jHockey Tracking & Communications Setup

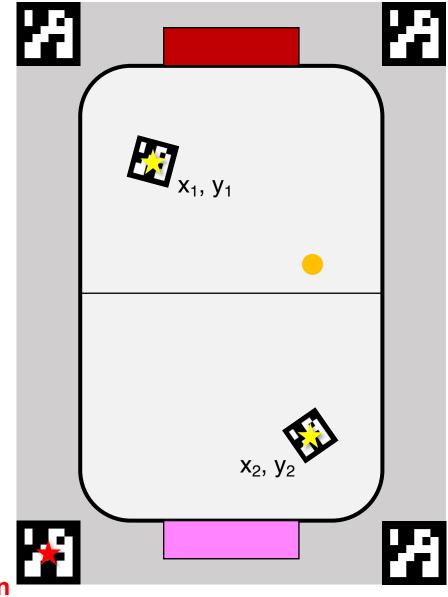
Anway Pimpalkar

EN 530.421 Mechatronics Spring 2024



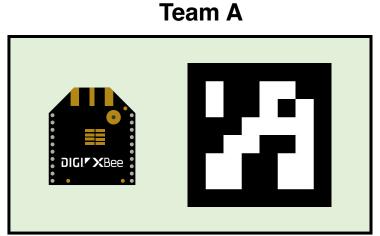
Robot Tracking

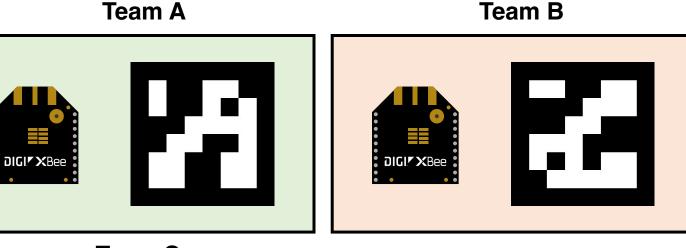
- You will need your position on the arena to move around and score goals.
- We have made a tracking system for you, using a computer vision algorithm deployed on a camera to track ArUco tags on top of your bots.
- The camera talks to a Raspberry Pi, which in turns relays information to your bot via a ZigBee protocol.

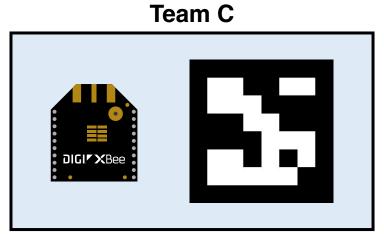


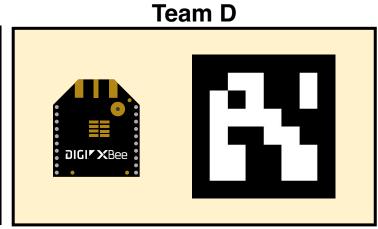
Robot Tracking

- Each team will have a paired set of ArUco and ZigBee tags.
- Make sure they are labelled and stay paired!



