



getting to know CSS

Designing and layouting pages

- CSS basics
- CSS 3

Doel CSS – pagina's vormgeven

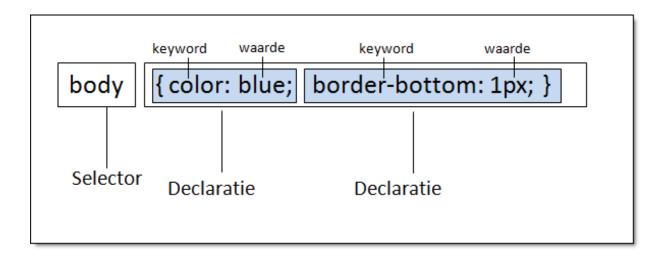
- CSS Cascading Style Sheets
- All formatting options on web pages
 - Foreground and background colours
 - Fonts, font sizes, line spacing
 - Margins inside and outside elements
 - Columns
- And so on...

Basic syntax

```
body{
     color: #FF99CC;
     background-color : #FFFFFF;
     font-family: arial, sans-serif;
     margin: 10px;
     padding: 10px;
```

Important concepts:

- selectors en declaraties
- CSS- "rules"



Characteristics:

- selectors are written in lower case.
- The rule is between { ... }
- Each declaration has a name (key) and a value
- Key and value are separated by a colon
- Each declaration is closed with a semicolon;
- A rule can have many declarations

Using styles in HTML

- Embedded stylesheet
 - Within <style>...</style> in the header of the page
- Linked stylesheet
 - Using <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css" />
- Advantage linked stylesheets:
 - Reusability
 - Separate development by designer

In Vue



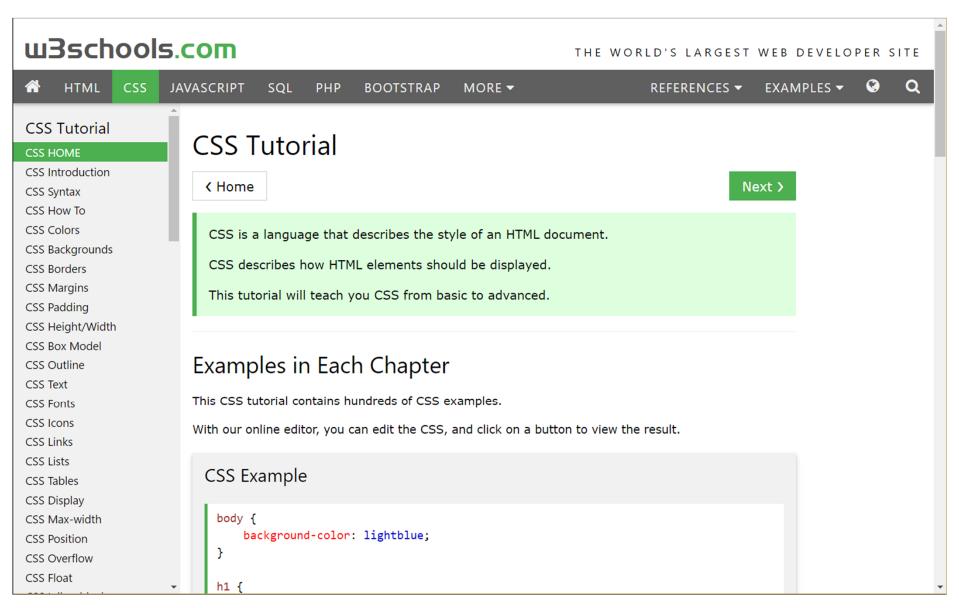
- Styles in Components
- If you just declare <style>...</style>
 - Styles have global scoe
- If you use <style scoped>...</style>
 - Styles have local (component) scope

```
<!-- Add "scoped" attribute to limit CSS to this component only -->
<style scoped>
h3 {
  margin: 40px 0 0;
}
...
</style>
```

Some basic rules

```
color : #rrggbb;
font-family : fontName;
font-size : 14px;
font-weight : bold | normal;
text-decoration : underline | none;
text-align : left | right | center;
line-height : 20px;
```

See also http://www.w3schools.com/css/



https://www.w3schools.com/css/

3 types Selectors

• HTML Elements

```
This is a paragraph
p {...}
```

Classes

```
...
.className {... }
```

• Id's

```
...
#idName {...}
```

Selector Rules

Divide your HTML document and determine the logical parts.
 Name them with an id or class.

