Algorithms and Complexity

- IA Algorithm I,II
- IB Complexity, Computation

Language and Automata

 $L\subseteq \Sigma^{\star}$, $orall x\in L$, the length n=|x|

Reference: Formal Language and Automata

Reduction

Reduction of $L_1 o L_2$ is a computable function $f:\Sigma_1^\star o \Sigma_2^\star$ s.t.

- $\forall x \in \Sigma_1^{\star}.f(x) \in L_2 \Leftrightarrow x \in L_1.$
- every string in L_1 is only mapped by f to a string in L_2 .

Polynomial time reducible $L_1 \leq_P L_2$.

- ullet the string f(x) produced by the reduction f on input ${\sf x}$
- must be bounded in length by p(n).
- ullet transitive as $g\circ f$ is polynomial reduction $L_1 o L_3$
- ullet g is polynomial function $L_2 o L_3$

Usage,

- ullet L_2 is decidable $ightarrow L_1$ is decidable
- by $f(x) \in / \notin L_2$
- ullet L_1 is not decidable $o L_2$ is not decidable
- L_1 : Halting problem

Complexity Class

Polynomial p is of form n^k, k is a constant.

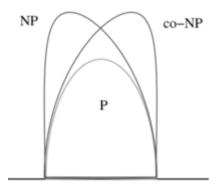
$$L \in \mathcal{P} = igcup_{k=1}^{\infty} TIME(n^k)$$

$$L \in \mathcal{NP} = igcup_{k=1}^{\infty} NTIME(n^k)$$

- ullet Prover $M: x \in L o certificate \ c \ ext{and} \ |c| < p(|x|)$
- ullet solvable by a nondeterministic TM M within p(|x|)
- ullet Verifier V
- ullet $\exists c.(x,c)$ is accepted by V running in polynomial time
- ullet verifiable by a deterministic TM V in polynomial time
- ullet polynomially satisfiable / certificate of membership (L)

Complement: $L \in \operatorname{co-}\!\mathcal{NP}$

- ullet orall c.(x,c) are all not accepted by V in polynomial time
- polynomially falsifiable / certificates of disqualification
- Relationship with $\mathcal{NP}, \mathcal{P}$: Unknown.



$L \in \mathcal{NP} ext{-hard}$

• if $\forall A \in \mathcal{NP}, A \leq_P L$.

$L \in \mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$

ullet if $L\in\mathcal{NP}$ and $\mathcal{NP} ext{-hard}.$

Lists of Algorithms

- IA Algorithm I,II
- IB Complexity
- II Randomized Algorithm, BioInfo

Decision problem: output starts with ?.

• Negation of decision problem swaps the accept/reject state in TM

$$\circ \ SAT = rej, Sar{A}T = acc$$

Optimization problem: output starts with max / min.

Number Theory

 $input \in \mathbb{N}$, $n := \#(bits\mathbb{B})$

Algorithm	Input	Output	Complexity	Note
Euclid's algo	(x,y)	?x = 1	$O(\log x + \log y)$	in #bits
Prime/COMPosite	1{0,1}*	Prime or Factor	$O(\sqrt{x})$	in #bits
Knapsack	$I=(v_i,w_i),W_M,V_m$	$?\exists I'\subseteq I.W\leq W_M \ \land V\geq V_m$	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$X3C <_p it$
Schedule	1	1	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$Knapsack <_p it$

Boolean / nCNF

Variables
$$X=\{x_1,x_2,...\}$$

Expression $\phi:X$,

• CNF $\phi \equiv C_1 \wedge ... \wedge C_m$

• 3CNF ϕ'

 \circ each clause C_i is ≤ 3 literals disjunction

 $\circ \phi$ conversion to ϕ' in P.

Assignment $T:X o \mathbb{B}$

• CVP, $l:X o \mathbb{B}\cup\{\wedge,\vee,\lnot\}$

Algorithm	Input	Output	Complexity	Note
Evaluation	ϕ, T	?ͳ.	$O(n^2)$	$each\ rule\ O(n)$ remove one variable
SAT	ϕ	? $\exists T.T(X)=\mathbb{T}$	$O(2^nn^2)$	$(\# T); \mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$
VAL	ϕ	? $orall T.T(X)=\mathbb{T}$	$O(2^nn^2)$	$ eg \phi_{Sar{A}T}$
CVP	DiG	$Circuit\ Value\ \mathbb{B}$	\mathcal{P}	linear T by topological sort
CNF-SAT	ϕ_{CNF}	Same as SAT	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$SAT <_p it$
3SAT	ϕ_{3CNF}	Same as SAT	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$ ext{CNF-SAT} <_p it$

Graph

G:(V,E), Directed Acyclic Graph DiAG, Undirected Graph UnG,

Node / Vertex $v \in V$, the number of nodes n = |V|

Algorithm	Input	Output	Complexity	Note
Reachability	DiG,v_1,v_2	$?\exists p.path(v_1 \rightarrow v_2).$	$O(n^2); S(n)$	marked V, neighbours
HAMiltonian	G	$?\exists cycle.path(v_1 \rightarrow all!v_i \rightarrow v_1)$	$O(n!)$ $\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$3SAT <_p it$

Algorithm	Input	Output	Complexity	Note
TSP	G,C:V imes V o N	order/enum for V HAM with min Cost	$O(n!)/O(n^22^n) \ {\cal NP} ext{-complete}$	$\Omega(n\log n) \ HAM <_p it$
Isomorphism	G_1,G_2	$?\exists f.(v_1,v_2)\in E_1\Leftrightarrow f(v_1),f(v_2)\in E_2$	O(n!)	all possible bijections
k-colourability	G	assignment of colours	$k=2, \mathcal{P} \ \mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$3SAT <_p k = 3$
INDependent Set	UnG, k= X	? $X \subseteq V, orall x_i.(x_1,x_2) otin E$	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$3SAT <_p it$
Clique	G,k= X	? $X\subseteq V, orall x_i.(x_1,x_2)\in E$	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$ar{G}_{IND}, k_{IND}$
Vertex Cover	UnG, k= X	$?X\subseteq V. orall (v_1,v_2)\in E. \ v_1\in Xee v_2\in X.$	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$G_{IND}, n-k_{IND}$

Sets

Algorithm	Input	Output	Complexity	Note
Bipartite	$B,G,M\subseteq B\times G$	$?\exists M'. orall b \in B, g \in G.(b,g) \in M'$ and pairwise disjoint	\mathcal{P}	
3D Matching	X,Y,Z,M	similar as above	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$3SAT <_p it$
eXact Cover by 3-Sets	$U(3n),S(3)\subset \mathbb{P}(U)$? $∃S^*$ pairwise disjoint and full coverage	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$U=_{3DM}X\cup Y\cup Z$
Set Cover	$U,S\subset \mathbb{P}(U),n$? $\exists S^*$ full coverage	$\mathcal{NP} ext{-complete}$	$(U_{X3C}, S_{X3C}, rac{ U_{X3C} }{3}) \ E(G_{VC}), E(v_i) deg(v) > 0$