



Box2D with SIMD in JavaScript

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'SIMD Programming in JavaScript'

Multiple Birds Variable Acceleration



$$v_{n+1} = a\Delta t + v_n$$

$$s_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2} a(\Delta t)^2 + v_n \Delta t + s_n$$

'SIMD Programming in JavaScript'

```
function updateAllSimd(timeDelta) {  
  var steps      = accelData.steps;  
  var accelCount  = accelData.values.length;  
  var subTimeDelta = timeDelta/steps/1000.0;  
  
  var posArrayx4      = new Float32x4Array(posArray.buffer);  
  var velArrayx4       = new Float32x4Array(velArray.buffer);  
  var maxPosx4         = SIMD.float32x4.splat(maxPos);  
  var subTimeDeltax4   = SIMD.float32x4.splat(subTimeDelta);  
  var subTimeDeltaSquaredx4 = SIMD.float32x4.mul(subTimeDeltax4, subTimeDeltax4);  
  var point5x4         = SIMD.float32x4.splat(0.5);
```

```
  for (var i = 0, len = (actualBirds+3)>>2; i < len; ++i) {  
    var newVelTruex4;  
    var accelIndex = 0;  
    var newPosx4   = posArrayx4.getAt(i);  
    var newVelx4    = velArrayx4.getAt(i);  
    for (var a = 0; a < steps; ++a) {  
      var accel = accelData.values[accelIndex];  
      var accelx4 = SIMD.float32x4.splat(accel);  
      accelIndex = (accelIndex + 1) % accelCount;  
      var posDeltax4;  
      posDeltax4 = SIMD.float32x4.mul(point5x4, SIMD.float32x4.mul(accelx4, subTimeDeltaSquaredx4));  
      posDeltax4 = SIMD.float32x4.add(posDeltax4, SIMD.float32x4.mul(newVelx4, subTimeDeltax4));  
      newPosx4   = SIMD.float32x4.add(newPosx4, posDeltax4);  
      newVelx4    = SIMD.float32x4.add(newVelx4, SIMD.float32x4.mul(accelx4, subTimeDeltax4));  
      var cmpx4   = SIMD.float32x4.greaterThan(newPosx4, maxPosx4);  
      newVelTruex4 = SIMD.float32x4.neg(newVelx4);  
      newVelx4    = SIMD.int32x4.select(cmpx4, newVelTruex4, newVelx4);  
    }  
    posArrayx4.setAt(i, newPosx4);  
    velArrayx4.setAt(i, newVelx4);  
  }  
}
```

- Nice ~3x speedup!
- Only One dimensional – Box1D
- Only one body shape
- No body->body collision detection
- No rotation
- No rotation velocity

Is this applicable to a real physics engine like Box2D?

Agenda

Box2D

- Background
- Uses
- Basics
- Implementations (native and JS)

SIMD in JavaScript

- Basics
- Availability

Agenda

Emscripten

- Basics. How does it work?
- Native SIMD -> JavaScript SIMD
- JavaScript Bindings

Box2D SIMD opportunities

- Performance profiles
- Vector/matrix math
- Constraint solvers (position, velocity, time-of-impact)

Summary

- What worked and what didn't

Box2D Background

- Written by **Erin Catto**
- Written in C++
- First released as "Box2D Lite", a demonstration engine to accompany a physics presentation given by Erin Catto at GDC 2006.
- Released as open source on Sourceforge on September 11, 2007
- Version 2.0 launched on March 2008, introducing continuous collision detection and a revamped API.
- The latest version is v2.3.1
- Hosted here:
 - box2d.org

Box2D Uses

Games

- Crayon Physics Deluxe, Limbo, Rolando, Fantastic Contraption, Incredibots, Angry Birds, Tiny Wings, Transformice, Happy Wheels, ...

