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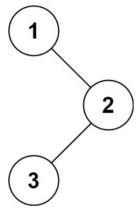
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### 94. Binary Tree Inorder Traversal

Easy **6** 8777 **4**10 Add to List

Given the root of a binary tree, return the inorder traversal of its nodes' values.

# Example 1:



Input: root = [1,null,2,3]

**Output:** [1,3,2]

#### Example 2:

Input: root = []

Output: []

#### Example 3:

Input: root = [1]

**Output:** [1]

## **Constraints:**

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range [0, 100].
- -100 <= Node.val <= 100

Follow up: Recursive solution is trivial, could you do it iteratively?

**≔** Problems

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