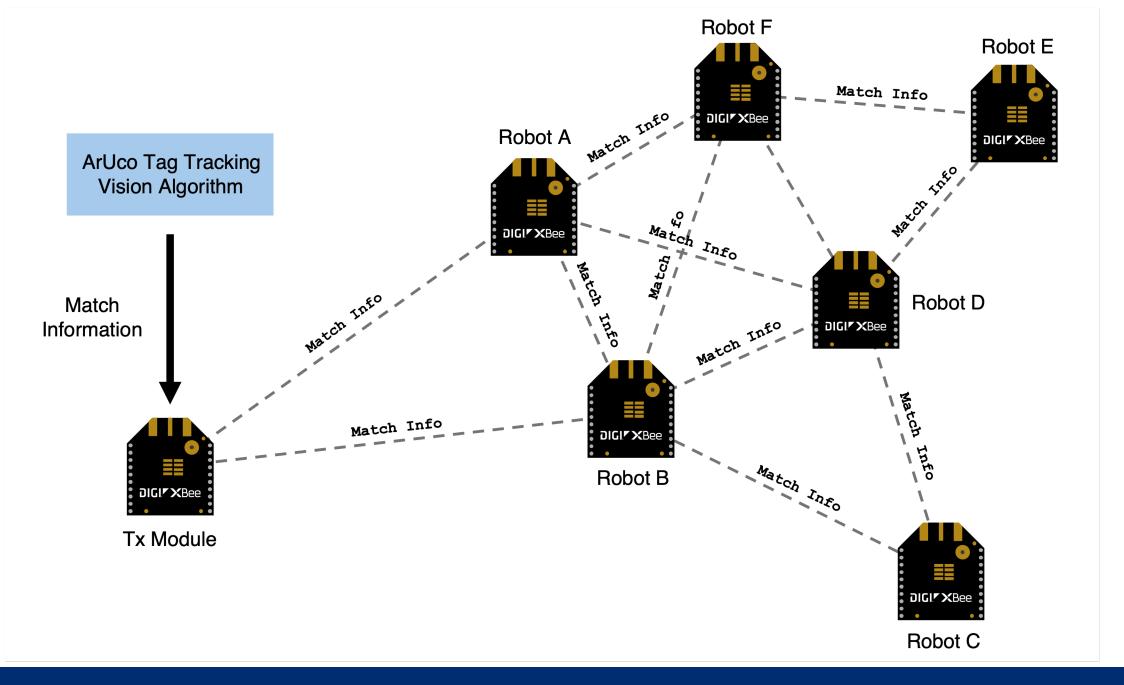


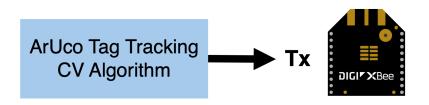




ZigBee: Communicating the Coordinates

- "ZigBee is a high-level communication protocol used to create personal area networks with small, low-power digital radios."
- Similar to WiFi and Bluetooth radios but has some strengths and weaknesses.
- Suitable for applications where power consumption is a critical factor, such as in wireless sensor networks and home automation devices – and our bots!
- Operates on the IEEE 802.15.4 specification and is designed to provide secure and reliable wireless data transmission at low data rates.
- **Device Types** (Based on Functionality):
 - Coordinator Node: Root of a network tree, usually one per network.
 - Router Node: Can join existing networks and send, receive, and route information.
 - End Node: Device capable of talking to the network, cannot act as messenger between any other devices.





Tx XBee Module

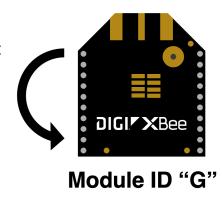
Sends the information as a string, which looks like:

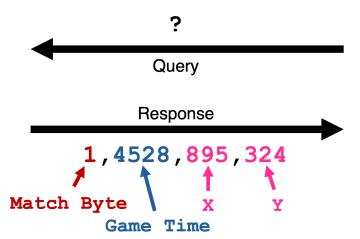
>14528A234354E454323G895324M455829CC;
Match Time Bot A Bot E Bot G Bot M Checksum

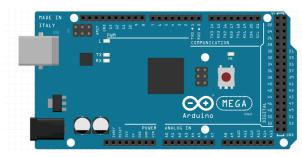
- The string can have up to 114 bytes (characters).
- Polls the information at ~20Hz.

Bot's XBee Module

- Has a bot ID programmed into it.
- Stores only the latest string received.
- Runs a Micropython script to parse the string.
- Returns only the assigned bot ID's information.