Game Engines

- Unity2D, Construct2, Cocos2D, Ludei, Corona, libGDX, Godot

Other Uses

- LiquidFun

Box2D Basics

Simulates a 2D world with interacting rigid bodies of various shapes

- Create the world

```
b2Vec2 gravity(0.0f, -10.0f);  
b2World world(gravity);
```

- Add the bodies

```
b2BodyDef bd;  
bd.type = b2_dynamicBody;  
bd.position = b2Vec2(-7.0f, 0.75f);  
b2Body *body = world.CreateBody(&bd);
```


Box2D Basics

- Add Fixtures to the bodies. Note: A body can have multiple fixtures

```
b2CircleShape shape;  
shape.m_radius = 2.0f;  
body->CreateFixture(&shape, 5.0f); // 5.0f is density
```

- Set the world in motion

```
world.Step(1.0f/60.0f, 3, 3);  
// 1. param: time delta  
// 2. param: velocityIterations  
// 3. param: positionIterations
```

Box2D Implementations

Box2D has been ported to many different languages

- Flash:
 - <http://www.box2dflash.org/>
- Java:
 - <http://www.jbox2d.org/>
- Python:
 - <http://code.google.com/p/pybox2d/>
- C#:
 - <http://code.google.com/p/box2dx/>
- **Javascript:**
 - Port of box2dFlash
 - <http://code.google.com/p/box2dweb/>
- **JavaScript (asm.js):**
 - Automatic build using Emscripten (by Alon Zakai)
 - <https://github.com/kripken/box2d.js/>

Box2D Using C++

```
b2BodyDef bd;

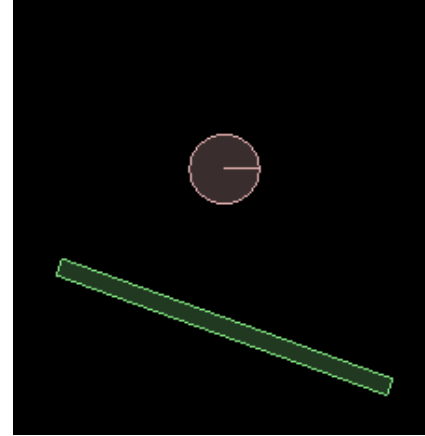
// Create a stick body
bd.type = b2_staticBody;
bd.position.Set(0.0f, 2.0f);
b2Body *stick = m_world->CreateBody(&bd);

// Attach a rectangle fixture to the stick
b2PolygonShape rect;
rect.SetAsBox(0.5f, 10.0f, b2Vec2(0.0f, 0.0f),
              70.0f * b2_pi/180.0f);
stick->CreateFixture(&rect, 0.0f);

// Create a ball body
bd.type = b2_dynamicBody;
bd.position.Set(0.0f, 20.0f);
b2Body *ball = m_world->CreateBody(&bd);

// Attach a circle fixture to the ball
b2CircleShape circle;
circle.m_radius = 2.0f;
ball->CreateFixture(&circle, 5.0f);
```

C++

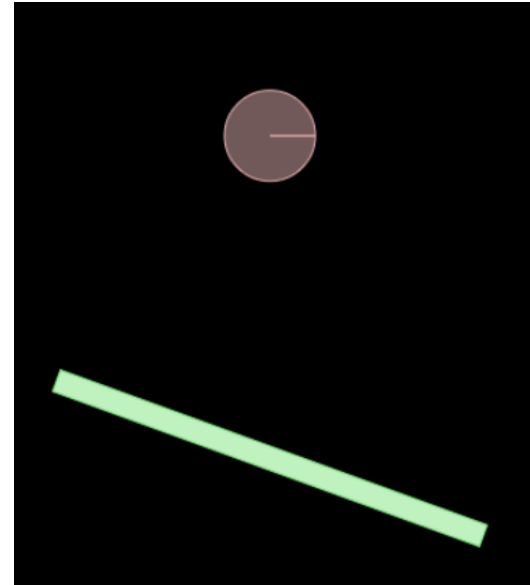


- A world consists of bodies
- Bodies have positions and types
- Bodies are composed of fixtures
- Fixtures have shapes and densities
- Body placement: center (x,y) and rotation (α)
- Body velocity: velocity of center (x,y) and angular speed (ω)

