Git Lab Assignment 1

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1.Init

Command that allows user to create a new git repository.

```
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (master)
$ git init
Reinitialized existing Git repository in C:/GIT 1/.git/
```

```
MINGW64:/c/GIT 1
                                                                                                X
 /ip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (master)
$ git config --global Solomiya-Datskiv
error: key does not contain a section: Solomiya-Datskiv
$ git config --global user.name Solomiya-Datskiv
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (master)
$ git config --global user.email c00301892@setu.ie
/ip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (master)
$ git config --global --list
filter.lfs.process=git-lfs filter-process
filter.lfs.required=true
filter.lfs.clean=git-lfs clean -- %f
filter.lfs.smudge=git-lfs smudge -- %f
user.name=Solomiya-Datskiv
user.email=c00301892@setu.ie
 rip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (master)
Reinitialized existing Git repository in C:/GIT 1/.git/
 /ip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (master)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/PeterLowe/git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv.git
```

2. Add

Command allows to add new files to directory.

git add.

Adds files to next commit only.

```
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (master)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/PeterLowe/git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv.git
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (master)
$ git add .
```

3. Status

git status

A command which lists files: modified file in working area, added files in staging area, current branch.

```
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ git add .

vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ git status
On branch main
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.

Changes to be committed:
   (use "git restore --staged <file>..." to unstage)
        new file:        Git Lab Assignment 1.docx
        new file:        ~$t Lab Assignment 1.docx

vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
```

4. Commit

Git commit -m "comment"

Git commit

This command allows user to enter editor mode to enter multiline comment.

5. Remote

Git remote -v

This command lists repositories on remote server.

Git remote add <name> <url>

Command creates a new remote repository.

Git remote rm <name>

Command deletes a remote repository.

```
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main|MERGING)
$ git remote -v
origin https://github.com/PeterLowe/git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv.git (fetch)
origin https://github.com/PeterLowe/git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv.git (push)
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main|MERGING)
$
```

6. Push

Git push

The command allows user to update remote node with current node.

Needs to associate remote node.

git push -u origin master

The command allows to push local master to origin on server.

7. Branch

To create a new branch in the local repository, you have to use

Git branch new_branch_name

To list all branches in repository:

Git branch -a/-l/-r

```
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main|MERGING)
$ git branch -a
* main
   remotes/origin/main
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main|MERGING)
$ git branch new_branch_name
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main|MERGING)
$ |
```

8. Checkout

Git checkout branch_name

The command makes this node the current HEAD and ensures working directory matches that node / commit.

It won't work if there are modified files.

```
MINGW64:/c/GIT 1
                                                                                    X
  git branch -a
 /ip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main|MERGING)
  git branch new_branch_name
vip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main|MERGING)
  git checkout new_branch_name
Switched to branch 'new_branch_name'
         Git guide.txt
git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv
$ git checkout main
Switched to branch 'main'
         Git guide.txt
         git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv
Your branch and 'origin/main' have diverged,
and have 1 and 2 different commits each, respectively.
(use "git pull" if you want to integrate the remote branch with yours)
 rip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
```

9. Merge

git merge master

The command allows user to merge head with master.

! - Git will automatically apply changes if separate.

You should edit file/s and add first, and then commit.

```
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ git merge main
Already up to date.
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$
```

10. Log

The command displays entire commit history:

Git log

To alter files and change line:

Git log --stat

Branch paths drawn:

Git log --graph

To draw paths condensed output:

Git log --graph --oneline

Git log -n

```
vip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ Git log
commit dlaeaf834b578fe01bd6e5436eff0379f018baa5 (HEAD -> main, new_branch_name)
Author: Solomiya-Datskiv <c00301892@setu.ie>
Date: Mon Oct 23 01:56:27 2023 +0300

   added text from word doc

commit aa085d5af16a4bd3abeac048e7a7da5d76101476
Author: Solomiya-Datskiv <c00301892@setu.ie>
Date: Sun Oct 22 22:43:21 2023 +0300

   starting report

vip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$
```

11. Clone

Git clone URL

This command allows to make a copy of a repository that currently exists on GitHub (or other) and save it on PC. After executing clone the repo will be in a sub folder of where user ran the git clone command.

To access the repo:

Cd DirectoryName

12. Pull

Git pull <remote>

The command performs a fetch and merge.

Git pull -rebase

Performs a fetch and merges the remote origin into local master.

```
MINGW64:/c/GIT 1
                                                                                                                                  X
Already up to date.
 /ip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ git add .
 vip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ git pull
remote: Enumerating objects: 5, done.
remote: Enumerating objects: 5, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), 1.76 KiB | 360.00 KiB/s, done.
From https://github.com/PeterLowe/git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv
2e9e874..9c78771 main -> origin/main
error: Your local changes to the following files would be overwritten by merge:
Git guide.txt git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv
warning: unable to rmdir 'git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv': Directory not empty
<stdin>:29: trailing whitespace.
Git commit
warning: 1 line adds whitespace errors.
Merge with strategy ort failed.
 /ip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
```

13. Stash

Git stash

The command allows user to create a local only copy of the current working directory.

Git stash list

Allows user to list previously pushed stash(es).

```
MINGW64:/c/GIT 1
                                                                X
Git guide.txt git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv
warning: unable to rmdir 'git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv': Directory not empty
<stdin>:29: trailing whitespace.
Git commit
warning: 1 line adds whitespace errors.
Merge with strategy ort failed.
/ip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ git stash
Saved working directory and index state WIP on main: d1aeaf8 added text from wor
ld doc
warning: unable to rmdir 'git-one-Solomiya-Datskiv': Directory not empty
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ git stash list
stash@{0}: WIP on main: dlaeaf8 added text from word doc
 /ip@DESKTOP-OKILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
```

14. Rm

Command which allows user to remove file from tracking:

Git rm <filename>

Also:

- -- cached (staging area only)
- -r (recursive)
- -n (dry run list files only)

```
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$ git rm main1.cpp -f
rm 'main1.cpp'
vip@DESKTOP-0KILS34 MINGW64 /c/GIT 1 (main)
$
```