To calculate the Simple Matching Coefficient (SMC) and Jaccard Coefficient between two binary variables P and Q, let's first define how these metrics work.

1. Simple Matching Coefficient (SMC)

The **Simple Matching Coefficient** measures the proportion of matches (both 1s and 0s) between two binary variables.

Formula:

$$\mathrm{SMC} = \frac{(a+d)}{(a+b+c+d)}$$

Where:

- ullet a: The number of times both P and Q are 1 (True Positive)
- d: The number of times both P and Q are 0 (True Negative)
- b: The number of times P is 1 and Q is 0 (False Negative)
- c: The number of times P is 0 and Q is 1 (False Positive)

2. Jaccard Coefficient

The Jaccard Coefficient measures the similarity between two sets, focusing only on the 1s.

Formula:

$$\operatorname{Jaccard} = rac{a}{(a+b+c)}$$

Where:

- a: The number of times both P and Q are 1 (True Positive)
- b: The number of times P is 1 and Q is 0 (False Negative)
- c: The number of times P is 0 and Q is 1 (False Positive)

Values from P=(1,1,1,1,0,1) and Q=(1,0,0,1,1,0):

P	Q	Matches (1-1 and 0-0)
1	1	a = 1
1	0	<i>b</i> = 1
1	0	<i>b</i> = 1
1	1	a = 1
0	1	c = 1
1	0	<i>b</i> = 1

Counts:

- a = 2 (both P and Q are 1)
- b = 3 (P is 1, Q is 0)
- c = 1 (P is 0, Q is 1)
- d = 0 (both P and Q are 0)

Simple Matching Coefficient (SMC):

$$SMC = \frac{(a+d)}{(a+b+c+d)} = \frac{(2+0)}{(2+3+1+0)} = \frac{2}{6} = 0.333$$

Jaccard Coefficient:

$$\text{Jaccard} = \frac{a}{(a+b+c)} = \frac{2}{(2+3+1)} = \frac{2}{6} = 0.333$$

Conclusion:

- Simple Matching Coefficient (SMC) = 0.333
- Jaccard Coefficient = 0.333

Both coefficients result in the same value in this case because there are no cases where both P and Q are 0, thus no true negatives.