

Neutrinos and Cosmic Rays at Snowmass

BNL Snowmass Meeting

December 17, 2021

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Lots of BNL Letters of Interest on Neutrinos and Astroparticle Physics

- ▶ Neutrino Non-Standard Interactions, PBD (ed.), J. Gehrlein, +many
- ▶ Direct Probes of the Matter Effect in Neutrino Oscillations, PBD (ed.), S. Parke
- ▶ Ultra-High-Energy Neutrinos, M. Bustamante (ed.), PBD (ed.), S. Wissel (ed.), +many
- ▶ Computing Neutrino Oscillations in Matter Efficiently, PBD (ed.), +many
- ▶ Cosmic Neutrino Probes of Fundamental Physics, PBD, +many
- ▶ Synergy of astro-particle physics and collider physics, PBD, +many
- ▶ Studies of the Muon Excess in Cosmic Ray Air Showers, PBD, +many
- ▶ Forward Physics Facility, PBD, +many
- ▶ Supernova neutrinos and particle-physics opportunities, PBD, +many
- ▶ Opportunities and signatures of non-minimal HNLs, PBD, J. Gehrlein, +many
- ▶ Neutrino Opportunities at the ORNL Second Target Station, PBD, +many
- ▶ CEvNS: Theoretical and experimental impact, PBD, J. Gehrlein, +many
- ▶ + others!

Whitepaper involvement

- ▶ Tau Neutrino Whitepaper (see Mary's talk next)

Significant BNL contribution

- ▶ Forward Physics Facility Whitepaper (see Milind's talk later)

- ▶ Beyond the Standard Model effects on Neutrino Flavor

Neutrino decay contribution

- ▶ Neutrino Self Interactions

- ▶ High-Energy and Ultra-High-Energy Neutrinos

- ▶ Ultra-High-Energy Cosmic Rays

GRAND contribution

- ▶ + others!

Reach out if interested in contributing or signing!

Neutrino Decay

Since neutrinos have different masses, they decay

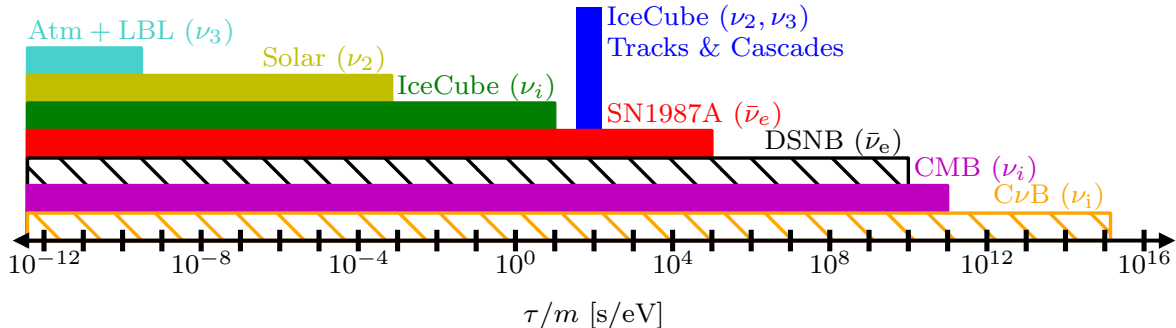
- ▶ Loop suppressed
- ▶ Long lifetime: $\tau \gtrsim 10^{35}$ years

Test this!

Typical Lagrangian for $\nu_i \rightarrow \nu_j + \phi$ with $m_i > m_j$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{g_{ij}}{2} \bar{\nu}_j \nu_i \phi + \frac{g'_{ij}}{2} \bar{\nu}_j i \gamma_5 \nu_i \phi$$

Invisible ν Decay Constraints and Evidence



M. Gonzalez-Garcia and M. Maltoni [0802.3699](#)

J. Berryman, A. de Gouvea, D. Hernandez [1411.0308](#)

G. Pagliaroli, et al. [1506.02624](#)

PBD, I. Tamborra [1805.05950](#)

Kamiokande-II, PRL 58 1490 (1987)