Box2D Using Box2DWeb

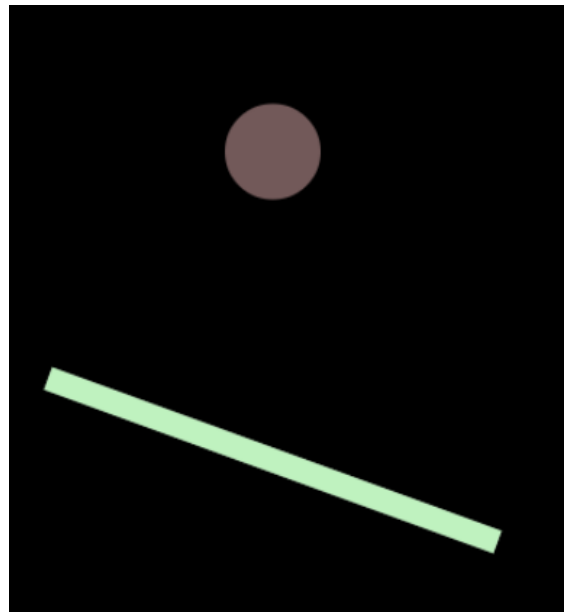
```
var bd = new b2BodyDef();  
  
// Create a stick body  
bd.type = b2Body.b2_staticBody;  
bd.position.Set(0.0, 0.0);  
var stick = world.CreateBody(bd);  
  
// Attach a rectangle fixture to the stick  
var rect = new b2PolygonShape();  
rect.SetAsOrientedBox(0.5, 10.0, new b2Vec2(0.0, 0.0),  
                      70.0 * Math.PI / 180.0);  
stick.CreateFixture2(rect, 0.0);  
  
// Create a ball body  
bd.type = b2Body.b2_dynamicBody;  
bd.position.Set(0.0, 20.0);  
var ball = world.CreateBody(bd);  
  
// Attach a circle fixture to the ball  
var circle = new b2CircleShape();  
circle.m_radius = 2.0;  
ball.CreateFixture2(circle, 5.0);
```

