NAME: KAYODE PETER TEMITOPE

MATRIC NUMBER: 208077

DEPARTMENT: COMPUTER SCIENCE (200level)

COURSE: CSC 213 (DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN)

ASSIGNMENT

Write short notes on 10 different types of diodes. Make sure to include their symbols.

SOLUTION

S/N	NAME	SYMBOL	NOTE
1	Photodiode	An <u>ode</u> Cathode	A photodiode is a semiconductor p-n junction device that converts light into an electrical current. The current is generated when photons are absorbed in the photodiode. Photodiodes may contain optical filters, built-in lenses, and may have large or small surface areas. It converts light into current.
2	Light Emitting Diode (LED)	−151 −	A light-emitting diode (LED) is a semiconductor light source that emits light when current flows through it. Electrons in the semiconductor recombine with electron holes, releasing energy in the form of photons.
3	Laser Diode		A Laser Diode is a semiconductor device similar to a light-emitting diode (LED). It uses p-n junction to emit coherent light in which all the waves are at the same frequency and phase. This coherent light is produced by the laser diode using a process termed as "Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation", which is abbreviated as LASER.
4	Shockley Diode	An <u>ode</u> Cathode	In a Schottky diode metal replaces the p-type semiconductor. This metal can range from platinum to tungsten, molybdenum, gold, etc. When metal is combined with an n-type semiconductor an m-s junction is formed. This junction is referred to as a Schottky Barrier.
5	Step Recovery Diode	Anode (*) Cathode (*)	The step recovery diode is a form of semiconductor diode that can be used as a charge controlled switch and it has the ability to generate very sharp pulses. The step recovery diode, SRD is a rather specialist device that finds a number of applications in microwave radio frequency electronics. is a

			semiconductor junction diode having the ability to generate extremely short pulses.
6	Thermal Diode	——————————————————————————————————————	The thermal diode is a (possibly non-electrical) device which allows heat to flow preferentially in one direction.
7	Tunnel Diode	Anode Cathode	A tunnel diode is a type of semiconductor diode that has effectively negative resistance due to the quantum mechanical effect called tunneling. Tunnel diode can be used as a switch, amplifier, and oscillator. Since it shows a fast response, it is used as high frequency component.
8	Transient Voltage Suppression (TVS)	▶ [◀	A transient-voltage-suppression (TVS) diode, also transil or thyrector, is an electronic component used to protect electronics from voltage spikes induced on connected wires.
9	Varactor or Varicap Diode	Anode Cathode	Varactor or varicap diodes are used mainly in radio frequency or RF circuits to provide voltage controlled variable capacitance. These electronic components can be used in a whole variety of ways where a capacitance level needs to be controlled by a voltage.
10	Zener Diode	Ausde	A Zener diode is a silicon semiconductor device that permits current to flow in either a forward or reverse direction. The Zener diode has a well-defined reverse-breakdown voltage, at which it starts conducting current, and continues operating continuously in the reverse-bias mode without getting damaged.