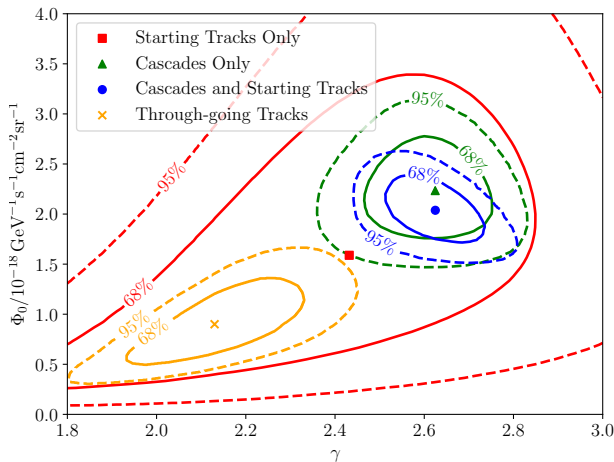
S. Ando [hep-ph/0307169](#)

S. Hannestad, G. Raffelt [hep-ph/0509278](#)

A. Long, C. Lunardini, E. Sabancila [1405.7654](#)

Tension

$$\Phi(E) = \Phi_0 E^{-\gamma}$$



$$\Delta\gamma = +0.54$$

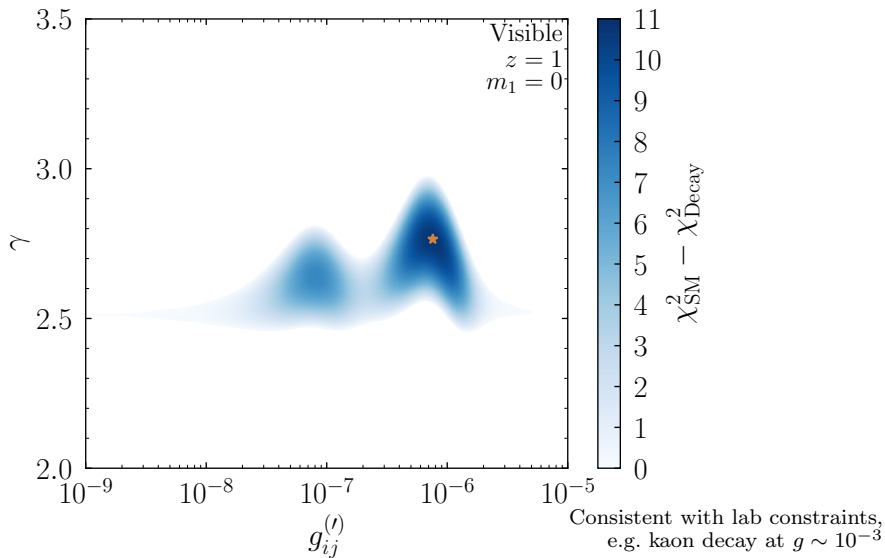
“The p-value for obtaining the combined fit result and the result reported here from an unbroken powerlaw flux is 3.3σ , and is therefore in significant **tension**.”

IC 1607.08006

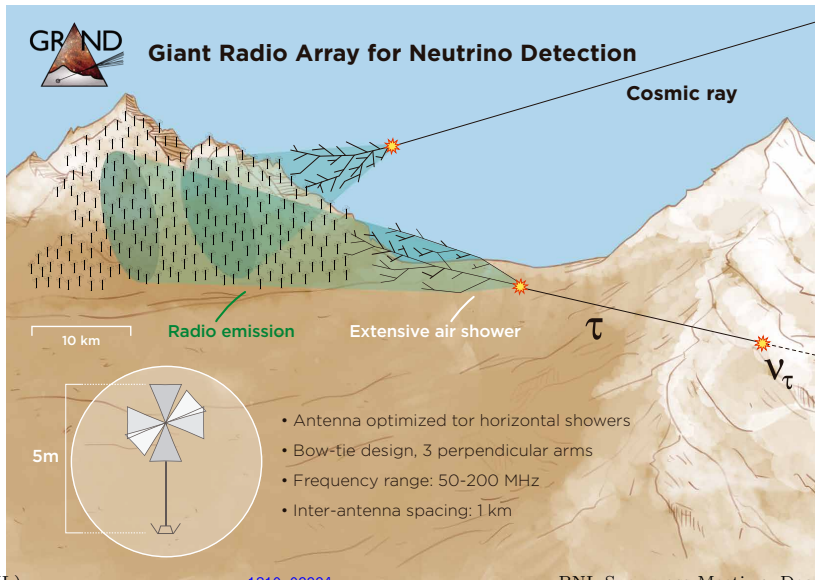
“This [cascade] fit [is] in **tension** with previous results based on through-going muons”

