# **Computational Fabrication**

# **Assignment 3b Report**

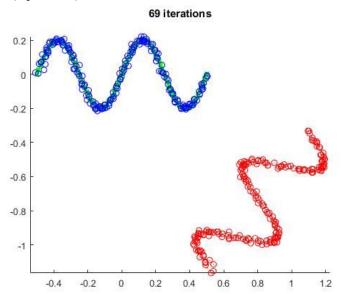
Ying Wang

# Task 1 & 2:

# • Sine curve

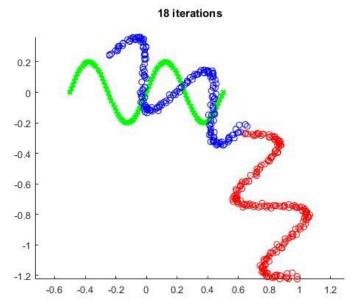
## o worked:

(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=70, nsamples=100, medianMult=inf, theta = randBetween(-90.0,90.0)\*pi/180.0)



## o didn't work:

(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=70, nsamples=200, medianMult=inf, theta = randBetween(71.0,119.0)\*pi/180.0)

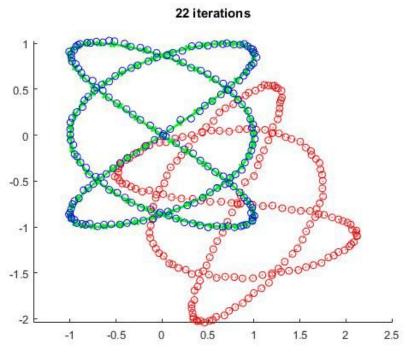


I only changed the value of theta. It turned out that ICP failed between theta(70\*pi/180, 120\*pi/180).

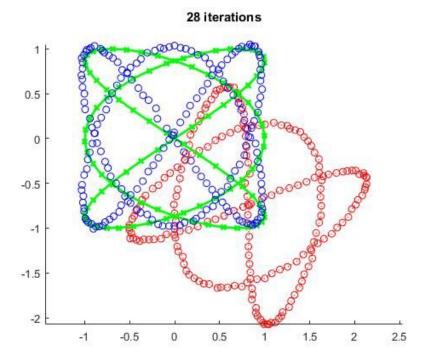
# • Lissajous curve

# o worked:

(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=100, nsamples=100, medianMult=inf, **theta** = **randBetween(-45.0,45.0)\*pi/180.0**)



o didn't work: (noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=100, nsamples=100, medianMult=inf, theta = randBetween(-90.0,90.0)\*pi/180.0)

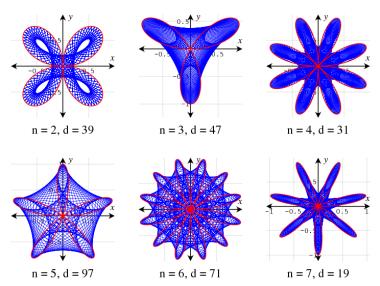


I only changed the value of theta, so I think there might be a problem with it. I set theta to 45\*pi/180 and it worked. Then I changed it to 46\*pi/180, it failed again. It turned out that ICP failed between theta(45\*pi/180, 137\*pi/180).

## • Maurer Rose curve

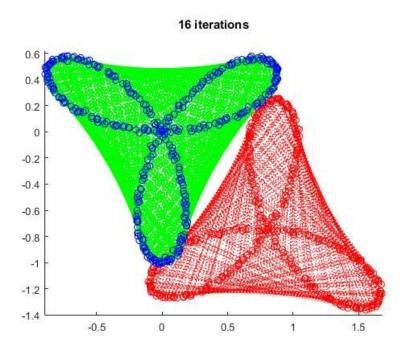
# o Description:

A Maurer rose of the rose  $r = \sin(n\theta)$  consists of the 360 lines successively connecting the above 361 points. Thus a Maurer rose is a polygonal curve with vertices on a rose (From Wikipedia, <u>Maurer rose</u>).



#### worked:

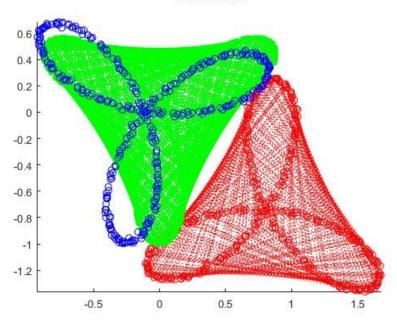
(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=60, nsamples=70, medianMult=inf, theta = randBetween(-180.0,180.0)\*pi/180.0, targetPts = generatePts(caseNumber,360,[1 1 3 47]);, sourcePts = generatePts(caseNumber,360,[1 1 3 47]); )



# o didn't work:

(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=60, nsamples=70, medianMult=inf, theta = randBetween(-90.0,90.0)\*pi/180.0, targetPts = generatePts(caseNumber,360,[1 1 3 47]);, sourcePts = generatePts(caseNumber,360,[1 1 3 47]); )