Box2DWeb



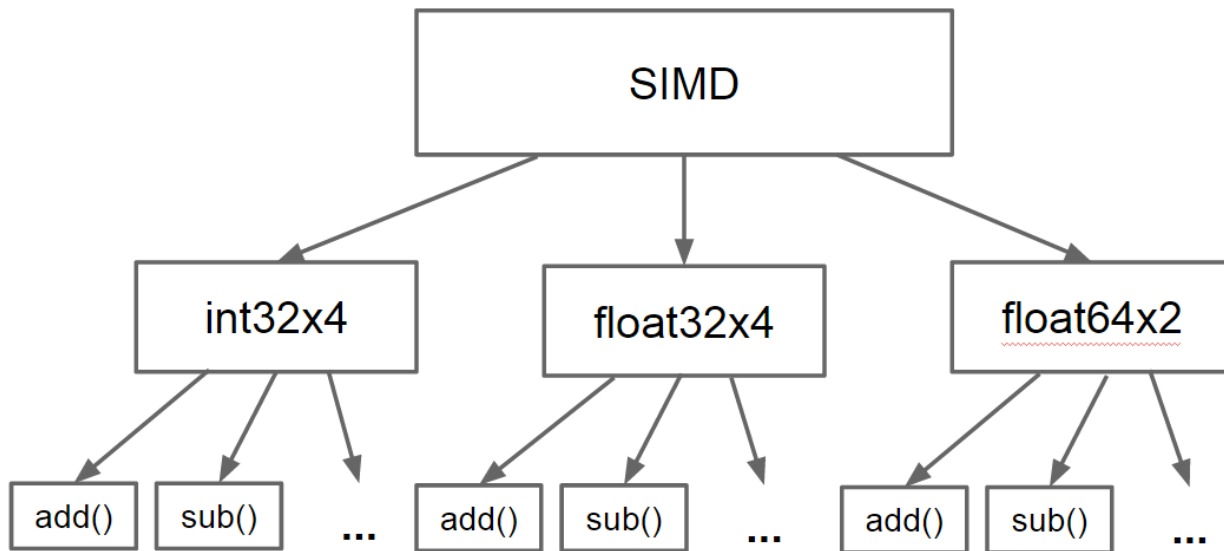
Box2D using box2d.js (asm.js)

```
var bd = new b2BodyDef();  
                                Box2d.js (asm.js)  
  
// Create a stick body  
bd.set_type(Box2D.b2_staticBody);  
bd.set_position(new b2Vec2(0.0, 0.0));  
var stick = world.CreateBody(bd);  
  
// Attach a rectangle fixture to the stick  
var rect = new b2PolygonShape();  
rect.SetAsBox(0.5, 10.0, new b2Vec2(0.0, 0.0),  
              70.0 * Math.PI / 180.0);  
stick.CreateFixture(rect, 0.0);  
  
// Create a ball body  
bd.set_type(Box2D.b2_dynamicBody);  
bd.set_position(new b2Vec2(0.0, 20.0));  
var ball = world.CreateBody(bd);  
  
// Attach a circle fixture to the ball  
var circle = new b2CircleShape();  
circle.set_m_radius(2.0);  
ball.CreateFixture(circle, 5.0);
```



SIMD in JavaScript

Simple set of **types and primitives** that can be efficiently mapped to CPU instructions:



SIMD in JavaScript

SIMD in C/C++

```
float simdAverage(float *src, int len) {  
    __m128 sumx4 = _mm_set_ps1(0.0f);  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i += 4) {  
        sumx4 = _mm_add_ps(  
            sumx4, _mm_loadu_ps(src));  
        src += 4;  
    }  
    float sumx4_mem[4];  
    _mm_storeu_ps(sumx4_mem, sumx4);  
    return (sumx4_mem[0] + sumx4_mem[1] +  
        sumx4_mem[2] + sumx4_mem[3])/len;  
}
```

SIMD in JavaScript

```
function simdAverage(src, len) {  
    var sumx4 = SIMD.float32x4.splat(0.0);  
    var srcx4 = new Float32x4Array(src.buffer);  
    for (var i = 0, n = len/4; i < n; ++i) {  
        sumx4 = SIMD.float32x4.add(  
            sumx4, srcx4.getAt(i));  
    }  
  
    return (sumx4.x + sumx4.y +  
        sumx4.z + sumx4.w)/len;  
}
```

SIMD offers a potential ~4x speedup

SIMD in JavaScript

- Active collaboration between Google, Mozilla, Microsoft, and Intel
- Spec/polyfill/benchmarks available here:
 - github.com/johnmccutchan/ecmascript_simd
- 1st stage approval for inclusion in ES7 by TC39
- Prototypes available for Firefox nightly and Chromium:
 - peterjensen.github.io/idf2014-simd

