

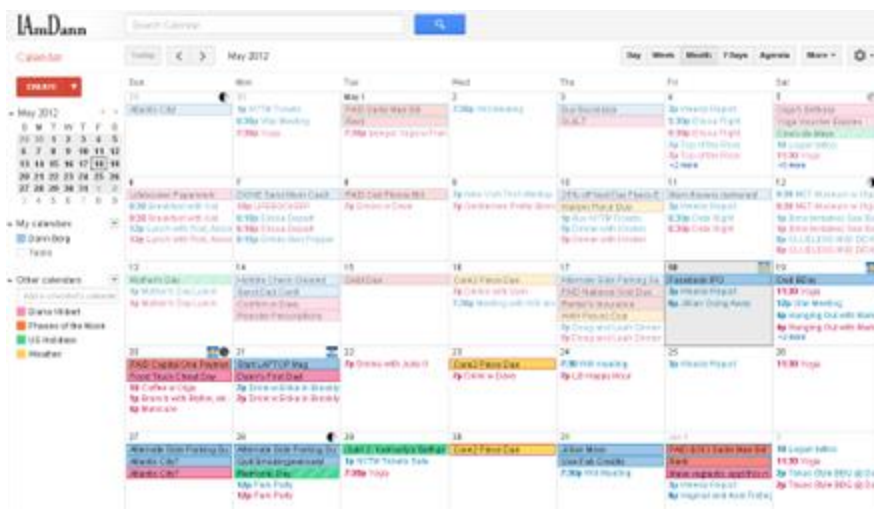
Augmented AVL trees: Interval Trees

Augmented Trees

- In addition to the value, the node stores additional information
 - Height
 - Saw this in our implementation of AVL trees
 - Average of key/values in subtree rooted in node
 - Maximum of key/value of subtree rooted in node
- Need to maintain the additional information as nodes are added/deleted
- In an AVL tree, need to still perform operations in $O(\log n)$ time

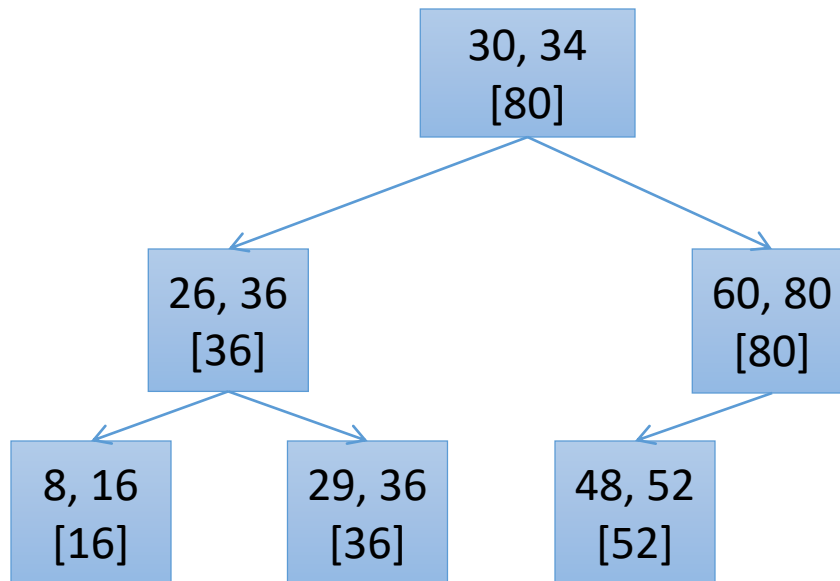
Scheduling conflict problem

- A calendar contain time intervals [lo, hi]
- Want to quickly know whether a new interval conflicts with any existing intervals in the calendar



Building the interval tree

- Use the low end-point of the interval as the key
- Store the maximum high end point of any node in the subtree



```
Search(lo, hi, u)
    # Return an interval that intersects [lo hi] if
    # it exists in the subtree node, otherwise return
    # null
    if u is null
        return null
    if [lo, hi] intersects [u.lo, u.hi]
        return [u.lo, u.hi]
    if lo < u.lo
        return Search(lo, hi, u.left)
    else
        if lo > u.left.Mhi
            return Search(lo, hi, u.right)
        else
            return Search(lo, hi, u.left)

Search(lo, hi, root)
```