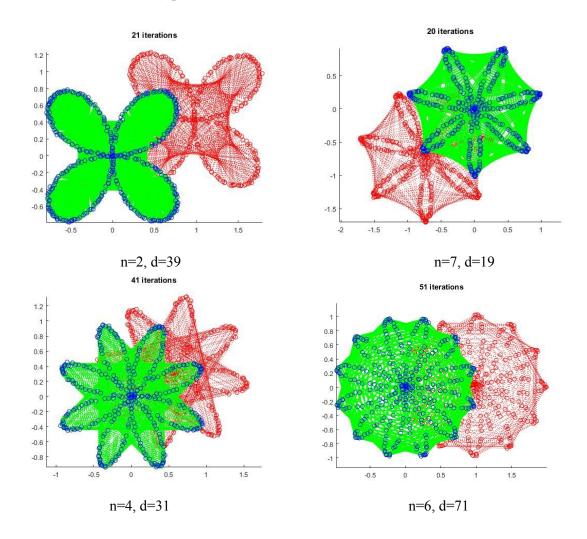
#### 13 iterations



At first, I find it strange that even when I choose a very large number of sample points, the ICP didn't work as expected. Then I find it is because the range of theta is small. When I changed it to(-180.0,180.0), the ICP worked again.

# • Some other roses:

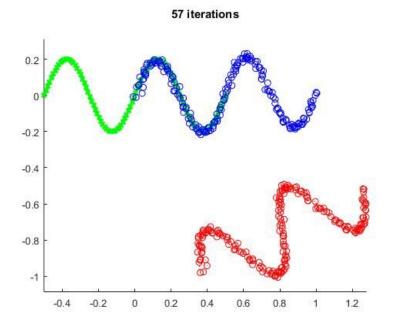
(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=60, nsamples=300, medianMult=inf, theta = randBetween(-180.0,180.0)\*pi/180.0)



Task 3:

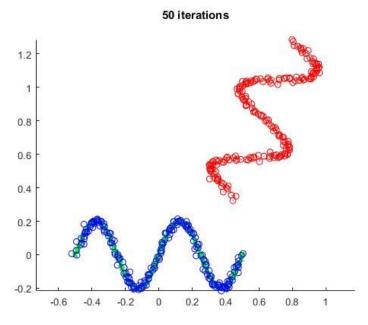
## • Partial match

(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=60, nsamples=100, **medianMult=2**, theta = randBetween(-45.0,45.0)\*pi/180.0)



# • medianMult is too big:

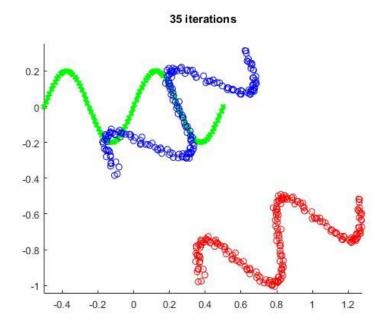
(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=60, nsamples=100, theta = randBetween(-45.0,45.0)\*pi/180.0) **medianMult=5**;



When medianMult is too big, ICP will reject 0 points. This implies that no pairs will be rejected, which means that we cannot achieve partially matching between these two shapes.

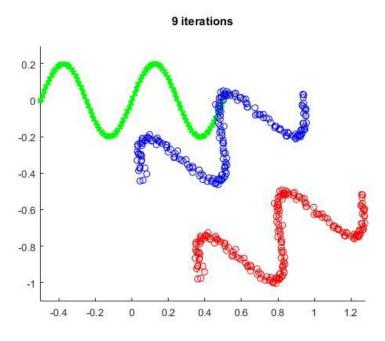
## • medianMult is too small:

(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=60, nsamples=100, theta = randBetween(-45.0,45.0)\*pi/180.0) **medianMult=2**;



The ICP rejected 169 out of 200 points in total.

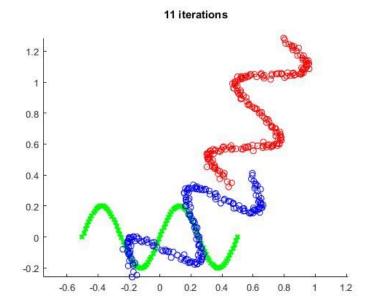
Then I changed medianMult to 1. medianMult=1;



The ICP rejected 199 out of 200 points in total. As a result, if the medianMult is too small, we can only match a very small part of these two shapes.

# • the number of samples is too small:

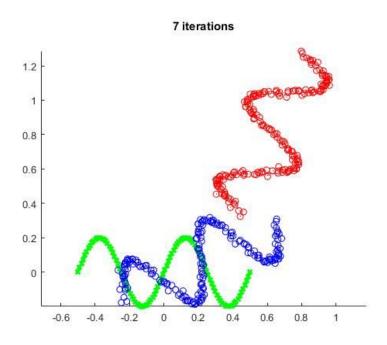
(noise=0.01, thresh=1e-5, iterMax=60, **nsamples=40**, theta = 70\*pi/180.0, medianMult=2;)



It rejected 33 points. But they still matched partially.

Then I change nsamples to 10.

# nsamples =10;



It rejected 6 points.

The matching became worse than before. Because it managed to match just a few points from the source points.

# **Comments:**

Having fun generating Maurer Rose curve!