Emscripten

- Developed by Alon Zakai/Mozilla:
 - github.com/kripken/emscripten
- Compiles LLVM bitcode to JavaScript
- Supports most of `_mm_X_ps()` intrinsics

```
% emcc -O2 -g demo02.c
```

```
float simdAverage(float *src, int len) {  
    __m128 sumx4 = _mm_set_ps1(0.0f);  
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i += 4) {  
        __m128 v = _mm_load_ps(src + i);  
        sumx4 = _mm_add_ps(sumx4, v);  
    }  
    float sumx4_mem[4];  
    _mm_store_ps(sumx4_mem, sumx4);  
    return (sumx4_mem[0] + sumx4_mem[1] +  
            sumx4_mem[2] + sumx4_mem[3])/len;  
}
```

```
function _simdAverage($src, $len) {  
    $src = $src | 0;  
    $len = $len | 0;  
    var $add$i          = SIMD_float32x4(0, 0, 0, 0),  
        $i$011          = 0,  
        $sumx4$0$lcssa = SIMD_float32x4(0, 0, 0, 0),  
        $sumx4$010      = SIMD_float32x4(0, 0, 0, 0),  
        sp = 0;  
    sp = STACKTOP;  
    if (($len | 0) > 0) {  
        $i$011 = 0;  
        $sumx4$010 = SIMD_float32x4_splat(Math_fround(0));  
        while (1) {  
            $add$i = SIMD_float32x4_add(  
                $sumx4$010,  
                SIMD_float32x4_load(  
                    buffer, $src + ($i$011 << 2) | 0));  
            $i$011 = $i$011 + 4 | 0;  
            if (($i$011 | 0) >= ($len | 0)) {  
                $sumx4$0$lcssa = $add$i;  
                break;  
            } else $sumx4$010 = $add$i;  
        }  
    } else  
        $sumx4$0$lcssa = SIMD_float32x4_splat(Math_fround(0));  
    STACKTOP = sp;  
    return +((+$sumx4$0$lcssa.w +  
        (+$sumx4$0$lcssa.z +  
        (+$sumx4$0$lcssa.x +  
        +$sumx4$0$lcssa.y))) / +($len | 0));  
}
```

Emscripten JavaScript -> C++ Bindings

User JavaScript Code

```
var bd = new b2BodyDef();  
// Create a stick body  
bd.set_type(b2_staticBody);  
bd.set_position(new b2Vec2(0.0, 0.0));
```

box2d.idl

```
enum b2BodyType {  
    "b2_staticBody",  
    "b2_kinematicBody",  
    "b2_dynamicBody"  
};  
  
interface b2BodyDef {  
    void b2BodyDef();  
    attribute b2BodyType type;  
    attribute b2Vec2 position;  
    ...  
}
```

Box2D C++ declarations

```
enum b2BodyType {  
    b2_staticBody = 0,  
    b2_kinematicBody,  
    b2_dynamicBody  
};  
struct b2BodyDef {  
    b2BodyDef();  
    b2BodyType type;  
    b2Vec2 position;  
    ...  
}
```

Emscripten commands to tie it all together

```
### generate box2d_glue.js and box2d_glue.cpp  
% python webidl_binder.py box2d.idl box2d_glue  
### generate box2d.js  
% em++ box2d.bc box2d_glue.cpp \  
    --post-js box2d_glue.js \  
    -o box2d.js
```

Box2D SIMD Opportunities

No publicly available use of SIMD in Box2D

- At least we couldn't find any
- We knew it was going to be challenging

How to find opportunities

- Use a good performance profiler
- Low Level approach:
 - Look for sequences of arithmetic operations that can be combined
- High Level approach:
 - Look for loops where iteration count can be /4

Box2D SIMD Opportunities – Low Level

```
inline b2Vec2 b2Mul(const b2Transform& T, const b2Vec2& v) {  
    b2Vec2 result;  
    result.x = (T.q.c * v.x - T.q.s * v.y) + T.p.x;  
    result.y = (T.q.s * v.x + T.q.c * v.y) + T.p.y;  
    return result;  
}
```

