Associative Arrays, Lambda and Stream API

Collections and Queries



SoftUni Team Technical Trainers







https://softuni.bg

Questions?





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Associative Arrays

Collection of Key and Value Pairs

Associative Arrays (Maps)



Associative arrays are arrays indexed by keys

Not by the numbers 0, 1, 2, ... (like arrays)

Hold a set of pairs {key -> value}

Value
+1-555-8976
+1-555-1234
+1-555-5030



Collections of Key and Value Pairs



- HashMap<K, V>
 - Keys are unique
 - Uses a hash-table + list
- LinkedHashMap<K, V>
 - Keys are unique
 - Keeps the keys in order of addition
- TreeMap<K, V>
 - Keys are unique
 - Keeps its keys always sorted
 - Uses a balanced search tree



Built-In Methods



put(key, value) method

```
HashMap<String, Integer> airplanes = new HashMap<>();
airplanes.put("Boeing 737", 130);
airplanes.put("Airbus A320", 150);
```

remove(key) method

```
HashMap<String, Integer> airplanes = new HashMap<>();
airplanes.put("Boeing 737", 130);
airplanes.remove("Boeing 737");
```

Built-In Methods (2)



containsKey(key)

```
HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
map.put("Airbus A320", 150);
if (map.containsKey("Airbus A320"))
    System.out.println("Airbus A320 key exists");
```

containsValue(value)

```
HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
map.put("Airbus A320", 150);
System.out.println(map.containsValue(150)); //true
System.out.println(map.containsValue(100)); //false
```

HashMap: Put()



Peter	0881-123-987
George	0881-123-789
Alice	0881-123-978

Hash Function



HashMap<String, String>



Key Value

HashMap: Remove()





Hash Function



HashMap<String, String>

Peter	0881-123-987
George	0881-123-789
Alice	0881-123-978

Key Value

TreeMap<K, V> - Example



Peter 0881-123-987

Alice +359-899-55-592

Comparator Function



TreeMap <String>

Key Value

Iterating Through Map



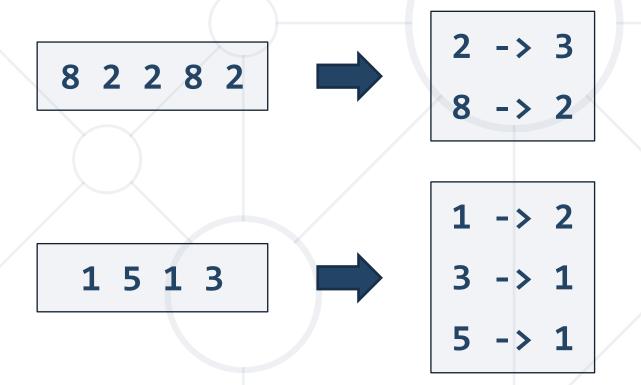
- Iterate through objects of type Map. Entry<K, V>
- Cannot modify the collection (read-only)

entry.getKey() -> fruit name entry.getValue() -> fruit price

Problem: Count Real Numbers



 Read a list of real numbers and print them in ascending order along with their number of occurrences