Arduino Mega

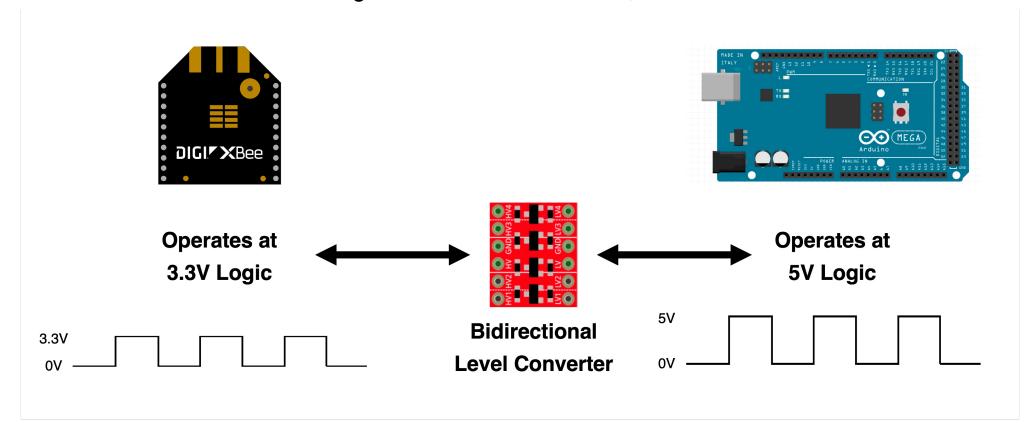
- Sends a query containing "?" to the XBee Module via UART.
- Receives the latest coordinates via UART.

Expected Outputs

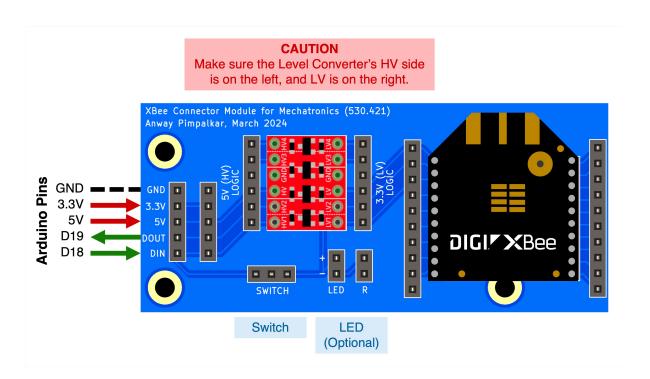
- The tracking system relays information specific only to your robot. (i.e. you will not have access to your opponent's location).
- Send a ? to the XBee to receive your tracking information.
- You can expect 4 different types of outputs from your XBee module:
 - M, TTTT, XXX, YYY Ideal output.
 - M, TTTT, ---, If your bot's information is not sent across by the Tx (camera has not detected it).
 - ?,???,---,--- If the XBee module is not receiving any information from the Tx for more than 1 second.
 - /,///, ---, If the checksums are not matching.
- If your bot runs into a parsing error, it will also be printed into the serial.

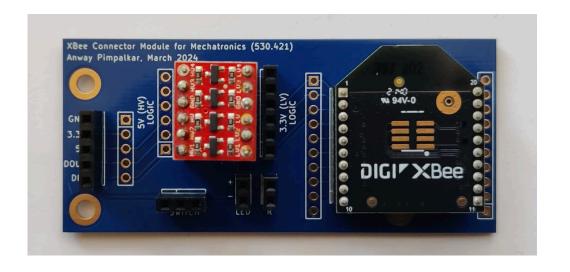
Interfacing XBee with your Bot

• You can communicate with the ZigBee modules over UART, but..



Interfacing XBee with your Bot





Sample codes and CAD files will also be made available.

Some Tips

- You receive the coordinates of the center of your tag make your robot accordingly!
- The information is relayed at approximately ~20Hz, with ~70ms latency.
- Up to 15 robots can be tracked at once.
- Do not cover the four ArUco tags in the corners, and make sure no one else is covering them either!
- Sometimes the tracking system may not detect your bot intermittently you can come up with contingencies!
- If you want, you can also think of smart ways to detect your opponent's position.

An accurate bot is much better than a fast bot!