IC 1808.07629

Preferred Region: Visible



Giant Radio Array for Neutrino Detection (GRAND)



Ultra-High Energy Cosmic Rays (UHECRs)

- ▶ UHECRs with $E > 5 \times 10^{10}$ GeV detected for several decades

$$\sqrt{s} > 300 \text{ TeV}$$

- ▶ Should be coming from nearby within ~ 50 Mpc

Greisen, Zatsepin, Kuzmin 1966

- ▶ Sources haven't been identified
- ▶ Magnetic fields are hard
- ▶ Composition is hard

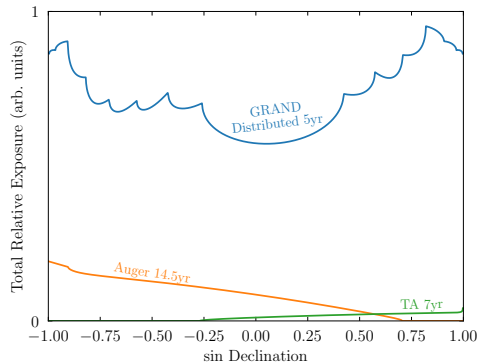
Protons are bent less, iron is bent more

Disagreement on both flux and composition
between Auger (Argentina) and Telescope Array (Utah)

GRAND will be a state-of-the-art UHECR experiment

- ▶ Fantastic exposure
- ▶ Good enough pointing
- ▶ Good enough composition measurements
- ▶ Full-sky coverage

Essential for understanding Auger-TA discrepancies



Preliminary arrays under construction
Self-triggering technique has already been validated!

Conclusions

- ▶ Lots of BNL Snowmass participation in neutrino and astroparticle theory
- ▶ Neutrino decay is an rich BSM scenario with a possible hint at IceCube
- ▶ Upcoming high energy neutrino experiments can also do cosmic ray physics
Need more UHECR studies!

Backups

Why IceCube for Neutrino Decay

- ▶ DSNB and C ν B are still some time off
- ▶ The next galactic supernova could come tomorrow, or in fifty years
- ▶ If ν_1 is stable SN1987A isn't too relevant (25 events + theory uncertainties)
 - ▶ Mass ordering looks to be normal at $\sim 3 - 3.5 \sigma$
Less now: [PBD](#), J. Gehrlein, R. Pestes [2008.01110](#)
 - ▶ Texture in the $\nu - \phi$ mixing matrix
- ▶ Early universe constraints mostly constrain the typical decay diagram
G. Dvali and L. Funcke [1602.03191](#)
M. Escudero and M. Fairbairn [1907.05425](#)
- ▶ IceCube measures **all three flavors** over > 1 decade in energy
- ▶ Astrophysical uncertainties seem like a problem, aren't really

Uncertainties

or “How to muck it all up with astrophysics”

What doesn't work:

- ▶ Multiple classes of sources with different spectra
- ▶ pp vs. $p\gamma$ sources
- ▶ Different redshift evolution \Rightarrow shift the g_{ij}
- ▶ Neutron decay sources
- ▶ Varying the oscillation parameters
- ▶ IceCube track or cascade normalization

What could work: (other than neutrino decay)

- ▶ Muon damped $\Rightarrow \Delta\gamma \sim +0.2$
- ▶ Track and cascade spectra are fit over slightly different energy ranges \Rightarrow broken power law can help
- ▶ Energy misreconstruction (tracks could be susceptible to this)
- ▶ Dark matter?