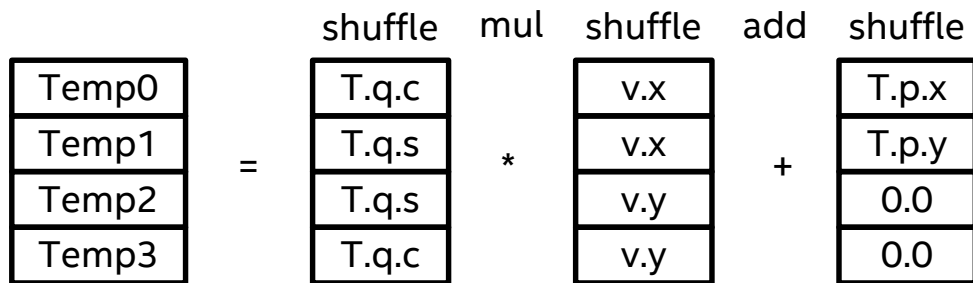
Scalar Totals

4 muls

3 adds

1 sub

8 total ops



SIMD Totals

1 mul

2 adds

1 sub

6 shuffles

10 total ops

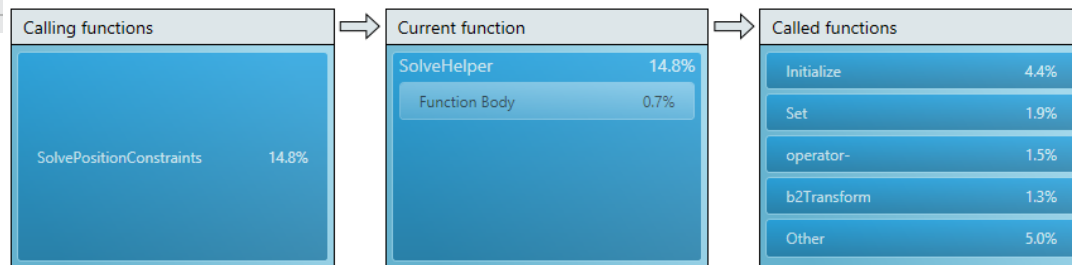
result.x = Temp0 - Temp2 // (1x sub, 1x shuffle)

result.y = Temp1 + Temp3 // (1x add, 2x shuffle)

Box2D Profiling

ballpit141013(1).vspx				
ballpit141013.vsp				
ballpit.h				
ballpit_main.cpp				
b2Settings.cpp				
b2ContactSolver.cpp				
Current View: Functions				
Function Name	Inclusive Samples	Exclusive Samples	Inclusive Sample...	Exclusive Samples %
b2World::Step	18,867	1	100.00	0.01
_tmCRTStartup	18,867	0	100.00	0.00
main	18,867	0	100.00	0.00
mainCRTStartup	18,867	0	100.00	0.00
ballpit	18,866	0	99.99	0.00
b2World::Solve	14,897	282	78.96	1.49
b2Island::Solve	7,167	32	37.99	0.17
b2ContactManager::FindNewContacts	5,711	0	30.27	0.00
b2BroadPhase::UpdatePairs<b2ContactManager>	5,710	17	30.26	0.09
b2ContactManager::Collide	3,027	84	16.04	0.45
b2ContactSolver::SolvePositionConstraints	2,805	0	14.87	0.00
b2ContactSolver::SolveHelper	b2ContactSolver::SolveHelper			
b2Vec2::b2Vec2	ballpit.exe			
std::sort<b2Pair*,bool (__cdecl*)(b2Pair const &,b2P				
std::Sort<b2Pair*int,bool (__cdecl*)(b2Pair const &				

If SolvePositionConstraints can be sped up by 3-4x, we can get an overall ~10%



Related Views: Caller/Callee Functions

Performance metric: Inclusive Samples %

Position Constraint Solver

Sequential Impulse Solver:

- Adjust position of pairwise colliding bodies to eliminate/minimize overlap
- Needs to iterate to get the global solution

```
for each pair of colliding bodies (A, B)
  for each contact point between A and B
    compute position and rotation adjustment
    for A and B, based on:
      1) mass/inertia
      2) center-of-mass/contact point relation
      3) 'size' of overlap
```

