Kaczmarz Iteration with Random Row Permutation

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The Classical Kaczmarz Method in a Nutshell

■ Linear System:

$$A_{m \times n} \vec{x} = \vec{b}$$
 (or $AA^* \vec{y} = \vec{b}$)

■ Affine Projection:

$$\vec{x}^{(k+1)} = (I - \mathcal{P}_j)\vec{x}^{(k)} + b_j\vec{a}_j, \quad j \in \mathbb{Z}_m$$

■ Iteration Matrix:

$$Q = I - A^*L^{-1}A$$

■ Iterated Solution:

$$\vec{x} = \mathcal{P}_{\ker(A)} \vec{x}^{(0)} + A^{\dagger_{1,2,4}} \vec{b}$$

Existing Estimate

■ Classical Iteration (Meany, 1969)

$$\rho^2 \le 1 - \det(AA^*)$$

Random Iteration (Strohmer/Vershynin, 2009)

$$\rho^2 \le 1 - \frac{\lambda_{\mathsf{min}}}{\mathsf{tr}(AA^*)}$$

■ As POCS (e.g. Deutsch, 1997)

$$ho^2 \leq 1 - \prod_k (1 - heta_{(ec{a}_k^\perp, \cap_{j>k} ec{a}_j^\perp))})$$

■ Variations: Block, Extended, etc.

Our Contributions

■ The Convergence Estimate

$$\rho^2 \le 1 - \frac{C}{\lambda \kappa \ln r}$$

Each factor can be illustrated by example.

■ The Shuffled Iteration

$$\rho^2 \le 1 - \frac{C}{\kappa}$$

(with cheap Relaxation plan)

The Triangular Truncation

■ The Cartesian Decompostion

$$\mathcal{L} = \Re(\mathcal{L}) + i\Im(\mathcal{L})$$

■ The Logarithm Norm

$$\|\Im(\mathcal{L})(\operatorname{sgn}(\Im(\mathcal{L})(\vec{1}\vec{1}^*)))\|_{\infty} \to \frac{2}{\pi} \ln r$$

(Unbounded on L^1 and L^∞ ; e.g. Toeplitz matrices; can be classified)

■ Limited Boundedness Upon Permuation

$$\|\mathbb{E}_{\sigma}\left[\left(\Im(\mathcal{L})(P_{\sigma}BP_{\sigma}^{*})\right)^{p}\right]\|_{\infty} \leq C\|B\|_{\infty}^{p}, \quad p \leq \tilde{p} < \infty$$

Key Message

ONE Shuffle Suffices!