Solution: Count Real Numbers

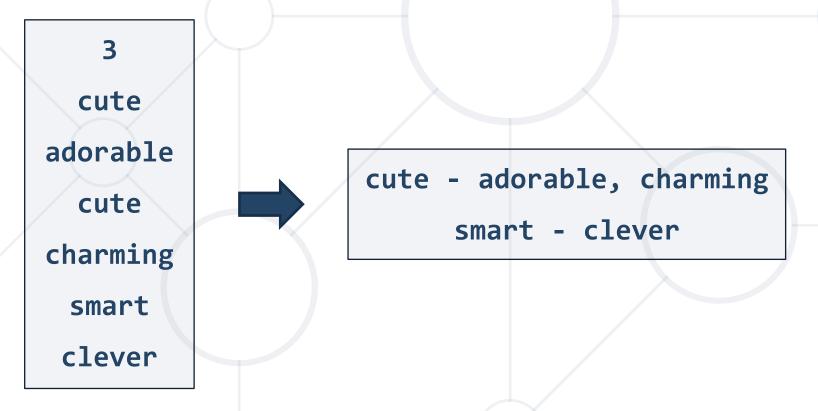


```
double[] nums = Arrays.stream(sc.nextLine().split(" "))
                .mapToDouble(Double::parseDouble).toArray();
Map<Double, Integer> counts = new TreeMap<>();
for (double num : nums) {
  if (!counts.containsKey(num))
    counts.put(num, 0);
                                              Overwrite
  counts.put(num, counts.get(num) + 1);
                                              the value
for (Map.Entry<Double, Integer> entry : counts.entrySet()) {
 DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#.#####");
  System.out.printf("%s -> %d%n", df.format(entry.getKey()), entry.getValue());
```

Problem: Words Synonyms



- Read 2 * N lines of pairs word and synonym
- Each word may have many synonyms



Solution: Word Synonyms



```
int n = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
Map<String, ArrayList<String>> words = new LinkedHashMap<>();
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  String word = sc.nextLine();
                                                 Adding the key if
                                                  it does not exist
  String synonym = sc.nextLine();
  words.putIfAbsent(word, new ArrayList<>());
  words.get(word).add(synonym);
//TODO: Print each word and synonyms
```



Lambda Expressions

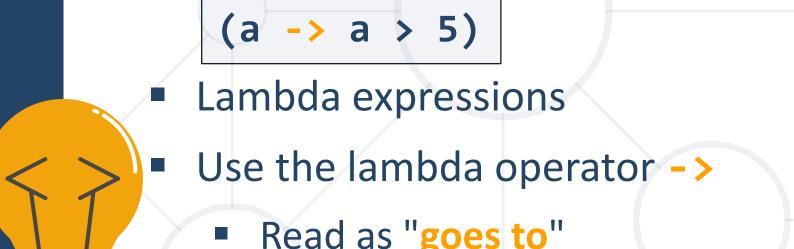
Anonymous Functions

Lambda Functions



 A lambda expression is an anonymous function containing expressions and statements

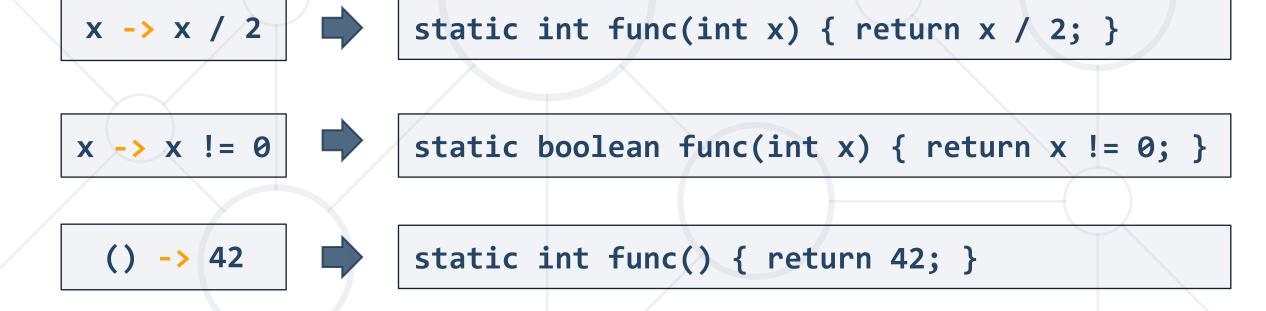
- Read as "goes to"
- The left side specifies the input parameters
- The right side holds the expression or statement