Position Constraint Solver - simplified

```
bool b2ContactSolver::SolvePositionConstraints() {
    for (int32 i = 0; i < m_count; ++i) {
        b2ContactPositionConstraint* pc = m_positionConstraints + i;
        int32 indexA = pc->indexA;
        int32 indexB = pc->indexB;
        int32 pointCount = pc->pointCount;
        b2Vec2 cA = m_positions[indexA].c;
        b2Vec2 cB = m_positions[indexB].c;
        for (int32 j = 0; j < pointCount; ++j) {
            // A bunch of float32 vector math based on
            // mass, inertia, center-of-mass positions,
            // and contact position
            cA -= mA * P;
            cB += mB * P;
        }
        m_positions[indexA].c = cA;
        m_positions[indexB].c = cB;
    }
}
```

“Holy Grail of Vectorization”

Reduce iteration count
by vector width (4)

Enemies of Vectorization

- Control flow in loop
- Data dependencies between iterations

Applied solutions

- Specialize
- Sort data to minimize dependencies within groups of 4

Position Constraint Solver - specialized

```
float32 b2ContactSolver::SimdSolvePositionConstraints() {
    for (int32 i = 0; i < (m_count-3); i+=4) {
        b2ContactPositionConstraint *pc = m_positionConstraints + i;
        int32 indexA[4] = {pc->indexA, (pc+1)->indexA, (pc+2)->indexA, (pc+3)->indexA};
        int32 indexB[4] = {pc->indexB, (pc+1)->indexB, (pc+2)->indexB, (pc+3)->indexB};
        if (IndexOverlap(indexA, indexB)) {
            // doesn't deal with aliasing between the 4 lanes
            COUNTER_INC(indexOverlap);
            float32 minSep = SolveHelper(i, 4);
            minSeparation = b2Min(minSeparation, minSep);
            continue;
        }
        else {
            COUNTER_INC(noIndexOverlap);
        }
        ...
    }
}
```


Position Constraint Solver – Sorting Constraints

Without sorting constraints

```
$ ./ballpit simd
indexOverlap:          347472
noIndexOverlap:        2970
Cycles:
SolvePositionConstrains: 6448.29M
SimdSolvePositionConstraints: 6440.18M
Benchmark complete.
ms/frame: 56.996094
```

With sorting constraints

```
$ ./ballpit simd sortCon
indexOverlap:          631
noIndexOverlap:        348688
Cycles:
SolvePositionConstrains: 2233.05M
SimdSolvePositionConstraints: 2224.84M
Benchmark complete.
ms/frame: 52.496094
```

Number of overlaps between groups of 4 reduced significantly reduced!

Position Constraint Solver – Sample conversions

Original Code in loop

```
float32 rnA = b2Cross(rA, normal);
```

After manual unrolling by 4

```
float32 rnA[4];  
rnA[0] = b2Cross(rA[0], normal[0]);  
rnA[1] = b2Cross(rA[1], normal[1]);  
rnA[2] = b2Cross(rA[2], normal[2]);  
rnA[3] = b2Cross(rA[3], normal[3]);
```

After merging into SIMD

```
__m128 rnA4 = b2Cross4(  
    rAx4, rAy4,  
    normalx4, normaly4);
```

b2Cross()

