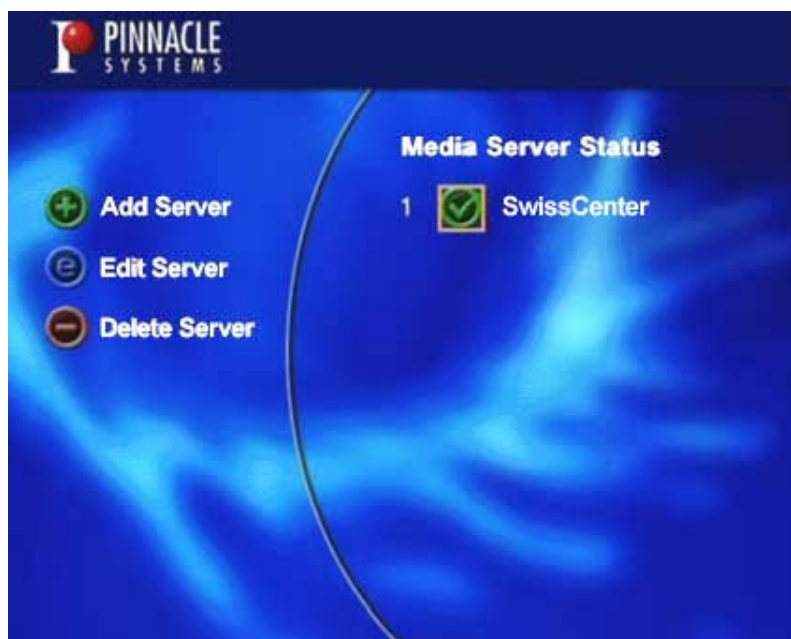
Step 4

When you have finished added all your media locations, Click on the **Image Cache** menu item to bring up the following screen. Enter the location where temporary image files can be written and click on the Submit button (A good location would be **C:/Windows/Temp**).

The screenshot shows the 'SwissCenter Configuration Utility' window with the 'Image Cache' menu item selected in the sidebar. The main area is titled 'Image Cache Configuration'. It features a 'Cache Directory' text box and a 'Maximum Size' spinner box set to '10'. A red note below the text box states: 'Please specify the directory in which the SwissCenter server should cache image files that have been resized (for example, the folder art for an album, or the thumbnail of a photograph)'. Another red note below the spinner box says: 'This is the maximum amount of disk space (in Megabytes) that will be used to cache the image files. Once this limit has been reached, previously cached files will be deleted on a least recently used basis.' A 'Submit' button is located at the bottom.

Configuring the Showcenter to use the SwissCenter Interface.

When you turn on your Showcenter box, it will not automatically detect the SwissCenter interface, and so you need to manually add it. On the screen that first appears (shown below) move the cursor over to the **Add Server** button and press **OK** on the remote control.



Using the numeric keys on the remote control, enter a **Name** for the server (eg: SwissCenter) and then the **IP address** of the computer that you installed Apache, MySQL, PHP and the SwissCenter software onto (making sure to add **":8080"** onto the end of the IP address). Also ensure that the **Always connect to this server** option is checked before clicking **Save**.



You can find out your IP address by clicking **Start > Run** and entering **cmd** into the dialog box that appears. Pressing **OK** will then bring up a command window into which you should type **ipconfig** and press return. Your IP address will then be displayed on the screen.



Finished!

That's All Folks!!!

From now on, you can use the SwissCenter Interface to browse you music and movies collections, listen to some internet Radio or check the weather forecast.