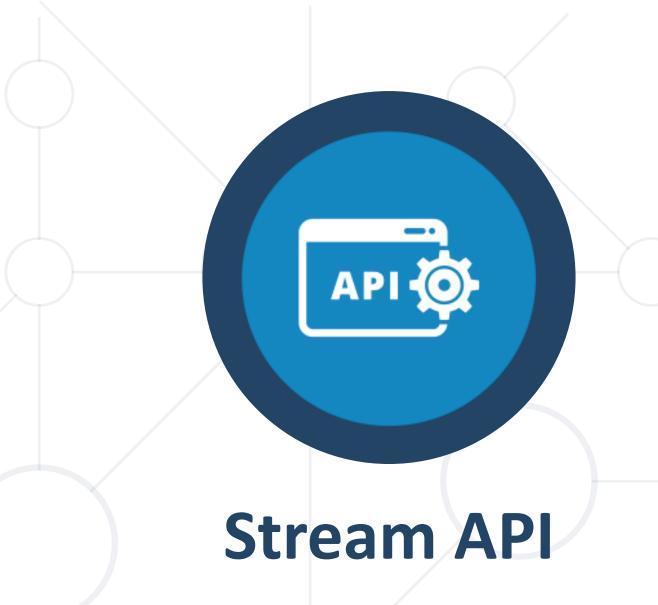


Lambda Functions



Lambda functions are inline methods (functions) that take input parameters and return values:





Traversing and Querying Collections

Processing Arrays with Stream API (1)



min() - finds the smallest element in a collection:

```
int min = Arrays.stream(new int[]{15, 25, 35}).min().getAsInt();

int min = Arrays.stream(new int[]{15, 25, 35}).min().orElse(2);

int min = Arrays.stream(new int[]{}).min().orElse(2); // 2
```

max() - finds the largest element in a collection:

```
int max = Arrays.stream(new int[]{15, 25, 35}).max().getAsInt();
```

Processing Arrays with Stream API (2)



sum() - finds the sum of all elements in a collection:

```
int sum = Arrays.stream(new int[]{15, 25, 35}).sum();
75
```

average() - finds the average of all elements:

Processing Collections with Stream API (1)



```
ArrayList<Integer> nums = new ArrayList<>() {{
   add(15); add(25); add(35);
};
```

min()

Processing Collections with Stream API (2)



max()

sum()

Processing Collections with Stream API (3)



average()

Manipulating Collections



map() - manipulates elements in a collection:

Converting Collections



Using toArray(), toList() to convert collections:

Filtering Collections

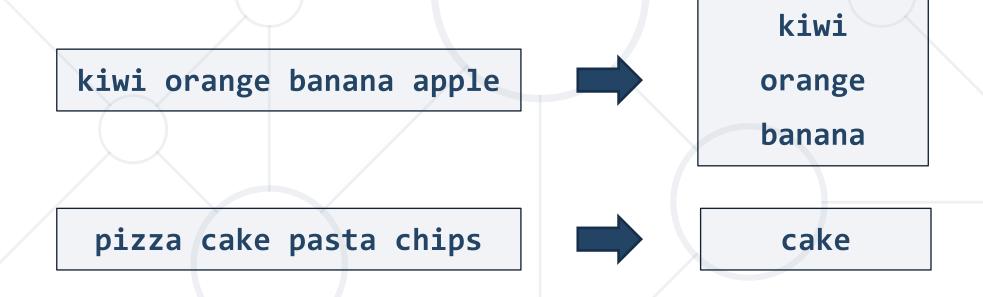


Using filter()

Problem: Word Filter



- Read a string array
- Print only words which length is even



Check your solution here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1311/

Solution: Word Filter



```
String[] words = Arrays.stream(sc.nextLine().split(" "))
                .filter(w -> w.length() % 2 == 0)
                .toArray(String[]::new);
for (String word : words) {
  System.out.println(word);
```

Summary



- Maps hold {key > value} pairs
 - Keyset holds a set of unique keys
 - Values hold a collection of values
 - Iterating over a map takes the entries as Map.Entry<K, V>
- Lambda and Stream API help collection processing





Questions?

















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