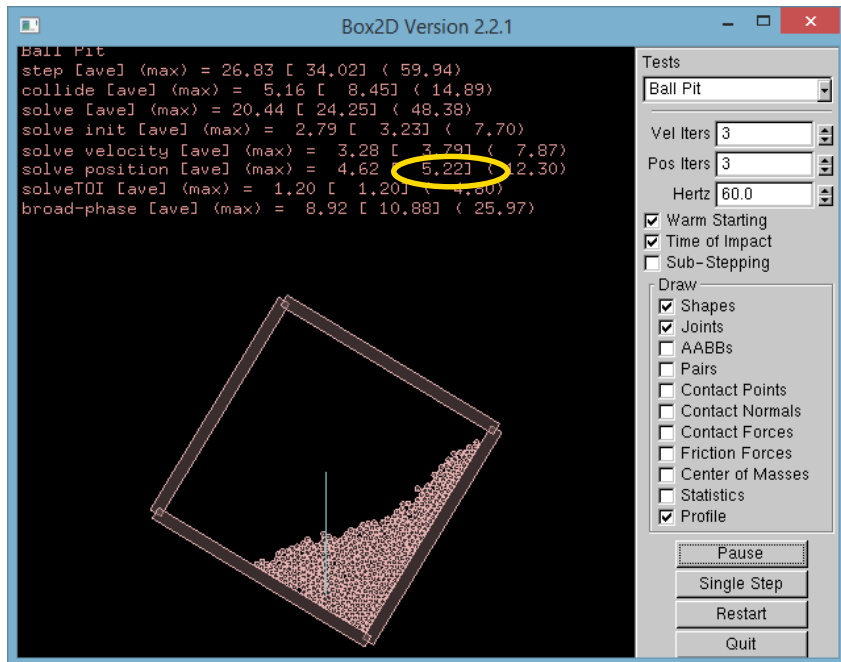
```
float32 b2Cross(const b2Vec2& a, const b2Vec2& b) {  
    return a.x * b.y - a.y * b.x;  
}
```

b2Cross4()

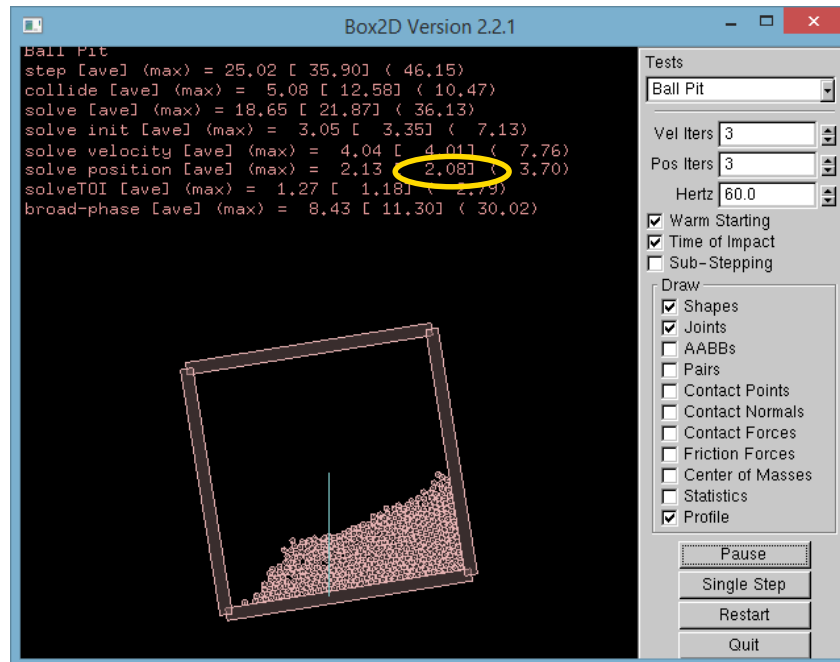
```
__m128 b2Cross4(const __m128 &ax4, const __m128 &ay4,  
                const __m128 &bx4, const __m128 &by4) {  
    return _mm_sub_ps(  
        _mm_mul_ps(ax4, by4), _mm_mul_ps(ay4, bx4));  
}
```

Testbed Profiling

Without SIMD



With SIMD



Putting it all together

Use SIMD enabled Emscripten to generate JS
Run in SIMD enabled browser

Summary

Didn't Work:

- Doing SIMDization on leaf functions

Worked:

- Doing SIMDization on Position Constraint Solver, but
 - It requires data restructuring and specialization
 - Overall performance gain is limited

Using Emscripten to generate SIMD.JS from C/C++ is a winner!

- Get gain from already SIMD optimized C/C++ code
- Get portability by using the browser as a platform

Thank You – Questions?

Presentation available here:

<http://peterjensen.github.io/html5-box2d>