An id must be unique within a page. It may only occur once.

A class can be used unlimitedly.

 Elements can have several classes! They complement each other.

Syntaxis voor selectors

- Selector names may only contain letters, numbers, hyphens and underscores
- Selector name may never begin with a number
- Selector name must never contain spaces

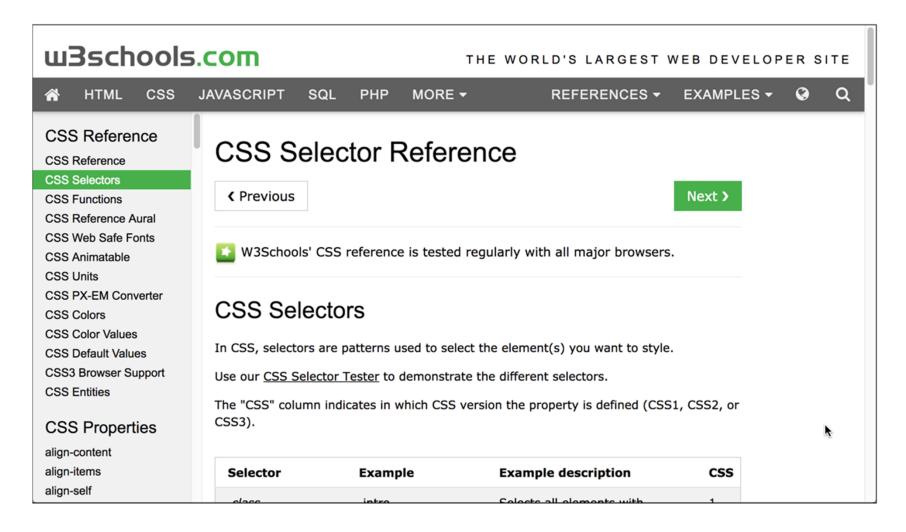
- Selectors may be combined!
 - div#content
 - main.links
 - a.extern:hover
 - table#telefoonnummers

Contextual and multiple selectors

- Greater specificity for selectors
- Spaces: rule is valid for nested elements
 - ul li a { ... } targets all hyperlinks inside li-tags, inside ul-tags.
 - table tr td p $\{ ... \}$ targets all paragraphs inside table cells, inside rows, inside tables.
- Comma's: Rule is valid for all denoted elements
 - h1, h2, h3 { ... } (comma acts as an 'AND' rule)

More on selectors

http://www.w3schools.com/cssref/css_selectors.asp



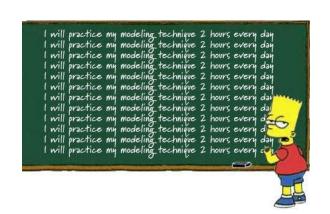
Basic style groups

- Responsive
- Colors
- Backgrounds
- Borders
- Whitespace:
 - Margin
 - Padding
- Width and height
- Fonts, ...

Workshop

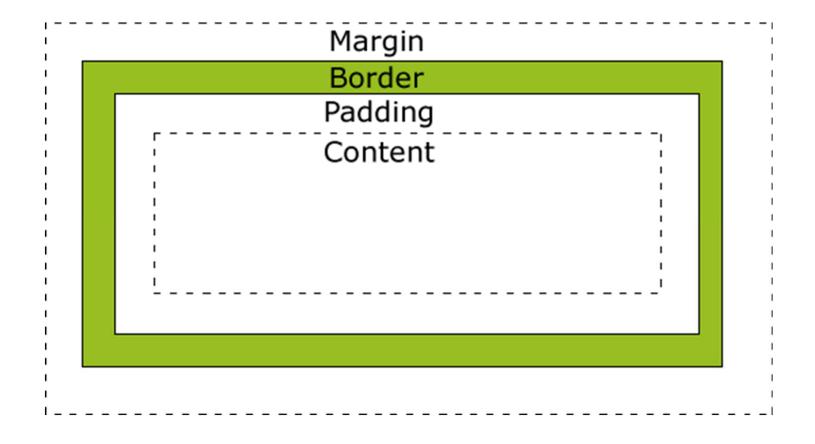
- Enhance your HTML-page with:
 - Red headings for h1, h2 and h3
 - A class 'headline' applied to paragraphs that has
 - A different font family and font size and line-height
 - Is right-aligned
 - A light grey background
 - A right border of 5px, solid blue
 - ..and possible other properties

```
This is a headline. It has some text and is right-aligned.
```



