Dijkstra's Algorithm

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#include <iostream>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
int minDistance(int *dist,bool *visited,int n) {
    int min = INT MAX, min index;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
        if(!visited[i] && dist[i] <= min) {</pre>
            min = dist[i];
            min index = i;
    return min index;
void dijkstra(int **graph,int n){
    int *dist = new int[n];
    bool *visited = new bool[n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        dist[i] = INT MAX;
        visited[i] = false;
    dist[0] = 0;
    for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){
        int u = minDistance(dist, visited, n);
        visited[u] = true;
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++) {</pre>
```

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if(!visited[j] && graph[u][j] && dist[u]!=INT MAX &&
dist[u]+graph[u][j]<dist[j]){
                 dist[j] = dist[u]+graph[u][j];
    cout<<"Distance from Source"<<endl;</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
        cout<<dist[i]<<endl;</pre>
int main(){
    cout<<"Enter the number of vertices"<<endl;</pre>
    cin>>n;
    int **graph = new int*[n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        graph[i] = new int[n];
    cout<<"Enter the adjacency matrix"<<endl;</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++) {</pre>
             cin>>graph[i][j];
    dijkstra(graph,n);
    return 0;
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of vertices
6
Enter the adjacency matrix
0 2 5 4 7 8
2 0 5 3 8 10
5 5 0 10 9 13
4 3 10 0 1 4
7 8 9 1 0 6
8 10 13 4 6 0
Distance from Source
0
2
5
4
5
8
```