A flexible tool for Shape Analysis

IDP Presentation

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Observation 1

Analyzing biological sequences for their statistical properties can lead to interesting conclusions:

- Coding vs. non-coding regions (CpG content, entropy, . . .)
- Species identification
- Number and length of repeats





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Observation 2

Many algorithms and data structures depend on statistical properties of the underlying sequence:

- Algorithms for sequence assembly: repeats
- Suffix tree: repeats
- q-gram index: number and distribution of q-grams
- Compressed index structures: entropy



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- Questions?

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