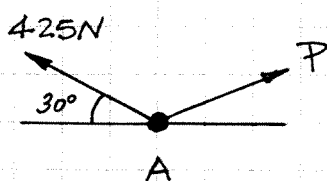
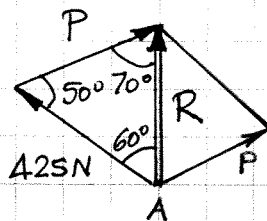


1. GIVEN: Resultant \vec{R} of the two forces must be vertical and $\alpha = 120^\circ$
FIND: (a) P ; (b) R .



or



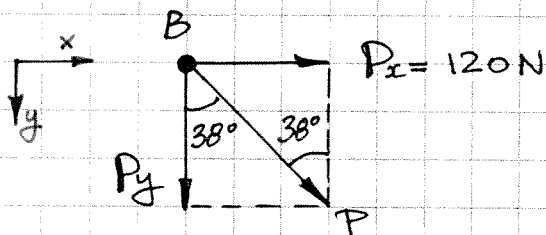
LAW OF SINES:

$$\frac{P}{\sin 60^\circ} = \frac{425}{\sin 70^\circ} = \frac{R}{\sin 50^\circ}$$

$$\therefore (a) P = 425 \frac{\sin 60^\circ}{\sin 70^\circ} = \underline{392.1}$$

$$(b) R = 425 \frac{\sin 50^\circ}{\sin 70^\circ} = \underline{346.1}$$

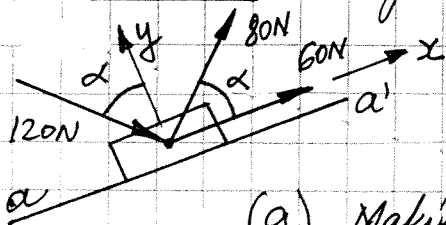
2. GIVEN: (1) Force \vec{P} acting along cable BD; (2) Horizontal component of \vec{P} is 120N.
FIND: (a) P ; (b) Vertical component of \vec{P}



$$(a) P = \frac{P_x}{\sin 38^\circ} = \frac{120\text{N}}{\sin 38^\circ} = \underline{194.9\text{N}}$$

$$(b) P_y = \frac{P_x}{\tan 38^\circ} = \frac{120\text{N}}{\tan 38^\circ} = \underline{153.6\text{N}} \downarrow$$

3. GIVEN: Resultant of the forces must be parallel to aa'
FIND: (a) Angle α ; (b) R .



$$(1) R_x = \sum F_x = 60\text{N} + (80\text{N}) \cos \alpha + (120\text{N}) \sin \alpha$$

$$(2) R_y = \sum F_y = (80\text{N}) \sin \alpha - (120\text{N}) \cos \alpha$$

$$(a) \text{ Making } R_y = 0: 80 \sin \alpha - 120 \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{120}{80} = 1.5 \quad \therefore \alpha = \underline{56.3^\circ}$$

(b) Substituting for α in Eqn. (1):

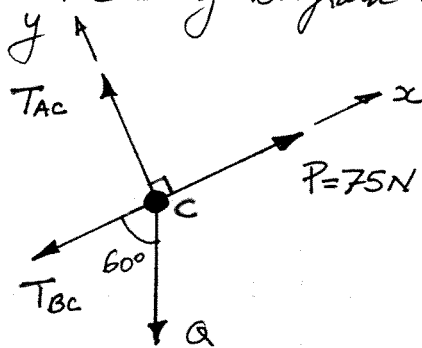
$$R_x = 60\text{N} + (80\text{N}) \cos (56.3^\circ) + (120\text{N}) \sin (56.3^\circ) = \\ = 60 + 44.38 + 99.85$$

$$\therefore \underline{R = R_x = 204\text{N}}$$

4. GIVEN: $T_{AC} \leq 60\text{ N}$, $T_{BC} \leq 60\text{ N}$

FIND: Range of values of Q to satisfy the above requirements.

Free Body Diagram of C:



- By inspection note that T_{AC} is perpendicular on P , hence select axes as shown.

- For equilibrium: $\sum F_x = 0$
 $\sum F_y = 0$

$$\text{OR } -T_{BC} - Q \cos 60^\circ + 75\text{ N} = 0 \rightarrow T_{BC} = 75 - Q \cos 60^\circ$$

$$T_{AC} - Q \sin 60^\circ = 0 \rightarrow T_{AC} = Q \sin 60^\circ$$

But: $T_{AC} \leq 60\text{ N}$, hence $Q \sin 60^\circ \leq 60\text{ N} \rightarrow Q \leq 69.3\text{ N}$

$$T_{BC} \leq 60\text{ N} \rightarrow 75 - Q \cos 60^\circ \leq 60\text{ N} \rightarrow Q \geq 30.0\text{ N}$$

\therefore Allowable Range: $30.0\text{ N} \leq Q \leq 69.3\text{ N}$

5. GIVEN: Tension in cable ΔBE is 385 N .

FIND: Components of force exerted by cable on (a) Δ ; (b) E

$$(a) \vec{DB} = (480\text{ mm})\vec{i} + (510\text{ mm})\vec{j} + (320\text{ mm})\vec{k}$$

$$DB = \sqrt{(480)^2 + (510)^2 + (320)^2} = 770\text{ mm}$$

$$\vec{F} = F \cdot \vec{\lambda}_{DB} = F \frac{\vec{DB}}{DB} = \frac{385\text{ N}}{770\text{ mm}} [(480\text{ mm})\vec{i} - (510\text{ mm})\vec{j} + (320\text{ mm})\vec{k}]$$

$$\therefore \vec{F} = (240\text{ N})\vec{i} - (255\text{ N})\vec{j} + (160.0\text{ N})\vec{k}$$

$$\text{OR: } \underline{F_x = 240\text{ N}, F_y = -255\text{ N}, F_z = 160.0\text{ N}}$$

$$(b) \vec{EB} = (270)\vec{i} - (400)\vec{j} + (600)\vec{k} \text{ and } EB = \sqrt{(270)^2 + (-400)^2 + (600)^2} = 770\text{ mm}$$

$$\vec{F} = F \cdot \vec{\lambda}_{EB} = F \frac{\vec{EB}}{EB} = \frac{385}{770} [(270)\vec{i} - (400)\vec{j} + (600)\vec{k}]$$

$$\therefore \vec{F} = [(135)\vec{i} - (200)\vec{j} + (300)\vec{k}] \text{ N}$$

$$\text{OR: } \underline{F_x = 135.0\text{ N}, F_y = -200\text{ N}, F_z = 300\text{ N}}$$