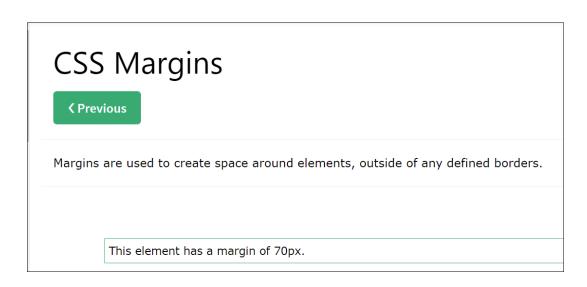
CSS- box model

- Set white space inside and outside the element
- Give elements some air in relation to each other
- Order: top right bottom left



Margin

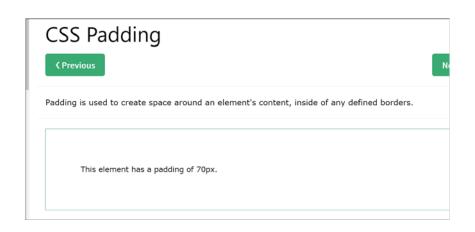
- Generates white space around an element
- Set in pixels, percents, em, etc.
- Also for individual sides of an element:
 - margin-top
 - margin-right
 - margin-bottom
 - margin-left



http://www.w3schools.com/css/css margin.asp

Padding

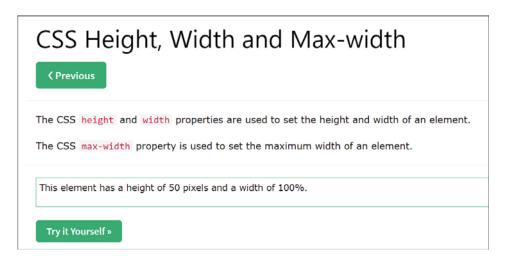
- Generates whitespace *inside* an element (=inside of the border)
- Use px, percent, em, etc.
- Also for individuals sides of elements
 - padding-top
 - padding-right
 - padding-bottom
 - padding-left



http://www.w3schools.com/css/css_margin.asp

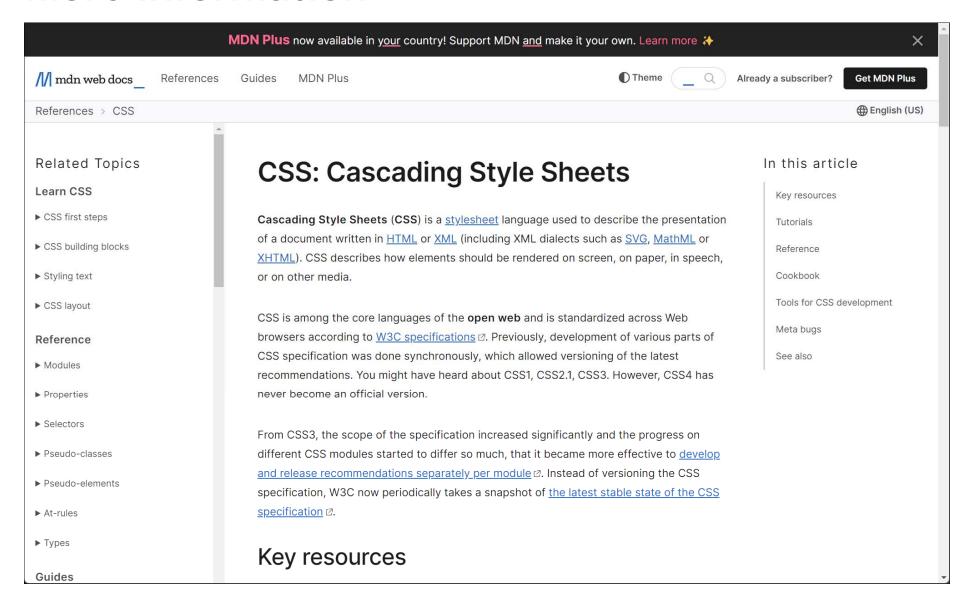
Hoogte en breedte

- Use width and height to set width and height of element
- Units of measurement again percentages, px, em, etc.
- div { width: 200px; height: 200px; }
- Minimum and maximum height and width:
 - min-width
 - min-height
 - max-width
 - max-height

