

# Physically-based Simulation

## Exercise 1

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## 1 Analytic solution and results analysis

### 1.1 Analytic solution

To find the parameters  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  we use the initial values from the given codebase. The starting position ( $t = 0$ ) is at  $y = -1$ .

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{\alpha t} \cos(\beta t) + c_2 e^{\beta t} \sin(\beta t) - L - \frac{mg}{k} \quad (1)$$

By differentiating this equation with respect to  $t$  we get.

$$y'(t) = c_1 e^{\alpha t} (\alpha \cos(\beta t) - \beta \sin(\beta t)) + c_2 e^{\beta t} (\alpha \sin(\beta t) + \beta \cos(\beta t)) \quad (2)$$

By inserting  $t = 0$  and  $y_0 = -1$  into (1) we get:

$$-1 = c_1 e^{\alpha 0} \cos(\beta 0) + c_2 e^{\beta 0} \sin(\beta 0) - L - \frac{mg}{k} \quad (3)$$

$$-1 = c_1 e^{\alpha 0} - L - \frac{mg}{k} \quad (4)$$

$$c_1 = -1 + L + \frac{mg}{k} \quad (5)$$

To calculate  $c_2$  we replace the starting speed with  $y'(0) = 0$ .

$$0 = c_1 e^{\alpha 0} (\alpha \cos(\beta 0) - \beta \sin(\beta 0)) + c_2 e^{\beta 0} (\alpha \sin(\beta 0) + \beta \cos(\beta 0)) \quad (6)$$

$$0 = c_1 \alpha \cos(\beta 0) + c_2 \beta \cos(\beta 0) \quad (7)$$

$$0 = c_1 \alpha + c_2 \beta \quad (8)$$

$$c_2 = \frac{-c_1 \alpha}{\beta} \quad (9)$$

Substituting  $c_1$  to get the value for  $c_2$ .

$$c_2 = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \left( -1 + L + \frac{mg}{k} \right) \quad (10)$$

## **1.2 Error convergence analysis**

TODO

## **1.3 Stability analysis**

TODO