i.e. = 1: I -> {x, x, x} ... + (n) = x + m e J. Recall that organius and Thir limits were used to define various notions in calculus (differentiation, integration, etc.) Also, calculators use seguences in order to compute with various national and irrational numbers. txamples (1) TI ~ 3.1415... in motered of II me ca mork

Def A symme is a set of elements (X1, X2,...) indexed by J,

is it only countably impinite.

Proof: let E E A be Re subset in grustion, when E is impirate, and A is countribly infinite. A is countably infinite > ANJ To show E is countably infinite, we want to show we can represent E= { xm2, xm2, ...}. We construct this reguence of mj's from the indices of The elements of A in the enumeration {X1, X2, ... } let on the Resmallert integer in J puch Tet Xm = E EA. We construct the not of the reguence of mj's by induction. Say we have constructed ms, ms, ..., mk-1 EN , (et mx be the smalled integra freche Ton mp-1 such That Xmp EE. By construction $m_1 < m_2 < \dots$, and $E = \{x_{m_1}, x_{m_2}, \dots \}$. (j. e.d.) Remark 1xms, xm2, ...] is called a subsequence of {x1, x2, ... }. Algorithmic restatement of the previous proof: Let A={x1, x2,...} he an enumeration of A (ine mixing the countrally impinite set A os a ryuna). We prouss [X1, X1,...] os a jueux. First book at XI. If XIEE, Keep X, and let MI=1; otherix, discard XI. Process each X; in tun kuping only those that are in E. Their indices from the subsymena {mj}j=1,2;..., where == {xm1, Xm2, Xm3,...}. Next, we want to show ON IN, The set of national numbers is countably infinite. Notation A seguence {X1, X2, - } can also be denoted by {X; } := 13. Thorem Let {Am}m=1,2... be a symme of countably infinite sets. Let S= U An. Then S is countedby infinite.

Proof Each Am is countrally imfinite () Am NJ V m > 1 () Am = { Xmk } k=1,2,... = { Xm1, Xm2, Xm3,... } We use I'm indices like for the enthis of a matrix. The first

index tells us which An out The element Jelongs to while the 5. second index tells us when that element is in The enumeration (the (mitimos