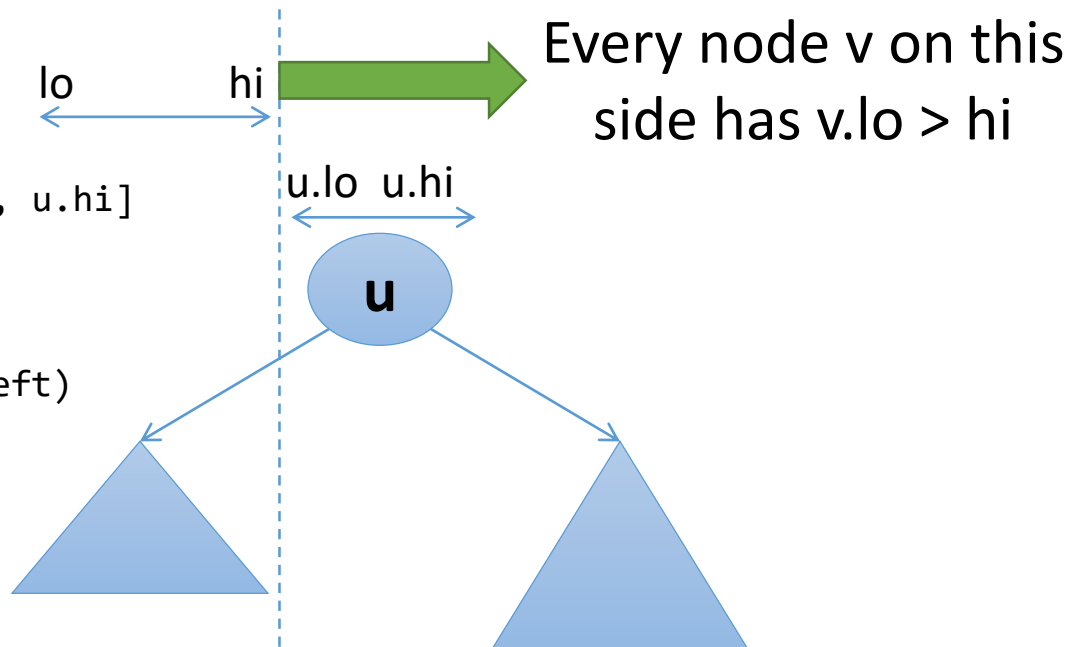
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 return Search(lo, hi, u.left)



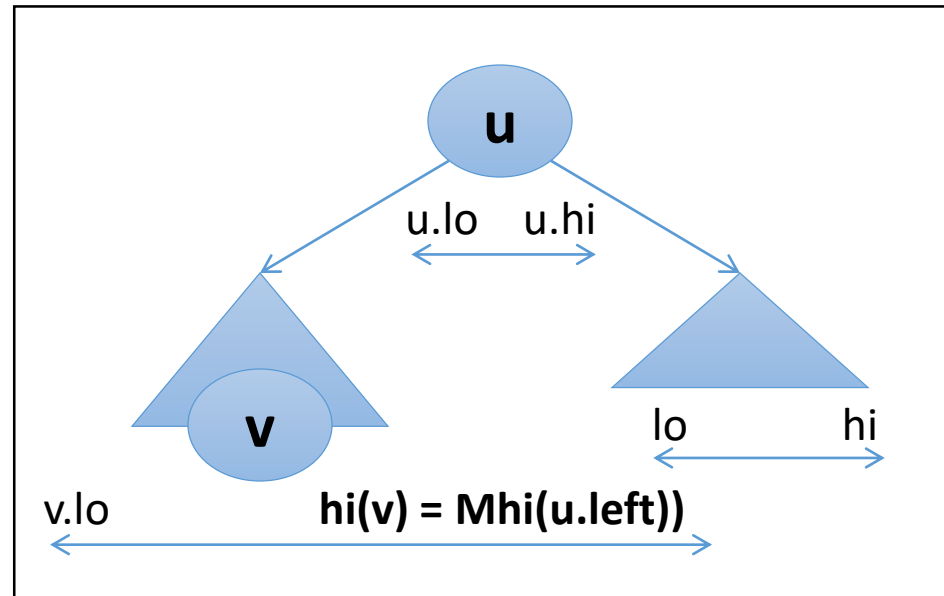
else

if $lo > u.left.Mhi$

return Search(lo , hi , $u.right$)

else

return Search(lo , hi , $u.left$)



Insert algorithm

Insert(node, lo, hi)

- Create a new node with key lo, also storing hi
- Set Mhi of the new node to hi
- Insert the node into the AVL tree
- With every rotation, update Mhi using
$$\text{Mhi}(u) = \max(\text{hi}(u), \text{Mhi}(\text{left}(u)), \text{Mhi}(\text{right}(u)))$$