REAL-TIME NEURAL SIGNAL FILTERING VIA HODGKIN-HUXLEY SIMULATION

Karys Littlejohns Student# karys.littlejohns@mail.utoronto.ca Peter Leong Student# 1010892955 peter.leong@mail.utoronto.ca

ABSTRACT

This project addresses the challenge of automated colourization for 256×256 grayscale images using a dataset of 12,600 image pairs, balanced across human subjects, animals, and natural scenery. We frame colourization as a supervised learning problem in the CIELAB colour space, where a model predicts chrominance channels (a^*, b^*) from the luminance channel (L^*) . A shallow convolutional neural network (CNN) provides the baseline performance, while our primary solution employs a deeper convolutional encoder-decoder architecture. This design captures high-level semantic features and spatial context, addressing limitations of shallow networks in perceptual realism. —-Total Pages: 1

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Scope & Feasibility
- 3 TECHNICAL BACKGROUND
- 4 CONCLUSION

REFERENCES