Automated Refactoring

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Abstract

Refactoring, the restructuring of a software system without changing its semantics, is essential in software evolution. Manual refactoring can be time-consuming and error-prone, so tool support is desirable when making large changes. In this article, we will explore a number of publications on automating different refactoring tasks, from just making code more compact to introducing objects into a C codebase.

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Keywords

Software restructuring, automatic refactoring, tool support, software evolution.

1. Introduction

Refactoring is the process of restructuring a software system without changing its semantics. It is used to increase readability and maintainability of software, reduce its complexity, or change the architecture of a system. Refactoring is essential in software evolution, because as a system is adapted to new requirements it inevitably becomes more complex and drifts away from its original design. This makes maintenance more difficult and reduces the software quality. Refactoring can then help to bring the system back to its original design and into a more maintainable state, improving code quality in the process.

However, manual refactoring without any tool support can be error-prone and time-consuming. There are various tools available for supporting elementary refactorings like renaming a variable or introducing an additional parameter to a function, often built into the used *Integrated Development Environment* (IDE) itself. But even with tool support, manual refactoring can still be too complicated or just tedious, and tool support for automating refactoring tasks is desirable in a number of cases.

In this article we're going to highlight some recent and notso-recent contributions in the field of automatic refactoring, ranging from simple tasks like making code more compact [1], to more complicated tasks like introducing object-orientation into a C codebase [2].

2. Background

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3. Conclusion

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References

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