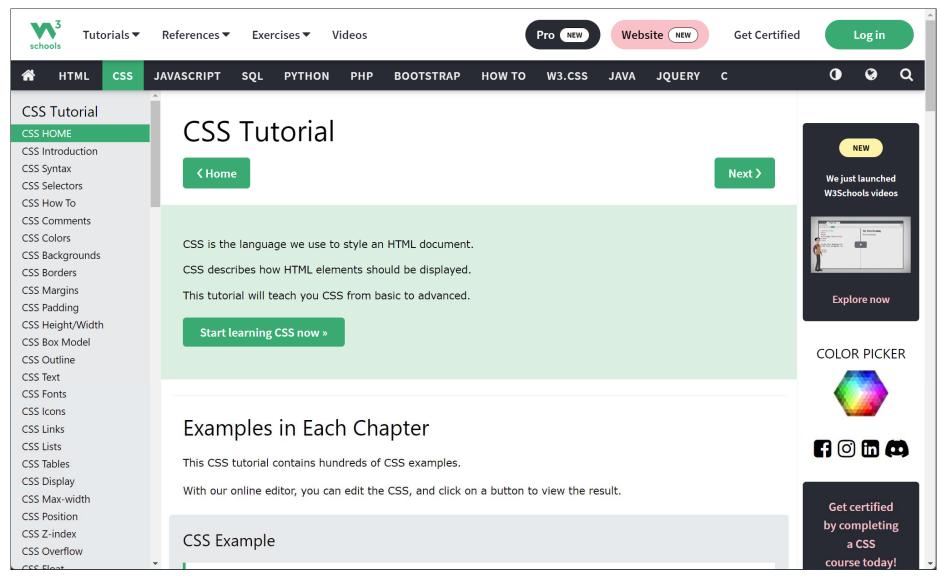


http://www.w3schools.com/css/css_dimension.asp

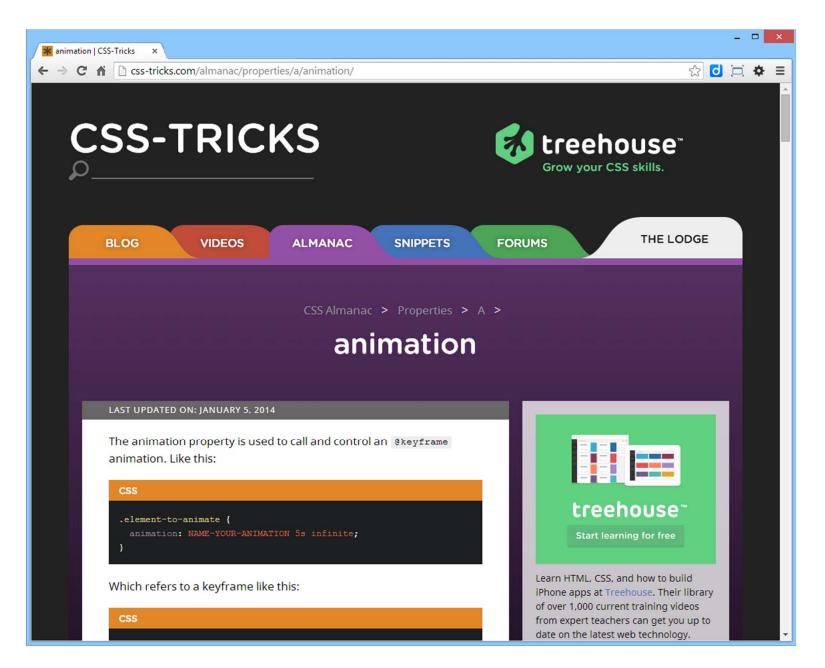
More information



https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS



https://www.w3schools.com/css/default.asp



http://css-tricks.com/